INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

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VOL. XXIV NO. 217 BOMBAY: SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 12, 1936 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Fear Of 'Coup de Force' In France

Stay-In Strikes On Country-Wide Scale

MINISTER OF INTERIOR ON PEACE MISSION

Sovietisation Fear In Motor Car Factories

PARIS, September 11.

Despite a few settlements, the French strikes continue to increase fast. As one dispute is settled another occurs elsewhere.

The situation is causing anxiety to conservative newspapers several of which fear a *coup de force* by which the Renault workers might try to Sovietise French motor car factories.—Reuter.

IMPROVEMENT IN SITUATION

Textile Workers Agree To Leave Factories

LILLE, Sept. 11.

The strike situation has improved by the stay-in strikers in the textile industry in Lille region, where 40,000 have struck, agreeing to evacuate the factories following a three-hour meeting presided over by M. Salengro, Minister for the Interior.—Reuter.

FRANCE IN THROES OF LABOUR TROUBLE

PARIS, Sept. 10.

"Stay-in-strikes" are again creating a serious situation.

The Minister of Interior, M. Sulengro, is leaving immediately to direct negotiations between the employers and employees at Lille, where 40,000 textile workers are on strike.

The employers are demanding evacuation of factories before negotiations.

The "Stay-in-Strike" at the Michelin works, Clermont-Ferrand, has ended but 6,000 metal workers at Douai have struck and 15,000 heavy industry workers have struck at Marseilles, where the employers also refuse to negotiate as long as the works are occupied.

The dockers' strikes at Le Havre and Cherbourg have ended, but the seamen have struck at Lorient and 40 vessels are held up.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

FUTURE OF CEYLON RAILWAY.

LONDON, Sept. 11.

The Colonial Office at the request of the Ceylon Government has appointed a Commission under the Chairmanship of Mr. Briggen Frederick Hammond to enquire into the position and future policy of the Ceylon, Government Railway. Mr. J. D. C. Couper is a member of the Commission which sails by the s.s. "Ranchi" from Marseilles on 18th September.—Reuter's Special.

ITALIAN WORKERS ARRESTED.

ROME, Sept. 11.

Though it is denied that any communist plot has been revealed, official quarters admit that 20 workmen have been arrested at the Terni Steel Works, north-east Rome, on charges of anti-Fascist activities financed from abroad.—Reuter.

FLOOD MENACE IN BIHAR

CALCUTTA, Sept. 11

A telephone message from Burdwan says that the total rainfall this morning at Ramgarh, Ranchi and Dhanbad was eleven and half inches. High flood in the Damodar is expected at about midnight but the authorities have taken every precaution. Some people have taken shelter on the high embankment and on housetops.—A.P.

AHRAR DICTATOR ARRESTED

Lucknow Satyagraha Day By Day

LUCKNOW, Sept. 11.

Maulana Abul Kasim, the Ahrar "dictator" of Shahjahanpur, who played a prominent part in the 'Madhe Sahaba' agitation at Lucknow, was arrested this morning, under dramatic circumstances, from Tila mosque.

Ever since his escape in disguise from the mosque on last Friday, the police had been on the alert but he baffled all police efforts and remained unarrested so long. To-day being Friday, the 'Madhe Sahaba' agitation day, the police kept strict watch at all entrances to the mosque and arrested Abul Kasim while he was going to the mosque.

Batches of Ahrar volunteers were sent again this afternoon to defy Section 144 by reading verses in praise of three associates of the Prophet. Till the time of wiring only 13 arrests were made.—United Press.

Cawnpore Mill Strikers' Demand

CAWNPORE, Sept. 11.

To-day was the third day of the workers' strike of the Atherton west cotton mills. About 4,000 workers have struck work in consequence of discharge of 110 workers by the mill authorities.

The strikers are picketing at the mill gates and all important cross roads leading to the mills. Their chief demand is that those workers who have been dismissed, should be reinstated.

A strikers' committee has been formed and regular picketing continues. The workers are conducting the strike very peacefully.—United Press.

JEWS IN PALESTINE

Asaf Ali's Adjournment Raises Question Of Immigration

SIMLA, Sept. 11.

Mr. Asaf Ali has tabled an adjournment motion to discuss the failure of the Government of India to invite the attention of the British Government to the danger in pursuing the policy of denying indigenous population in Palestine the realisation of their legitimate aspirations and enforcing Jewish immigration against principle of self-determination in violation of Art. 22 of the Covenant of the League of Nations and the repeated pledges by the Government of India which policy is calculated to have disastrous repercussions throughout India.—A. P.

OUT TO CHECK BARRACKING

Australian Cricket Board's Decision

ADELAIDE, September 11.

The Australian Cricket Board has resolved to launch a campaign to prevent objectionable excessive barracking in all International Matches.

Assistance of police will be sought and offenders will be removed and prosecuted.—Reuter.

Anglo-Turkish Negotiations

Possibility Of Political, Military And Naval Agreements

ISTANBUL, Sept 11

The Prime Minister, Ismeti Neunu, is expected to visit London next month. According to the press he will be accompanied by military and naval officers and political, financial and economic experts.

Newspapers believe that the negotiations may lead to the conclusion of agreements of a political and possibly, military and naval nature. After visiting London Ismeti Neunu will go to Paris. —Reuter.

CENTRAL FUNDS FOR FAMINE RELIEF

Maharashtra M. L. A.s' Resolution Before Assembly

SIMLA, Sept. 11.

Messrs. Gadgil and Jedhe, Members of the Assembly from Maharashtra, have tabled a resolution urging the Central Government to make grants to supplement the grants by Bombay Government for the relief of famine-stricken areas in the presidency.

Through a short notice question Mr. Gadgil has interpellated the Railway Member for facilities for free transport of food and fodder by public bodies to the affected parts in Deccan.—United Press

RAJEN BABU TAKEN ILL

Asthama Trouble Persists: But No Cause For Anxiety

WARDHA, Sept. 11.

The following particulars show the latest condition of the illness of Babu Rajendra Prasad as certified by doctors at 10-45 this this morning:

Temperature—98.3;

State of physique—considerably week.

Asthmatic troubles—not completely subsided, but considerably improved.

There is no cause for anxiety.

Babu Rajendra Prasad on coming here got a mild attack of Asthma and was treated according to the instructions of Dr. T. N. Bannerjee and Dr. R. Saran of Patna, who were treating him since the last six or seven years.

POST-ATTACK TREATMENT

After the subsidence of an acute attack, a course of sulpharsenol reaction started. Two injections were given without noticeable reaction. After the first injection, there was a rise in temperature, ranging between 100 and 98 degrees, and lasting about 54 hours. After the second injection the temperature became normal which remained stationary for 24 hours, when suddenly yesterday at 4 p.m. there was shivering followed by quick rise in temperature which reached 104 degrees at 6 p.m. and 104.5 degrees at 7 p.m.

Blood was taken for examination by Dr. Powre, Pathologist of the local hospital. Dr. Sahani, Civil Surgeon, examined him on the night of the 7th instant, i.e. on the day when the second injection was given and the temperature was first noticed to be high. Dr. J. Mahoday who had worked as Honorary Physician during Bihar earthquake days for the relief of the people is constantly in attendance and taking all possible care with the advice of Drs. Bannerjee, Saran and Sahani.—United Press.

Rebels Prepare For Poison-Gas Attack

Italian Ambassador Says It Is Impossible To Deal With Matter

ST. JEAN DE LUZ, September 11.

No steps with regard to the possible use of poison gas by the combatants in Spain are likely to be taken by the Powers at present.

Mr. Branting, the former Swedish Premier, on return from Madrid declared that the insurgents are preparing to employ asphyxiating gases against Government forces.

Although the British Government has asked Ambassador, Sir Henry Chilton, to convene the Diplomatic Corps to consider the whole question of the possible use of poison gas, no result was reached at the meeting yesterday.

The Italian Ambassador stated that it was impossible to deal with the matter since the Madrid Government did not think it worth while to follow the efforts of the Diplomatic Corps to humanise war.

In the circumstances the Diplomatic Corps considers no overtures could well be made to the insurgents junta at Burgos in this connection.—Reuter.

THREAT TO PORTUGAL

LONDON, Sept. 11.

The British Government have instructed their Ambassador at Lisbon to support urgently and strongly further representations made by the French Government to Lisbon in the hope of persuading Portugal to participate in the International Committee on non-intervention in Spain. The Committee meets again in London at 16-00 hours on Monday.

This is the fourth time within a week that Britain has made representations. It is not thought that Portugal will lightly weaken her ties with France and Britain, particularly in the face of renewed German colonial demands; but in the event of difficulty, it is unofficially suggested that the next meeting of the Committee will have to consider applying the non-intervention agreement to the whole of the Iberian Peninsula.—Reuter.

GEN. MOLA'S THREAT

HENDAYE, Sept. 11.

Gen. Mola has sent an ultimatum to the Government authorities threatening to bomb San Sebastian this afternoon unless they surrender.—Reuter.

NO SURRENDER OF SAN SEBASTIAN

ST. JEAN DE LUZ, Sept. 11

No negotiations for the surrender of San Sebastian to the insurgents have started, according to Col. Ortega the Governor of the City. He stated that the popular front is ready for the attack and is prepared to stand a long siege if necessary.—Reuter.

ATTACK ON MAJORCA

PALMA, September 11.

It is now known that 2,000 have been lost of the Catalan Expeditionary Force of 6,000 who landed in a vain attempt to capture Majorca. The remainder have re-embarked with great difficulty.—Reuter.

'INSURGENTS' CLAIMS

BURGOS, September 11.

Fighting to the west of Toledo is far more important than the struggle in San Sebastian and Oviedo, according to the insurgent opinion. It is claimed that insurgents are steadily following General Franco's plans and are advancing along the Tagus Valley and the hilly ranges of Sierrade Grados, in which taking of Talavera is one of the most important events. Insurgents assert that recent Government offensive at Talavera was not a simple diversion but an attempt to drive a wedge between anti-Government forces. It is claimed here that furious Government counter attacks in that region have yielded nothing.—Reuter.

FRENCH JOURNALIST RESCUED

Released By Militiamen On Intervention Of Ambassador

ST. JEAN DE LUZE, Sept. 11.

Energetic action by the French Ambassador, M. Herbette, was necessary to obtain the release of the French Journalist M. Leroy seized by militiamen in San Sebastian. When a party of thirty British, French and American journalists arrived on a visit to San Sebastian Leroy was seized because his writings are alleged to be pro-insurgent. He was taken to the war commissary and detained for several hours.

Subsequently the Governor of

(Continued on Page 7)

No Political Amnesty For Coronation

HOME MEMBER HECKLED ON PALESTINE POLICY

Assembly Adopts Pant's Amendment To Company Law

SIMLA, Sept. 11.

During the question hour in the Assembly to-day, Sir Henry Craik informed Mr. A. N. Chattopadhyaya that there would be no amnesty on the occasion either of the inauguration of Provincial Autonomy or the King's Coronation.

AGENTS v. MANAGERS

After interpellations, the debate on the Companies' Bill was resumed. All amendments were either ruled out or rejected except Pt. Pant's slightly changing the wording of Clause 2 making it impossible for "Managing Agents" to evade provisions of the Bill by calling themselves "managers."

Sir James Grigg replying to Mr. Sriprakasa said that he was not in a position to say when the postage stamps and currency notes with the new King's effigy would be available but some of them may be ready about the latter half of the next year.

Government had no intention at present of altering the existing position as regards scripts used on coins and currency notes.

INDIAN OPINION AND PALESTINE POLICY.

The policy of the British Government in Palestine was the topic of discussion during question time in the Assembly.

Sir H. Craik answering Mr. Asaf Ali who drew attention to the view expressed by Pandit Jawaharlal, the Jaimait-ul-Ulema-i-Hind and other bodies said: "Government are aware of the feeling expressed in India and have brought these expressions to the notice of His Majesty's Government."

Mr. Satyamurti: When was the last communication sent?

Sir H. Craik wanted notice.

Mr. Satyamurti: Was any communication sent to the British Government since the despatch of troops to Palestine?

Sir H. Craik reminded the House that the despatch of troops was announced only yesterday.

Mr. Jinnah asked whether during the last six months when numerous public meetings were held all over India by Muslims as well as others the Government of India took any step in the matter and if so what?

Sir H. Craik repeated that the Government of India were aware of the strength of the feeling and representations had been made to His Majesty's Government.

Mr. Ramnarayan Singh: Did the Government of India send their own views? If so, what?

Sir H. Craik: The Government of India had not been asked to express their views.

Mr. Satyamurti: Do the Government of India say nothing while forwarding public opinion?

Sir H. Craik: We also send our own appreciation of the feeling in India. But they are of a confidential nature.

BROADCASTING PLANS.

Answering questions regarding broadcasting, in the Assembly today, Sir Frank Noyce admitted that there was no power to control or regulate broadcasting in Indian States but the Government of India hoped to secure by agreement that development in the Indian States would conform to suitable All-India plan. The name, Indian States Broadcasting Service, had been changed to All-India Radio as the former name was cumbersome and misled some people into believing that the service was run by Indian States. The change of name signified no change of policy. A sum of about Rs. four lakhs for establishing the Delhi Broadcasting Station had been spent from Rs. 40 lakhs. A broadcasting scheme was being drawn up and would be placed before the Standing Finance Committee shortly. The scheme would involve expenditure of the bulk of the amount available in the Fund.

(EARLIER REPORT ON PAGE 7)

ETHIOPIA AND INDIAN OPINION.

Sir Aubrey Metcalfe informed Mr. Asaf Ali that Government were aware that the policy of the League of Nations in regards to the Italo-Abyssinian dispute had met with vigorous criticism in India. No direct communication had been made by the Government of India to the League of Nations but His Majesty's Government had been kept in touch with criticisms expressed in India.

Debate On Company Law

Debate on Company Law was resumed in the Assembly to-day.

Sir N. N. Sircar continued his observations on the debate on the companies bill. He urged the As-

(Continued On Page 19.)

Gulmarg For Military Base?

LIKELY TO BE ACQUIRED AND MADE PURELY BRITISH COLONY

LAHORE, Sept. 11

Developments of great political significance are taking place in Kashmir State behind the curtain, according to the "Tribune," which, it is stated, will result in the imposition of restrictions upon the entry of India visitors in certain areas of the beautiful Kashmir valley.

A move is now afoot which, if it materialises will debar Indians including State subjects from entering Gulmarg, which is likely to be acquired by Military authorities, for purposes of converting it into a military base and purely a British colony.

It may be stated that, Gilgit, which formerly belonged to the Kashmir State is already under the control of British Military Authorities.—United Press.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

A Young Professor wants to marry lady with considerable means. Any community. Correspondence confidential. Write fully to Box 6900, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted overseas with practical knowledge of drainage and plumbing work. Apply stating experience and pay to Box No. 6929, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Clerks, Actors, Actresses, Music Master, Store-keeper and such other staff for Film. Apply with postage, Rishkul Rajendra & Co., Lucknow. (6926).

Wanted Experienced Stenographer and Correspondence Clerk. Apply with testimonials, stating salary required to Box No. 60, "Bombay Chronicle."

Stenographers, Accountants, Engineers, Spinning-Weaving Masters, Doctors, Nurses, Storekeepers, cordially invited for co-operation to secure suitable openings. Names registered. Apply Royal Service Agency, 14, Hammam Street, 2nd floor, Fort. (6925).

Wanted for an established life insurance company an experienced inspector for Poona and district. Apply stating terms and experience Box No. 6918, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted one Christian Graduate on handsome salary to work as an Organiser of one old Life Office. Influential and Respectable persons need only apply Box No. 6853, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—A Lady Superintendent to supervise the work of girls' compulsory primary education of Muttra Municipality (U. P.). Qualifications:—High School C.T. or E.T.C. or experienced V.T.C. with sufficient knowledge of English. Pay:—According to qualifications. Apply to the undersigned by the 22nd September, 1936. B. Brindaban Das, B.A., LL.B., Chairman, School Committee, Municipal Board, Muttra. (U.P.). (3911).

Wanted immediately an experienced teacher with B.A., B.T. qualifications for a school at Baroda, to join services from the 1st October. Apply stating caste, age, personality and enclosing postal stamps for correspondence. Box No. 6912, "Bombay Chronicle."

12. TO BE LET.

To let first and ground floor of two Bungalows in Paruck Wadi, Vithalbhai Patel Road. Only recently vacated after many years. Spacious accommodation. For Hindus only. (6886).

To Let—Spacious, airy Bungalow at Doongersey Road, Walkeshwar, for vegetarian Hindus. Apply Bhagwandas Goverdhandas, 23, Doongersey Road, Walkeshwar. (6917)

12. TO BE LET.

To let a commodious Bungalow with servants' quarters and garage on the Nepean Sea Road. Apply Box No. 6906, "Bombay Chronicle."

To Let—"Harbour View," Colaba Causeway, First and Second Floor Modern Flats, 4 Rooms with Kitchen, Baths and Verandah; Rent Rs. 75 each. (2) "Adelphi Chambers," Clare Road, Byculla, Flats, with separate entrance, with Kitchen and Bath; Rent Rs. 20 to Rs. 70. (3) At Jacob Circle, Arthur Road, Ground and Upper Floors Flats, with separate entrance, with Kitchen and Bath; Rent Rs. 35 to Rs. 42. For the above three buildings, apply personally between 3 and 4 p.m. (S.T.) His Highness the Aga Khan's Estate Office, Marina Mansion, opposite Sea-Face, Chowpatty, Bombay. (6887).

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

To Let—One Flat "Bombay View," 5, Ketridge Road, Colaba. Apply Premji Nagurdas, 84, Bazar Gate Street. (6921).

To Let—Airy Flats of five, three and two rooms in new building 'Parvati Mansions' Dadar-Matunga Estate, Plot No. 164A, Vincent Road. Apply Receiver's Office at the premises between 9 and 10 a.m. or to Vakeel, 60, Forbes St., Fort. Telephone 20280. (6913).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

The Deccan Technical Institute, Mechanical, Electrical and General Wireless Courses. For prospectus see or apply: Lamington Road, opposite Imperial Cinema; morning time 8 to 10. (6922).

"Desai's Coaching Classes" for Senior Cambridge, Matriculation, and University Examinations at Kavarana Building, Dhobi Talao, Bombay. (6883).

Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas. Expert individual training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping and Accountancy. Princess Street corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. (6880).

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

For Sale—Homoeo. Books, Second-hand Allen-Encyclopaedia of pure Materia Medica. 10 vols. 150|-; Baehr-Science of Therapeutics 2 Vols. 22|-; Gentry-Concordance Repertory. 6 Vols. 50|-; Goodno-Practice of Medicine. 2 Vols. 20|-; King History of Homoeopathy. 4 Vols. 16|-; Ludlam-Diseases of Women, pages 1029. 15|-; Raue-Pathology. 1st Ed. pages 644. 5|-; Small-Practice of Medicine, pages 900. 12|-; Wood-Text Book of Gynecology, 1st Ed. pages 858, 6|-; C. Ringer & Co., 23 Lall Bazar Street, Calcutta. (3708)

68. PARTNERSHIPS.

Wanted Lodging Partner for Charcoal and General Business in Suburbs. Apply Box 6865, "Bombay Chronicle."

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Loans for Gazetted Officers arranged on easy terms. Communicate with Messrs. J. F. Chawan and Co., 162, Bhawani Pet, Poona City. 6403.

Wanted Financier for Building Contracts and advancing loans on Bombay Properties. Profits guaranteed. Particulars 'Phone 30640. (6911)

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted—Agents to secure orders for our attractive calendars easy terms. No security required. Apply National Calendar Mfg., Co., 3|1, Baranashi Ghose, 2nd Lane, Calcutta. (6894)

Wanted experienced Organisers on handsome salary for East & West Khandesh and Nasik District for one old Life Office. Respectable and influential persons need only apply Box No. 6909, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Two Organizers for the Lakshmi Insurance Co., Ltd., Lahore, one for Indore and the other for Malwa (C. I.) on pay basis. Persons having previous experience need apply before the 10th of September, 1936. B. K. Kaula, Branch Secretary, Lakshmi Insurance Co., Ltd., Ajmer (Rajputana). (6920).

Wanted Agents for well-known and leading Insurance Companies, transacting Fire, Marine and Accident Insurance business. Fair and reasonable terms for really influential Agents able to offer substantial business. Please apply with Bank reference or references from leading businessmen. to Box No. 3879, "Bombay Chronicle".

118. TAILORING

Wanted:—A few well educated pupils by the Pioneer and Veteran Tailoring Teacher of 46 years Indian and European experience. Rao's Tailoring College, Saibhuvan, Princess Street, Bombay. Branch: Station Road, Santa Cruz. (6876).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

Sexus Paste for Contraception. Gelotube for venereal prevention. Both best and cheapest. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (6836).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

Boon To Distress.—If you are in financial troubles, unsuccessful in business, dispensed with services, consult personally Professor Dr. Ratansi Vijpar Pechad Chamburvala, who gives (free of charge) a Charm, which wards off troubles. Time between 3—5 p.m. at Chambur, via Sion Station, (G.I.P. Rly.), 'Phone: 87006. (6795).

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

Public Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the EIGHTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, BOMBAY HOUSE, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the Thirtieth September, 1936, at 5 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st March, 1936, and the report of the Directors and Auditors.
2. To elect a Director in place of Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, K.C.S.I., who retires in accordance with Article 120 of the Company's Articles of Association but is eligible for re-election.
3. To elect a Director in place of Mr. J. R. D. Tata, who retires in accordance with Article 120 of the Company's Articles of Association, but is eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint the Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 21st September, 1936, to 13th October, 1936, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
Tata Sons, Ltd., Agents,
JEH. R. D. TATA,
Director.

Bombay, 9th September, 1936.

3903

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY.

Appointment of a Storekeeper.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Storekeeper in the Department of Chemical Technology in the University of Bombay. Candidates should preferably be under 30 years of age and should possess at least a B. Sc. degree of a recognized University, preferably with Chemistry as Principal and Physics as Subsidiary.

Pay Rs. 80-5-120.

Applications, which should reach the undersigned before the 28th September, 1936, should contain the following particulars:—Name, age, institutions where educated, examinations passed with dates, experience and other qualifications. Copies (not originals) of testimonials should be enclosed.

The selected candidate will be required to join on the 1st of November, 1936, and will have to serve on a salary of Rs 75 for a period of six months after which probationary period he will be confirmed if his work is found satisfactory.

R. B. FORSTER,
Head of the Department of Chemical Technology,
University of Bombay.

Bombay, 8th September, 1936

3906

NOTICE TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS.

1. SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the following works for the Proposed New Club House for the Cricket Club of India, Ltd. on Plot No. 22, Backbay Reclamation, Block No. II, Bombay.
   (a) General Building Work.
   (b) Sanitary Work.
2. Tender forms can be obtained from the Offices of the Chartered Architects, Messrs. Gregson, Batley & King, Chartered Bank Building, Bombay on payment of Rs. 10 for each copy.
3. Tenders must reach the Offices of the Architects on or before noon MONDAY, the 21st instant with a cash deposit of Rs. 5,000 for the General Building Work and a cash deposit of Rs. 1,000 for the Sanitary work.
4. The Managing Committee of the Cricket Club of India, Ltd. do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender. The Committee will not enter into any correspondence regarding tenders.

"By Order of the Committee,
A. S. DE MELLO,
Honorary Secretary."

3893.

WE TEST SIGHT by the latest and best methods, known to Optical Science.

Our consultants are English Qualified Opticians. Fellows of the British Optical Association and Institute of Ophthalmic Opticians.

LAWRENCE & MAYO, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)
274, Hornby Road, Bombay.
For Appointment 'Phone 21827.

Public Notices.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

PAYMENT OF DIVIDEND ON ORDINARY SHARES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ORDINARY SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from the 24th September to 7th October, 1936, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Ad-interim Dividend Warrants at the rate of Rs. 2-8 per share, for the half-year ended 30th June, 1936, payable on the 23rd October, 1936, to Ordinary share-holders of this Company whose names stand on their Register on the 24th day of September, 1936.

Intimation as to change of address should be notified to the Company immediately.

By Order of the Board,
R. D. KANGA,
Assistant Secretary.

Bombay, 12th September, 1936.

3913

TENDER NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for treating about 4,00,000 sq. ft. of road area within Municipal limits with a coat of 1" Asphaltic concrete are invited so as to reach the Chief Officer on or before the 30th September, 1936, at 4 p.m.

Specifications and other details can be had from the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2.

The earnest money at 1 per cent should accompany each tender without which the tender will not be considered. The tenderer whose tender is accepted shall have to pay 5 per cent. deposit.

The Municipality is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) B. B. MALIA,
Municipal Engineer,
Borough Municipality,
Surat.

Municipal Office, Surat.
Dated, 8-9-36.

3914

NOTICE

One "Ordinary" Share Certificates No. 6985 of the Andhra Valley Power Supply Co., Ltd., standing in the name of the late Rai Seth Misrimal Kothari has been LOST or MISPLACED. All persons having any claim on the said share are requested to intimate the same to the above Company at their Registered Office at Bombay House, 24, Bruce Road, Fort, Bombay within 15 days from the date of this Notice after which date no claim will be considered and duplicate certificates will be issued to his son and heir Seth Ghewarchand Kothari of Rehti.

6927

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 826 of 1936.

PRANJIVAN PITAMBAR: .... Plaintiff.
vs.
ARUN HIRALAL and Others ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Consent Decretal Order of Reference of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay made in the above Suit and bearing date the 29th day of July, 1936, notice is hereby given that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of Hiralal Gordhandas Budhdeo, deceased, who died at Bombay, on or about the 23rd day of November, 1935, are hereby required to file Affidavit of such claims in writing in the English language in my Office within three weeks from the date hereof and the said claimants are required to specify their names and addresses, the full particulars of their claims and statement of their accounts and the nature of the Securities if any held by them or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefits of the said Order. Each Affidavit of claim must be accompanied by a Court-Fee Stamp of Rupees Two for filing the same. Investigation of claims is fixed for 12th October 1936 at 12 Noon (S.T.).

Dated this 8th day of Sept., 1936.

G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Offg. Commissioner.

3900

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 3 of 1936.

BHIMAJI MAYACHAND, a firm ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
VANAJI GULBAJI and MAGANLAL GULBAJI, carrying on business in the name of Vanaji Maganlal at Kolhapur ..... Defendants.

To,
MAGANLAL GULBAJI, Esqr

The 2nd Defendant abovenamed

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs have filed this suit against the Defendants abovenamed to recover Rs. 8,146 and interest and costs and the Court has fixed the 2nd day of November, 1936 for hearing and final disposal.

You are hereby required to file a Written Statement of your defence within 4 weeks from the service of the Summons upon you and in default thereof the suit will be set down to be heard as undefended and a decree will be passed against you.

Dated this 10th day of September, 1936.

THAKOREDAS & CO.,
Plaintiffs Attorneys.

3902.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client Mr. KESHAVJI DAMODAR KALIANJI was declared to be the highest bidder and Purchaser of the property described in the Schedule hereto at the Public Auction Sale held on the 19th day of August, 1936, by Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers under instructions from Messrs. Bilasrai Juharmal and Brijlal Ramjidas, the Mortgagees of the said property in exercise of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 12th day of November, 1929, made between Amratlal Amarchand, Manilal Amarchand and Others (Mortgagors) and Messrs. Bilasrai Juharmal and Brijlal Ramjidas (Mortgagees).

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 35, Dalal Street, Examiner Press Building, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon situate and being at Narayen Dhru Street, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 110 sq. yards (but in the title deeds it is stated 120 square yards) or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 604, New No. 2817, Old Survey No. 3422-3431, New Survey No. 2097, Cadastral Survey No. 688, Mandvi Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 'B' Ward No. 844 and Street Nos. 23, 25 and present Street No. 151 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Morarji Prasji, on or towards the South by the property of Multani Asharam Dharamdas, on or towards the East by a Sweeper's Passage and on or towards the West by the said Narayan Dhru Street.

Dated this 10th day of Sept., 1936.

HARIDAS & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

3908

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE of C. Phillips, Esquire, and others, TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, opp. Hyland & Co., of complete Household furniture, Godrej Steel Cabinet, 72 inches English Safe, Milner safe, Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington portable Typewriter, Chesterfield sets, Musical box, Ice Frigidaire, Chandeliers, etc.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

GRAND AUCTION SALE of complete bungalow furniture made by well-known makers, radio, piano, gramophone, refrigerator, marble figures, electric lights and fans, Godrej safe garden plants such as Roses, Dahlias, etc., at "Polo View." No. 11, Staunton Road, Poona.

Under instructions from Mrs. K. B. Dastur, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will (TO-MORROW) SUNDAY, the 13th September, 1936, from 10 a.m. to 1 noon and from 3 to 5 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at the above-mentioned place very valuable and handsome household furniture made by Benjamin, Wimbridge, Devji Canji and others, such as sliding dining-table, sideboards, chairs, rich cut-glassware, one open-carved screen, modern style chesterfield suites, carpets, cabinets, marble and terracota figures, sweet-toned cottage piano by Schiedmayer and Sohane, in very good condition, Zenith Radio, His Master's Voice full size cabinet gramophone, wooden beds, mirror and panel door almyrahs, dressing chests of drawers, lady's triple-mirrored modern style dressing tables, roll top-writing table, revolving chair, water filter, etc.

Catalogues are ready and the property is on view.

BENNETT & CO.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF KASAMBHAI FLOUR MILL, AND GOODWILL AND RANI HEAD TRADE MARK ON DUNCAN ROAD.

Sale of right, title and interest of insolvent Ramjanaly Kasambhai Thaver and mortgagees M/S Bank of India Ltd., in Kasambhai flour mill Buildings, machineries and land quit and ground tenure 760 sq. yds. good-will and Rani head trade mark, on FRIDAY, 18th September, 1936, at 12-30 noon (S.T.) at the Official Assignee's Office in High Court. Sale is final and subject to a reserve price.

AUCTION SALE OF THE INAM LAND, SITUATE AT VANPURI TALUKA PURANDHAR. DISTRICT POONA.

Under instructions of the Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of the Estate and effects of the insolvent Major Raghunath Ganesh Dani, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, 17th September, 1936, at 3-0 p.m. (S.T.) at their Rooms at 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, the right title, interest and share of the above-named insolvent in the under-mentioned properties.

INAM LANDS AT VILLAGE VANPURI, TALUKA PURANDHAR, DISTRICT POONA.

S. No. 14 22 Acres 15 Gunthas
" " 15 25 " 32 "
" " 16 32 " 38 "

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Govt. Auctioneers.

FIFTH GLORIOUS WEEK
WHEREIN
SAGAR
PRESENTS
SABITADEVI
IN
JIVAN LATA
with MOTILAL
By Special Demand on MONDAY, 14th SEPT. at 1-30 P. M.
ZANANA SHOW
WHEN
SABITADEVI
will again address her sister-admirers on the Stage
AT
IMPERIAL
Daily 3 Shows at 5-15, 8 & 10-45 P.M.
Saturday, Sunday and Holidays and AMAS Matinee at 2-45 P.M.

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HANUMAN JOTHISHA ASHRAMAM
TIRUTTANI, (S. INDIA).

Bodily VIGOUR

Wake refreshed and full of energy with the aid of Rowntree's cocoa. A cupful last thing before retiring ensures restful sleep—aids the digestion and makes you feel alert and vigorous for the day's work.

ROWNTREE'S COCOA

SOLD IN ¼ ½ & 1lb TINS
FROM ALL STORES & BAZAARS

for all Anaemic Diseases.

Small Bottle Rs. 2.
Big Bottle Rs. 5-8.
Packing and Postage Extra.

HEPILEX is the world-recognised organic treatment for all forms of anaemias, Pernicious, Nutritional, Chlorotic and Toxic Infective.

HEPILEX Builds blood, increases the power of resistance to all infectious and contagious diseases and is the most effective tonic, known to the medical world, in convalescence and to regenerate new red blood cells. A week's use is enough to show a marked increase in weight and a positive improvement of the blood picture.

It is palatable and pleasant to take.

SOLD by all CHEMISTS.

LAXMIDAS DAHYABHAI & CO
CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS 6 PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY

Mr. Henry S. L. Polak, Secretary of the Indian Overseas Association, arrived on Thursday. It will be recalled Mr. Polak went to jail with Mahatmaji in his South African campaign.

DISTRESS AMONG AMBERNATH WORKERS

Woman Social Worker Tells Moving Story Of Suffering And Determination

Miss Godavari Gokhale (Women's Fellowship of Service) writes:—

Having heard that there was much distress among women and children of the Western India Match Factory Workers at Ambernath due to the strike and lock-out there I visited Ambernath village on Friday 4th September 1936.

I saw a number of persons, especially women, and carried out also a house to house inspection. At first the women were reluctant to expose their poverty and misery but after some time I was able to gain their confidence.

Most of the families have sold or mortgaged whatever little they had by way of ornaments and trinkets. Some of them have also had to part with their scanty stock of household utensils. Some women have gone to the extent of either selling or mortgaging their clothing such as their sarees, in order to have their children from appalling starvation.

There are some families with children, numbering four to six, and the question for them is how to live. In spite of the severe suffering the workers seemed to have a strong faith in their cause.

One could not help being struck with the patience and courage they displayed. I could see grim determination on their faces although their homes presented distress and a hard life, which almost reminds one of Mrs. Browning's pathetic ballad "The cry of the Children" which awakened the social conscience of the people of England in those days.

Five aeroplanes have been "grounded" at Croydon aerodrome by order of the Board of Trade, on account of the suspicion that if permitted to leave they might be delivered to one or other of the contending parties in the Spanish Civil War, in contravention of the British Government's embargo.

RENEWED NOTE CONSTITUTES NEW CONTRACT

High Court Dismisses Claim Against Bank Of India

An appeal from a Judgment of Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia, dismissing the suit of the Secretary of State for the recovery of Rs. 5,091-5-3 in respect of a Government promissory note of the face value of Rs. 5,000, or in the alternative, for the return of the renewed Government promissory note of the same value, or in the alternative, payment of its value, was heard in the Bombay High Court, before the Chief Justice, Sir John Beaumont and Mr. Justice Rangnekar. The respondent in the case is the Bank of India.

The original Government note for Rs. 5,000 belonged to Gangabai widow of Shridhar Vasudev Phatak. S. R. Acharya forged her signature by making an endorsement thereon in favour of himself, and he subsequently purported to transfer the note by endorsement in favour of the respondent bank who were the last endorsees of the note. This was in July 1932.

Shortly thereafter the bank claiming to be entitled to the note in question presented and delivered it to the Public Debt Office in Bombay and obtained a renewed promissory note of Rs. 5,000 in lieu of the old note. In January, 1933, Acharya was convicted of forgery. Thereafter Gangabai filed a suit against Government and obtained a decree for Rs. 5,016-4-9 with costs.

The appellant paid this amount to her and now sued the respondent bank claiming that the bank was liable to indemnify him against the loss which he incurred by acting on the request of the bank to renew the note. In the alternative, the appellant claimed, that the renewed note or its value might be returned to him on the basis that it was issued without consideration or under a mistake of fact.

In giving judgment, the Chief Justice said that in his opinion it was clear from a perusal of the Indian Securities Act under which the promissory note was renewed that one of the principal objects of Government was to simplify dealings in Government securities.

The right to renew promissory notes was a part of the general policy of simplifying dealings and making investments in Government securities more popular. The difficulty which was apparently felt was that where promissory notes had many endorsements upon them, persons were unwilling to deal with them because of the risk that an endorsement might be a forged one. It was to remove that difficulty that provision was made to renew a note and give a fresh and clean title to it.

Free from Old Obligations.

In his Lordship's opinion it was clear that when a new note was issued, it constituted a fresh contract between Government and the person to whom it was issued and that such a note was free from any infirmities of the old note.

Under Sec. 12, the person claiming to be entitled to the promissory note was only entitled to it on satisfying the prescribed officer of the justice of his claim. According to his Lordship that meant satisfying the prescribed officer that he was in fact entitled to the Government note. The prescribed officer was, therefore, required to take evidence which would satisfy him that the title was valid.

A Ministerial Duty.

It was, therefore, true to say that the officer could not be regarded as exercising merely a ministerial duty. Assuming that he acted honestly and gave his judgment fairly and if he came to the conclusion that he was not satisfied of the justice of the claim, no court of law could make him issue the note.

But that was not the only point in the case.

Their Lordships had to consider whether the covenant of indemnity which the Common Law implied could properly be relied on his dealings under the Indian Securities Act. It was perfectly clear from the combined provisions of Sections 12 and 21 that the Legislature, when it passed this Act, had in view the question of requiring an indemnity when a note was renewed. If it had thought that in all cases indemnity should be given it would have been very easy to so provide in Sec. 12. The reason why it did not so provide was presumably that it thought it might have a detrimental effect on the working of the Act and tend to defeat the object of easy renewal.

It seemed to his Lordship, therefore, that it was impossible to hold that the Legislature omitted to require an indemnity in all cases otherwise than deliberately.

In his Lordship's opinion, therefore, taking the Act as a whole, the implication regarding indemnity was inconsistent with the provisions which the Legislature had laid down in respect of the renewal of promissory notes.

Apart from that, the claim made by Government in respect of the new note was entirely inconsistent with Sec. 16, sub-section 1, because the renewed note constituted a new contract and not a contract which was void or voidable, but a valid contract.

The appeal was accordingly dismissed with costs.

The Advocate-General, Mr. Kenneth Mc I Kemp, instructed by the Government solicitor, appeared for the appellant.

Mr. F. J. Coltman, with Mr. M. C. Setalvad, instructed by Messrs. Craigie, Blunt and Caroe, appeared for the respondent.

Syt. J. K. Shukla, the Gold-Medalist, at the Poona Exhibition, caricatured by his student.

GUJERATI DRAMAS FOR PATETI WEEK

"Slaves Of Fashion" Staged At Ripon Theatre

The popularity of cinema films in Bombay has practically ousted from the field Indian dramas composed in Urdu or Gujerati, and staged principally by Parsis. Gone are the halcyon days of the latter half of the last century (and even the first decade of the present century) when the names of the Parsi giants—Balliwala, Khatao, Ogra and Appoo, to mention only a few—were household words for their wonderful acting, and or singing, which drew crowded houses repeatedly. Perhaps we shall never see those days back. We all have to submit to Time's inexorable decree.

It is still a comforting thought that there are still a number of dramatists and playwrights among the Parsis who keep alive the tradition, in their humble ways. In this festive season of the New Year they staged a few dramas which were much appreciated and which prove that given proper encouragement something like a return to the old proud days is not an impossibility. One of these dramas was "Fashionna Ghulam" ("Slaves of Fashion"), written in Gujerati, by the well-known playwright, Mr. R. F. Sethna and staged on Saturday, at Ripon Theatre, Bombay, by the "Parsi Dramatists", under the able direction of the veteran Mr. Munchersha Pochkhanawala the moral of the drama is to stress the rack and ruin and dishonour which follow the track of the mad devotees of Goddess Fashion who stake their all for satisfying their sartorial and decorative tastes, at all costs. The plot is well laid, its denouement realistic, and the tragic inevitable sequel, instructive. The comic part of the play is exhilarating, showing incidentally that the mundane life is a strange combination of tragedy and comedy. All the players, amateurs all, who would do credit to any band of professionals acquitted themselves well, Pochkhanawala, Falli Master, H. Hathiram, Minoo Mukadam (in the role of "Mehelli," the Gay Lothario of the piece) S. Hathiram, B. Shroff, and D. Tata (another Gay Lothario) distinguishing themselves. The play was repeated on the New Year Day (Sunday) and will again be performed on Khordad Sal Day (Friday next).

Another successful play entitled "Chasam Chore" written by a lady, Mrs. Zini Paymaster—a welcome sign of the times—was staged at Victoria Theatre, also on Saturday and Sunday. There were some more special shows, which together made a really enjoyable Pateti week.

SUGAR MILLS' REPRESENTATIVES

The Indian Sugar Mills Association, having been invited by the Government of Bihar to nominate two representatives to the Sugarcane Conference to be held at Patna on the 18th inst. the Committee of the Association have nominated Messrs. D. P. Khaitan and Banarasi Prasad Jhunjhunwalla as their representatives to the said Conference.

WELLINGTON
CINEMA:—:DHOBI TALAO.
3rd Triumphant ! Week
MATINEE
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 3-30
Madon's Superb
HINDI TALKIE
JAHANARA
INDIA'S POPULAR STAR
Kajjan
Sings with her Golden Voice!
YUSUF EFFENDI
and MADON'S all-Star Cast.
THREE SHOWS TO-DAY and TO-MORROW AT:
3-30, 6-30 and 10 p. m.
'PHONE 22666.

Last Show of
SUPER TAMIL TALKIE
MIGHTIEST MYTHOLOGICAL MUSICAL MASTERPIECE which has entertained Millions in South India
'GARUDA GARVA BHANGAM'
LIVELY COMEDY — CHARMING SONGS — SWEET MUSIC — GOOD RECORDING.
Featuring:—
MISS MOHANAMBAL,
VIDWAN SREENIVASAN
M. R. SUBRAMANIAM
and other well-known stars will be shown at your favourite THEATRE
PLAZA
SUNDAY
13th September
AT 10 A. M.

PLAZA
TO-NIGHT & TO-MORROW
2-30, 6 & 10 P. M.
REX & RIN-TIN-TIN
TOGETHER for the FIRST TIME
A THRILLING MASCOT PICTURE
"LAW OF THE WILD"
will be shown complete in each show. Please note the change in timings.

ROXY
NEW QUEEN'S ROAD.
Daily 5-15, 8, 10-45 p.m.
Saturday and Sunday 2-45 p.m.
BOMBAY TALKIES'
Achhut Kanya
STARRING:

DEVIKA RANI
Ashok Kumar.
For TWO MONTHS it has been attracting THOUSANDS.
COME and SEE IT TO-DAY!
9th WEEK

RUNNING FROM YESTERDAY!
Touching Tale Of SLAVES of WINE!
TOLLYWOOD Studio (Calcutta)'s THRILLING SOCIAL DRAMA
JAWANI-KA-NASHA
Starring:—
Miss AKHTARI FAIZABADI,
Mr. KHALIL AHMED,
Miss KAISER FAIZABADI.
AT
GLOBE TALKIES
SANDHURST ROAD.
Time: 5-15, 8, 10-45.
Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Holidays at 2-45.

Bewitchingly Beautiful
INDIRA DEVI
will receive WORDS of PRAISE from you as she plays SKILFULLY the role of EZRA in—
RADHA FILM CO.'S (Calcutta)
WAMAQ EZRA
or
SACHHI MOHABBAT
GREATEST of the MUSICAL LOVE-STORY ever brought to INDIAN SCREEN
MASTER BASHIR, TRILOK KAPUR, ABDULLA KABULI in the supporting cast
COMING SOON AT
WELLINGTON
TALKIES :—:—: DHOBI TALAO.
For Booking apply to:—
GVALANI BROS., Parekh St., Bombay 4.

On Sunday the 13th at 10-30 a. m.
TAMIL TALKIE
"KRISHNA ARJUNA"
at
HINDMATA

On Sunday the 13th at 10-30 a. m.
TAMIL TALKIE
CHANDRA MOHANA
or
SAMOOGA THONDU
at
KOHINOOR

INDIAN VILLAGE LIFE
TO SEE WHAT IT IS,
TO SEE AND HEAR THE WOES and PLEASURES of
INDIAN VILLAGE LIFE
FAIL NOT TO ENJOY
"SAVKARI PASH"
SHALINI CINETONE'S and INDIA'S 1st GREAT RURAL PICTURE.
Directed by: BABURAO PAINTER.
India's Greatest Cine-Artist.
Starring:—
V. AUNDHKAR,
Supported by:—
AMEENA, SARDAR, Z. POWAR, MANDRE and Others.
The full-grown fields and the RURAL BEAUTY
You shall Admire as
MRS. SAROJINI NAIDU, PT. JAWAHARLAL NEHRU and others
APPRECIATED in this great PICTURE.
NOW IN ITS
5th GLORIOUS WEEK
AT
MAJESTIC
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Saturday, Sunday and Holidays.

First Run and First Release
FIRST TIME IN BOMBAY
Matro Movietone's Super Social Successful Production
"A GIRL from LAHORE
or
"MATWALI JOGAN"
All-Star Cast Production
How the love spider weaves its web and ensnares the love sick youths to lead them to destruction? See the Glamour of Ultra modern Society and its disastrous results.
Now Running in
2ND GLORIOUS WEEK
A Picture liked and loved by all
COME & SEE to-night with family and friends!
SHOWING AT
NOVELTY
TALKIES, Grant Road.
Now showing first run pictures
Sat., Sun., Tues. 2-15.
Daily 5, 8 & 10-45 p.m.

IS REJUVENATION POSSIBLE ?
Yes, no more despair. A real triumph over mental, nervous and sexual debility, only through a course of Herbal Home treatment Success Complete satisfaction Particulars on Request.
KAMALA WORKS, PANCHPOTA (B. C.) BENGAL.

SANDER'S Cataractin
Cures Incipient Cataract, Macula, Leucoma, Nebula, etc.
SANDER'S Eyedrop
An infallible cure for all ophthalmic troubles. Free Booklet P. B. 11401, Calcutta, Or, Smith Campbell, Aminabad Park, Lucknow.

Selections For To-day's Races

True Man And Mahmood Beg Have Outstanding Chances

(By "Senex")

The following are the selections for the Fourth Day of the Poona Big Meetings to be held to-day:—

1ST RACE:—
TRUE MAN 1
SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL .. 2
HONEY BOY 3

2ND RACE:—
SAIF ANTAR 1
TURF BOY 2
ARAB KING 3

3RD RACE:—
MAHMOOD BEG 1
AL BARMAKI 2
ALHARITH 3

4TH RACE:—
FRANCOLIN 1
GREEK GLEN 2
CORCY 3

5TH RACE:—
TARIFF 1
BAHAR NEEL 2
BUICK 3

6TH RACE:—
STAFF OFFICER 1
BACHELOR'S BARD 2
CENTOI 3

7TH RACE:—
DIOMEDOL 1
MYTILUS 2
SKAVALA 3

8TH RACE:—
BADEN 1
VERSHAN 2
VIOLENCE 3

DAILY DOUBLE:—

MAHMOOD BEG and STAFF OFFICER.

TARIFF, DIOMEDOL & BADEN.

RESTORE Fading Vitality

● Are you nervous, weak, irritable . . . a mere shadow of your former self? Waterbury's Compound will help you back to health and strength! It contains essential elements the body needs . . . pure liver extract, malt extract . . . the organic minerals the blood needs . . . and other health-building, nourishing elements. You will find it pleasant to take, free from disagreeable oily taste or odour, and surprisingly beneficial. Try Waterbury's Compound for several weeks—you will feel and act ten years younger.

Sold in blue and red wrappers—the red as a general and bronchial tonic.

WATERBURY'S COMPOUND

M-99

BUILDS UP RUN-DOWN SYSTEMS

Guard your FACE ARMS & HANDS from the ravages of Heat with HIMANI SNOW

MANUFACTURED BY Himani WORKS 59, BELGACHIA RD CALCUTTA

THE FIRST SNOW
Made in India
Foremost ever since
Inspite of innumerable imitations.
Soothing and Refreshing Toiletry for Summer

Distributors:—
SHARMA BANERJI & Co.,
"Devkaran Mansions," Princess St., BOMBAY 2.

Kid James Challenges Suares For Light Heavy Title

Thrilling Battle Anticipated At Sir C. J. Hall Next Friday In Professional Boxing Tourney

(By Our Boxing Correspondent).

The Professional Boxing Tournament which will be held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Friday Sept: 18, should prove a stimulus to the jaded appetites of boxing enthusiasts. In a city of the importance of Bombay big bouts are too few and far between.

The topliner on the bill will be the 10 Round contest between Kid James (Poona) and Arthur Suares (Belgaum) for the Light Heavyweight Championship of Southern India held by the latter. It should provide a hard hitting encounter as both men are tough customers. James in addition to being skilful packs a nasty punch in either hand. Suares is of the tear away type, who revels in infighting.

Mr. V. E. J. Brackstone, a Referee of long standing will handle the big fight.

V. Phillips, who lowered the colours of Percy Vengan in Bombay last year, has been matched against Clary Fernandez, Feather Weight Champion of Kolar Gold Fields over 8 rounds. Cowsell, who should have been Phillip's opponent, had to cry off on account of an injured hand.

There are three supporting bouts to the two principal fights, which are going to be needle affairs. Prices for seats are very reasonable and a big house is expected on Friday next at the C. J. Hall. The programme commences at 9-45 p.m. sharp.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 m.),
GSG 17.79 Mc/s (16.86m.)
GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82 m.)

7-30 p.m.: Big Ben. Harry Farmer, at the Organ of the Granada, Tooting.
8-0 p.m.: "Empire Magazine". A weekly review of things at home. Edited by Pascoe Thorton.
8-30 p.m.: The J. H. Squire Celeste Octet. Raindrops (Palm). Do you remember? (Stacey). Echos d'Andalousie (Chagrin).
8-45 p.m. A commentary. By F. J. Findon and Earl Howe on the International Open Hill Climb for Racing Sports Cars (under the auspices of the Midland Automobile Club). From Shelsey Walsh.
9-5 p.m.: A Recital. By Ruth Pearl (Violin). Concert Sonata, Op. 2, No. 8 (Veracini), The Little White Donkey (Jacques Ibert, arr. Hoeree), Arioso (Bach, arr. Franko). The Bee (Schubert.)
9-25 p.m.: The News and Announcements.
9-45 p.m.: Dance Music. Billy Thorburn and his Music.

Bombay Programmes

VUB 350.9 metres 855 kc/s
31.36 metres 9565 Kc/s.

1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates. Relay from Taj Mahal Hotel. "Poudre", Popy. "Fete du Hameau", Gillet. "Canzoni D'Italia", Micheli. "Page Oublie", Geruasio. "Venus et Adonis", Georges. "Bachhanale", Fillippucci.
2-0 p.m. Violin Solos: By Shridar Parsekar.
2-30 p.m. Light Music. By Krishnabai Hukkeri.
3-30 p.m. Clarionet Solos. By Sheikh Mohomed.
5-30 p.m. Relay from Regal Cinema.
6-30 p.m.: Bhajan Songs. By Eknath Hatiskar.
7-15 p.m. Talk (Marathi): "Pleasures of Life." By Manju Mantri.
7-30 p.m. Violin Solos: By G. A. Joshi of Aundh.
8-0 p.m. Commercial News and News in Hindi.
8-25 p.m. Sundrabai. In popular songs. Assisted by the V.U.B. Indian Orchestra.
9-30 p.m. News in English.
9-45 p.m. Talk (English): "The Week's Sport". By Frank Tarrant.
10-0 p.m. SB: A String Concert. By the Melita Plectrum Orchestra.

Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

8-0 a.m. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta. By Pandit Brij Bhusan Joshi.
8-15 a.m. Brinder Singh Rawat. Bhajan.
8-25 a.m. Mumtaz Begum. (Film Actress). Thumri.
8-35 a.m. Malang Khan. Sur Bahar—Asa.
8-45 a.m. Talk (Hindustani): "Minding the Mind". No. 2. The Nervous System. By Syed Ahmad Rafique.
9-0 a.m. Cotton Prices: Liverpool & New York Closing. A.I.R. Orchestra. Gujri.
9-10 a.m. Shiv Dayal Batesh Thumri.
9-20 a.m. Brinder Singh Rawat. Ghazal. "Jo dil men dard tha woh miri chashm-i-tar men hai Ai zabt rokna weh abhi ghar ke ghar me hai."
9-30 a.m. Mumtax Begum. "Dil ki kia tab keh pahuncha saf-i-mizgan ke qarib. Jalwe khud lut rahe hain dukh-i-taban ke qarib." (Jigar).
9-40 a.m. Shiv Dayal Batesh. Thumri.
9-50 a.m. Mumtaz Begum. "Dard-i-dil ki unhen khabar na hui Koi tadbir kargar na hui." (Hasrat Mohani.)
1-0 p.m. "Dance Memories of the Past" (A Recorded Programme.)
5-30 p.m. A.I.R. Orchestra. Barari.
5-40 p.m. Shiv Dayal Batesh. Thumri.
5-50 p.m. Brinder Singh Rawat. "Dil se khayal-i-dost bhulaya na jaega. Sine men dagh hai keh mitaya na jaega." (Hali.)
6-0 p.m. Mumtaz Begum (Film Actress). Thumri Kaliyan.
6-10 p.m. Shiv Dayal Batesh. "Sauda tiri zulfon ka mire sar ke liye hai. Sar mera tire hijr me pathar ke liye hai." (Bekhud).
6-20 p.m. 1st News Bulletin and Weather Report (Hindustani).
6-30 p.m. 1st News Bulletin and Weather Report (English).
6-40 p.m. Brinder Singh Rawat. "Qalaq aur dil men siwa ho goya. Dilsa tumhara bala ho gaya." (Hali).
6-50 p.m. Malang Khan. Sur Bahar—Darbari Kandra
7-0 p.m. Shiv Dayal Batesh. Thumri.
7-20 p.m. Brinder Singh Rawat. Bhajan.
7-30 p.m. "For Villagers Only."
8-30 p.m. Debate (Hindustani): "New lamps for Old." No. 2. Is the present system of education consistent with the ideals of young India? Yes: Al-e-Ahmad Saroor. No: Dr. Aleem.
8-45 p.m. A.I.R. Orchestra. (Bridge of Sighs) "Maut ka Ghat."
8-55 p.m. Sketch (Hindustani): "Ratan Nath Sarshars Khoji." Presented by A. I. R. Artists.
9-15 p.m. 2nd News Bulletin and Weather Report. (Hindustani.)
9-30 p.m. Time Signal. 2nd News Bulletin and Weather Report (English).
9-45 p.m. Talk (English): "A visit to Norway." By Honor Leslie Mold.
10-0 p.m. B. S. Rawat. "Lakhon jatan kiye dil-i-betab ke liye Ankhen taras gai hain miri khab ke liye." (Bekhud.)
10-15 p.m. Mumtaz Begum. Thumri—Khammaj.
10-30 p.m. Shiv Dayal Batesh. Bhajan.
10-40 p.m. B. S. Rawat. Thumri

Calcutta Programmes

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s.
49.10 metres, 6,109 kc/s.

12-36 p.m. SB: A Studio Programme By T. E. Bevan & Co. Ltd. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Oceancraft and Rivercraft (If any).
1-36 p.m. Talk (Bengali): "Lord Buddha and Womanhood." By Priti Gupta.
2-6 p.m. Musical Selections.
2-36 p.m. Talk (Bengali): "Life of Bijoy Krishna Goswamy." By Bella Halder.
5-36 p.m. New Comer's Corner. Kshetramoni Dasi—Light Bengali Song.
5-51 p.m. Suhrid Chatterjee—Modern Bengali Song.
6-6 p.m. Talk (Bengali): "Chinchona." By Kamalendra Roy. Rural Reconstruction Talk. Instrumental Music.
6-26 p.m. The Calcutta Orchestra, conducted by Surendra Lall Das. Light Bengali Songs.
6-36 p.m. Abbasuddin Ahmad.
6-51 p.m. Dhirendra Nath Das.
7-6 p.m. The Calcutta Orchestra.
7-11 p.m. Vocal Music (Bengali). Binapany.
7-31 p.m. Pankaj Kumar Mullick.
7-46 p.m. The Calcuttaa Orchestra.
7-51 p.m. SB: News in English.
8-6 p.m. Light Classical Song by Benode Ganguly.
8-51 p.m. SB: General News Bulletin, Weather Forecast, Market Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates (In Bengali).
9-6 p.m. SB: A Studio Concert featuring Vocal, Orchestral and Humorous Items. Alternatively, if reception satisfactory. An Empire Programme relayed from Daventry.
10-6 p.m. SB: 2nd News Bulletin, Weather Forecast, Market Prices. Jute and Gunny Closing Rates (In English.)
10-21 p.m. SB: Dance Music from Studio.

About ninety mules imported by the Government of India, arrived by s. s. "Jehangir" yesterday for use of the Army. A mule in mid-air being unloaded.

NEW ELECTRICAL WIREMEN AND SUPERVISORS

Results Of Last July Examination

The following candidates have passed in the Examination of Electrical Supervisors and Wiremen held in Bombay, Poona and Ahmedabad in the month of July, 1936:—

BOMBAY:

SUPERVISORS.

J.G. Engineer, D.H. Bharucha, S.K. Daruvala, B. K. Mody, K. F. Vania, C. F. Bengalee, K. S. Homavajir, R. F. Lentin, D. M. Sevadia, D. B. Kapadia, B. P. Sheth, V. N. Mistri, S. Babamiya, O. B. Nikam, J. B. Raut.

WIREMEN.

A. Correa, A. K. Nair, S. B. Bhagwansingh, B. S. Kurwa, H. S. B. Tyabji, V. F. Pereira, M. G. Ghate, C. M. Phillips, A. V. Ramkrishna, F. D. Wadia, S. H. Madkikar, I. C. Salway, V. V. Jacob, L. Nilgiria, A. D'Silva, E. B. Rupa, M. G. Bijur, L. Alberts, W. Payne, V. D. Deshpande, D. C. Driver, L. S. Manku, B. R. Mhatre, V. M. Deshmukh, P. R. Ramuny, S. V. Redkar, V. S. Sawant, T. M. Chaudhari, A. V. Amberkar, S. A. Savant, G. Pochanna, J. D. Sidhaye, L. K. Rajput, N. G. Khare, Sk. M. H. Akbar, H. V. Maluste, S. G. Mhatre, V. Y. Tawade, J. Daniel, V. B. Marathe, R. A. Borkar, V. G. Joshi, P. N. Ruikar, D. L. Ambekar, N. G. Javkar, G. D. Navalkar, R. G. Mungekar, R. M. Kelkar, S. S. Divekar, M. B. Chaphekar, V. N. Nene, K. A. H. Mahomed, B. N. Boyolla, R. H. Sangvikar, M. S. Mulye, K. M. Shirgonkar, P. M. D'Souza, I. K. A. Khan, L. S. Mhatre, N. Balasaheb, S. I. S. Ebrahim, B. G. Desai, L. G. Patel, K. P. Pandya, F. S. Mehta, S. M. Supekar, H. K. Bharucha, C. V. Dhanak, N. B. Mistri, J. L. Parikh, S. C. Mohile, D. K. Desai, R. V. Patel, V. J. Shroff, F. T. Dalal, H. L. Rana, B. M. Desai, M. A. Kadri, R. F. Tata, J. B. Vatcha, M. K. Taraporwalla, M. J. Patell, M. K. Trivedi, R. M. Rajoolwala, R. Kasamally, S. Tayeballi, E. M. Jeevanji, M. A. Upadhya, V. N. Parikh, A. J. Paghadiwalla, A. H. Umar, K. A. Kadar, S. A. Sarung, B. Dawood, A. S. D. Kazi, H. K. Upadhye, S. Harnamsingh, S. B. S. Mahitab, A. R. E. Kazi, S. Z. A. Geoffry, A. B. Kazi, J. C. Fernandiz, S. A. W. S. Ahmed, J. S. Chopdar, G. Chandasingh, H. R. Naik, R. P. Nayyar, D. Wazir, Z. Kabirruddin, Sk. I. Sk. Adam, N. K. Abdulla, T. Lobo, K. T. Tarani, M. A. Khan, N. H. S. Hasan, M. Gulzamer, G. M. Mohamedshab, N. Ghulam, Gulzarsingh, M. Y. Sikandar, L. Mohamed.

POONA

SUPERVISORS

G. Y. Madan, K. V. Dhanorkar.

WIREMEN

G. G. Alekar, V. B. Apte, S. S. Kittur, G. V. Bhave, G. K. Padavale, S. T. Chavan, G. V. Bapat, D. S. Mali, S. V. Lagu, G. G. Phadke, S. N. Deshpande, B. P. Likte, J. D. Salvi, L. N, Khandale, B. K. Joshi, N. R. Purani, G. B. Marathe, B. T. Tonpe, F. D. Dimber, N. P. Thakur, D. H. Malwadkar, Y. M. Malve, B. G. Upasani, N. D. Poopal, K. D. Poopal, V. V. Patwardhan, M. V. Patwardhan, Y. G. Purohit, V. P. Sarvi, T. C. Bonde, V. G. Chavan, N. K. Naidu, V. C. Kittur, J. C. Mistry, M. N. Phadke, R. B. Umarani, V. G. Lele, K. Tayabally, R. K. Naidoo, D. Harnamsingh, S. Shamsingh, S. Balasundharam, S. I. S. Usoof, S. C. Kalur, A. L. J. Chopra, G. Bharigo, B. U. Bhadrapur, V. P. Mirchia, K. Ujagarsinghji, R. Lakhanpal, P. K. Hegde, P. Singh.

AHMEDABAD

SUPERVISORS

V. F. Parikh, U. H. Athalye, G. R. L. Anand, B. M. Gajjar, M. G. Tewari, D. I. Dholakia, A. J. Jani, J. N. Shukla, S. M. Trivedi, J. M. Patel.

WIREMEN

M. K. Bhatt, J. Hiralal, R. J. Amin, H. N. Pathak, M. D. Patel, N. C. Dave, N. Pranjivan, D. M. Bharucha, F. D. Mistry, K. U. Mehta, N. R. Panchal, D. B. Nacoom, O. K. Patel, R. R. Vyas, P. R. Dhruva, K. K. Shukla, V. K. Kathrecha, S. A. Raval, P. A. Vyas, N. M. Trivedi, H. B. Tripathi, A. H. Sindhi, G. D. Sur, D. G. Randeri, I. F. Bhavsar, G. L. Devlekar, G. A. Mehta, P. G. Shah, N. M. Iyer, H. G. Mehta, K. G. Patel, R. M. Shah, R. M. Modi, N. N. Bhagat, M. Fazalbhoy, D. F. Solanki, R. G. Vyas ,P. D. Vaishnav, A. C. Dave, C. L. Desai, B. R. Panchal, M. Valubhai, N. J. Patel, C. N. Pathak, N. G. Gaikwar, C. H. Shah, D. K. Oza, S. G. Oza, G. P. Patel, L. A. Pandya, C. M. Trivedi, I. H. Mansuri G. N. Patel, A. J. Patel, V. N. Misry, M. B. Mistry, K. Bhagatsingh, B. Udebhan, R. D. Bhatt, E. F. Barretto, D. R. Patel, D. M. Pancholi, C. M. Patel, V. A. Pathak, V. N. Vaidya, B. Edon, A. Malik, S. Umedsingh, J. H. Joshi, H B. Mistry.

LEPROSY and LEUCODERMA

Whatever extensive and however long-standing cured absolutely in four weeks. Success guaranteed. Particulars on request. KAMALA WORKS (B. C.), PANCHPOTA, (Bengal).

Amazing new relief for HEAD COLDS

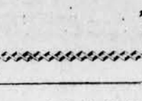
WHEN your head is all "stuffed up" with a head-cold or nasal catarrh you can get wonderfully quick relief with Vicks VapoRub, the world-famous vaporising ointment which has just been introduced here.

Simply melt a spoonful of VapoRub in a bowl of boiling water and inhale the steaming vapours for several minutes. These powerful, medicated vapours soothe the irritation, clear the head almost instantly and let you breathe freely again. Also insert a bit of VapoRub up each nostril.

For chest-colds, bronchitis, and other cold troubles, rub VapoRub on the throat and chest at bedtime. Then it is the natural heat of the body that releases the vapours. At the same time, VapoRub acts direct through the skin, "drawing out" tightness and pain. By morning, the worst of the cold is over.

FOR A FREE SAMPLE—Send this ad, your name and address, and ½ anna for postage to Muller & Phipps (Asia) Ltd., P.O. Box 773, Bombay. Or you can get VapoRub at all good chemists and bazaars. (112)

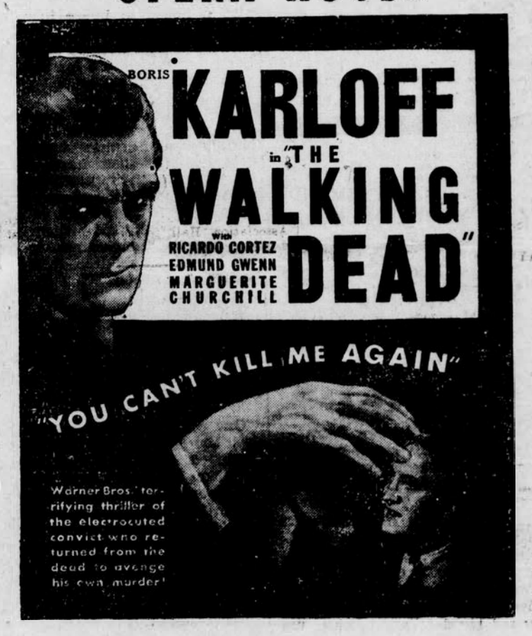
"Just Rub It On"



VICKS VAPORUB

TO-DAY 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

OPERA HOUSE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(Members of the Bombay Hing Merchants' Union),
Kariana Bazaar, BOMBAY 3.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Bhadarva Vad 12, 1992
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 25, 1355
Parsi: Farvardin 7, 1306
Hightide: 10-08; 22-14
Lowtide: 3-30; 16-28
Sunrice: 6h. 25m.
Sunset: 6h. 45m.
S. S. 'Strathaird' with English mails sails at 1 p.m.

Sunday, September 13.

Political Prisoners' Day: Public meeting at Congress House, 6 p.m.

Monday, September 14.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Tuesday, September 15.

Municipal By-Election in 'C' Ward, last day for nomination papers.

ARYA SAMAJ

At the Matunga Arya Samaj Mandir Pandit Vijayashanker will deliver a public lecture on "Essential things in a Religion" to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

JAMIAT-UL-MUSLIMEEN DEBATE

Under the auspices of the Jamiat-ul-Muslimeen, a debate will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. in the office of the Jamiat at 139-45 Bhendi Bazar, on "Whether the League of Nations is useful to the world".

BOMBAY MATHEMATICAL COLLOQUIUM

The annual general meeting of the Colloquium will be held in the Royal Institute of Science (Room No. 11) at 4 p.m. to-day (Saturday).

IN AID OF ST. JOHN (JEWISH) AMBULANCE

Grand Variety Entertainment St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas "Jewish Division" will be held at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall to-morrow Sunday, at 6 p.m. (S.T.)

"GUJARATI POETRY"

Under the auspices of the Gujarati Sahitya Parishad Prof. Jyotindra H. Dave will deliver a public lecture on "Gujarati Poetry during 1852-1904" at the St. Xavier's College Gujarati Institute to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m.

LECTURE ON KURAN

Under the auspices of the Kuranic Society, a public lecture will be delivered on "Kuran and its teachings" on every Sunday on the premises of the Anjuman-e-Islam High School, near Bori Bunder Station from 5 p.m. to 6 p.m. (S.T.)

BOMBAY ANDHRA CO-OP. CREDIT SOCIETY

The Hon. Secretary of the Bombay Andhra Co-op. Credit Society writes: The fourth annual general meeting of the Society will be held at the Society's premises, Palm Mansions, Parsi Colony, Dadar to-morrow (Sunday) at 3-15 p.m. (S.T.)

Immediately after the meeting there will be a 'Social' at 5-15 p.m. (S.T.) when all Andhras are invited to attend.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"Where There's a Will" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 4 p.m.
REGAL—"Love in Exile" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 4 p.m.
ROXY—"Achhut Kanya" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, 2-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Abu Hassan" Daily at 6-30 p.m. only
OPERA HOUSE—"The Walking Dead" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"The King Steps Out" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"Jahanala Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 3-30 p.m.
WEST END—"Lahiri Lal" Time as usual.
CENTRAL—"The Great Ziegfeld" Daily at 2, 6 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Hot Blood" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morow at 2-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amar Jyoti" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jivan Lata" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Shavkari Pash" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
GLOBE—"Jawani-Ka-Nasha" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
NOVELTY TALKIES—"A Girl from Lahore" Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.

WILSON COLLEGE 1935.

A general meeting and annual gathering of the Wilson College "1935" will be held to-day Saturday at 5-30 p.m.

SUGAR MARKET CLOSED

Bombay Sugar Market remained closed on Friday on account of the sad death of Seth Hooseinbhai Hasambhai J.P., a prominent Sugar Merchant.

POSTAL NOTICE

Parcels tor Germany direct per s.s. "Laulerfels" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 12 noon on Tuesday the 15-9-36.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION

There will be a musical concert by Master Chidanand D. Nagarkar in the Association Hall to-day Saturday, at 9 p.m. (S.T.)

KETWAR ART INSTITUTE

The 21st annual social gathering of the Ketkar's Art Institute, Bombay and Dadar will be held to-day (Saturday) and to-morrow Sunday at the Peoples' Jinnah Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road. Mr. Kanaiyalal Vakil will preside To-day Saturday: Vocal Music at 9-30 p.m. by Prof. G. A. Joshi of Aundh. To-morrow Sunday: At 4 p.m. Miscellaneous programme of music.

TWO NEW JUDGES FOR HIGH COURT

Additional Appointments To Clear Off Arrears

"The Bombay Chronicle" learns that the Government have it in contemplation to appoint two new additional Judges of Bombay High Court.

The appointments will, probably, be made as from November 2nd.

It is hoped that this will result in a speedy clearance of the arrears that have accumulated. The appointments will be for two years in the first instance but may ultimately become permanent.

Rumour in legal circles has it that Mr. M. P. Engineer, the well-known Barrister, and Mr. Wasoodev, I.C.S., at present an Acting Judge, will be selected for the new additional judgeships.

It is also rumoured in the High Court Bar Library that Mr. K. C. Sen, I.C.S., who is at present acting, will be appointed to the vacancy to be caused by Mr. Justice Barlee's retirement next year.

"F" WARD CONGRESS

The monthly meeting of the Council of Management of the "F" Ward District Congress Committee will be held to-day Saturday at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Committee's office Poibavdi, Parel.

MUSICAL ART CIRCLE LALBAUG

Under the auspicious of the above Circle a programme of light Indian music will be played by Miss Tarabai of Gadag to-day Saturday at Sabaji Sawalaram Meher Hall (Sawanta Hall Bhuwan) opposite Byculla station at 10 p.m.

"IS WORLD PEACE POSSIBLE"?

Under the auspices of the South Indian Association, Bombay, Mr. K. K. S. Ayer, will deliver a lecture on 'Is world peace possible?' at 5-30 p.m. to-day Saturday, at the Association Hall, Matunga. Mr. K. Malayappa Iyer, will preside.

KSHATRIYA UNION CLUB

The Competitive Examinations by the Kshatriya Union Club of the Pathare Kshatriya Community will be held to-day Saturday and to-morrow Sunday in their new building at 70-D Chhubildas Road, Dadar, Bombay from 1 to 7 p.m. (S.T.)

KANCHI SWAMI'S ARRIVAL

His Holiness Prathivadi Bayankaram Krishnamacharya Swami of Kanchi will arrive in Bombay from Madras at 4-0 p.m. to-day (Saturday) and will be taken in procession to the temple at Fanaswadi by the disciples of the Mutt.

SOCIAL WORKERS' TRAINING CLASS

The Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day Saturday at the Social Service League's Head Office at the Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon. Principal P. J. Shroff, will deliver a lecture on "Social Aspect of the Bombay Prevention of Prostitution Act" from 6 p.m to 7 p.m.

KETKAR ART INSTITUTE SOCIAL

At Jinnah Hall

The Ketkar's Art Institute, Bombay and Dadar will celebrate its 21st Annual Social Gathering to be held on the 12th and 13th September, 1936 at Peoples' Jinnah Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road, (Girgaon Back Road). Mr. Kanaiyalal Vakil, B.A. LL.B. has kindly consented to preside.

The Sunday programme includes 1 Fiddle (Prof. Parsekar, Radio Star); 2 Welcome Song. 3 Annual Meeting. 4 Physical Feats. (Prof. David & Co.); 5 Mimics. (Prof. Tarkar); 6 Flute, (Master Manjrekar); 7 Tableaux, (Students).

CONCERT AT KHAR

Under the auspices of the Bombay Suburban South Indian Society, Khar, there will be a music (vocal) performance by Miss Rajam of Madura on Sunday the 13th instant at 4 p.m. at the C. K. P. Club Hall, Linking Road, Khar

SILK MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

The Silk Market remained closed yesterday Friday, in accordance with the resolution passed by the Special Meeting of the Managing Committee of the Association on account of the sad death of Seth Lalloobhai Pitambar, one of the members of the Association.

EX-STUDENTS UNION ISMAIL COLLEGE

Under the auspices of the Ex-Students Union Ismail College, Andheri, a meeting of the ex-students of the Ismail College will be held to-morrow (Sunday), at 3 p.m. at The Bohra Youth League Hall 129, Nasrullah Mansion Abdul-Rehman Street.

NATIONALIST CHRISTIAN PARTY

The annual general meeting of The Nationalist Christian Party will be held on Saturday the 19th inst. at 5 p.m. (S.T.) in The People's Jinnah Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road, to transact the annual business including election of office-bearers for the ensuing year.

PATHARE PRABHU SOCIAL SAMAJ

Under the Special Lecture Series, Dr. Narayan Damodar Savarkar will deliver a lecture on Revolution in Hindu Society in Marathi to-day Saturday, at 5 p.m. (S.T.) in the N. D. Prabhu Seminary Hall, Bhai Jivanji Lane, Thakurdwar, Bombay. Mr. M. N. Talpade, will preside.

HINDI EXAMINATIONS

The Secretary, Hindi Prachar Sabha, writes:—

The candidates who have applied for the ensuing Prathmic Madhyama and Rashtra Bhasha examinations are informed that the examinations will be held to-morrow (Sunday) from 11 a.m. at Dadar, the Indian Education Society's Girls' High School, opposite the B. B. and C. I. Rly. Station, and at Girgaum; the Gokhale Education Society High Sschool opp. Jinnah Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road. The candidates are requested to be present at 10-30 a.m. sharp at their respective centres. Hall-Tickets can be had from their Pracharaks or at the office of the Sabha, Hughes Road, Motor House, Bombay 7.

ACHIEVEMENTS OF PARSIS

Greetings To Community On Eve Of New Year

The Parsis were congratulated by the leaders of sister communities on their fine achievements in the past at Sir C. J. Hall on Friday evening where a gathering was arranged by the Rathstart Mandal to celebrate the Khordadsal. Sir J. C. Koyaji presided.

Mr. C. H. Tyrrell said he was in India for the past 16 years and had come in contact with the Parsis socially as well as in business and had cultivated great regard for them. He thought it was wonderful that a small community, not even a lakh in number, should command respect of the whole world. He advised Parsi boys and girls to join Boy Scouts and Girls Guides movements.

Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai also spoke on the wonderful adaptability of the Parsis and their leadership in all walks of life. Whether it was industry, politics, trade, commerce or education, he said, the Parsis were the pioneers. He wished on behalf of the Hindu community a very happy and prosperous New Year to the Parsi community.

MAYOR'S GREETINGS

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, the Mayor, who was not able to come sent the following message which was read at the meeting:

"It will not be possible for me to be present at your annual Parsi Khordadsal gathering to be held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall. In the circumstances, I beg to send my cordial greetings to the Parsi brothers and sisters on this auspicious occasion and to express the wish that the Parsi community will continue to be in the vanguard of progress, helping suffering humanity with their cosmopolitan charities without distinction of caste, creed and race. I greatly appreciate the idea of bringing the Zoroastrians and the non-Zoroastrians together on the same platform on sacred occasions like this."

WELCOME TO TRIPURA MAHARAJA

Addresses Presented At Public Meeting

Addresses, paying glowing tributes were presented to the Maharaja of Tripura on Friday evening at a public meeting held at the Marwari Vidyalaya Hall. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, the Mayor of Bombay, presided.

The function had been arranged by Swami B. H. Bon., Preacher in Charge of the Gaudiya Mission, London, to welcome the Maharaja and the Maharani on their return from their European Tour. Swami Bon, has been making efforts towards the building of a temple and an Ashram in London, for the Vaishnavites. The Maharaja has promised to defray the expenses towards the building of the temple.

The Rani of Tripura, could not be present at the function.

Among the organisations that presented addresses were the Gaudiya Math and the Bengal Club.

Swami Bon addressed the gathering and explained in detail the project that he had undertaken and said that he had so far got very good encouragement.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta paid tributes both to the Swamiji for the work that he had been carrying on and His Highness for his generous contribution.

The Maharaja of Tripura replied in suitable terms.

Before the function commenced, a Guard of Honour was given by the Swastik League Volunteers under Dr. Gole. His Highness appreciated the work of the League very much and said that such organisations should be encouraged.

POLITICAL PRISONERS' DAY

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee announce that in pursuance of the appeal made by Babu Rajendra Prasad, the President of the All-India Political Prisoners' Committee and the statement thereon by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the President of the Indian National Congress, Sunday, September 13, will be observed as "Political Prisoners' Day" in the City of Bombay. To commemorate this day, there will be a public meeting of the citizens of Bombay at Congress House on Sunday, 13th September at 6 p.m. (S.T.).

IN AID OF NEW ENGLISH SCHOOL

The Star Dramatic Amateurs will stage their popular play "Prem. Rahasya" in aid of New English School, Grant Road, to-day (Saturday) between 4 and 8 p.m. in the Victoria Theatre, Grant Road. The play will be followed by a singing concert of Miss Indira Wadkar of Huns Pictures. Sheth Dwarkadas Subhivandas will preside.

IN AND AROUND — BOMBAY —

(FROM OUR STAFF CORRESPONDENTS)

A Chowpatty Eye-sore

The huts on the Chowpatty foreshore are an eye-sore to the public and many a time an agitation has been set on foot for their removal. It appears, however, nothing could be done for their removal except to mitigate the nuisance to a certain extent. The Chowpatty foreshore belongs to the Government and is handed over to the Municipality for maintenance under a lease. One of the conditions of the lease is that, nine huts previously allowed on the foreshore should be allowed to remain. These huts are not used for dwelling purposes, but for keeping boats and fishing tackle. No action, therefore, can be taken by the Municipality for their removal. The Municipality, however, has been removing unauthorised huts from time to time. In order to prevent unauthorised huts springing up and render their detection easy, the Collector of Bombay has proposed that instead of an independent hut for each boat at present there should be a common pavilion for the nine boats. This might mitigate the nuisance.

The Deccan Queen

The most luxurious train in the country on regular service will go, if the rumours that the G.I.P. Railway authorities are contemplating the discontinuance of the running of the "Deccan Queen" materialise. By its very nature the service is not a paying proposition to the railway company and the service would not have had any justification but for the fact that Poona is the seat of the Government during the monsoon and that it is the headquarters of the Provincial Services in several departments. But it does not appear to be wise that the service should be discontinued once and for all. It is likely that if facilities of third-class travelling are provided on the service, it may yet prove a success. It would be better if the authorities try out the experiment for, say, a period of three months.

Bharat Weaving And Spinning Co., Ltd.

Mr. V. V. Jerajani writes:—

The annual general meeting of the Bharat Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., is due to be held on Monday 14th instant at 5 p.m. at the registered office of the Company.

The Directors report and balance sheet for the year ending 31st March, 1936, will be presented to the shareholders.

I had asked some questions to the Managing Agents and requested them to reply me in writing, which they have refused to do but they have agreed to reply me orally. It is the right of the Shareholders to get necessary information in writing about the balance sheet which they are asked to approve. I am going to raise this question at this annual meeting.

At the previous annual meeting the question about the fall in value of the shares of the Company was discussed; a further discussion will be made at this meeting.

The shareholders who have invested their moneys in this Mill Company are requested to be present at this meeting in full force.

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(THE SLEEPER AWAKENED)

with a cast of 100 PLAYERS!

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HARINDRANATH as "Abu Hassan," SUNALINI DEVI as "Sherin" and the first appearance in India of INDRADEV—the famous dancer from Paris!

GORGEOUS SETTINGS!
HAUNTING MUSIC!
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BENJAMIN STUBBINS Sillycitor
first as JULIUS CÆSAR
then as SANTA CLAUS
in his pursuit of the bank bandits
WILL HAY
"WHERE THERE'S A WILL"

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GRANDEST OF ALL MUSICAL LOVE DRAMAS!

The great star of "One Night of Love" ... thrilling you anew!

Grace Moore

THE KING STEPS OUT
Franchot Tone
WALTER CONNOLLY
Music by KREISLER
Directed by JOSEF VON STERNBERG
A COLUMBIA PICTURE

6 marvelous new love songs!

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1936

WANTED IMMEDIATE RELIEF

Referring to the rainfall in the Presidency during the last few days, the Finance Member stated in the Bombay Legislative Council on Thursday that the situation as far as Gujarat was concerned was entirely changed. That was an unfortunate and misleading remark to be made by a responsible official, as it might give one the impression that the situation in Gujerat gave no longer cause for anxiety. This impression is all the more likely in view of the more misleading headline in the "Times of India": "Famine Averted In Panch Mahal, Baroda and Gujerat." The real facts of the situation are that in several districts in Gujerat and Maharashtra famine conditions actually prevail, though perhaps they are not—we are not sure about this—to-day so terrible as to permit Government, under the strict interpretation of the Famine Code, to declare famine in the stricken areas, in the normal sense of such declaration, and to permit the immediate adoption of all the relief measures sanctioned by the Code.

Irretrievable Damage

There is by general consent acute scarcity of fodder, food and water in various parts. Numerous men and cattle are on the verge of starvation. Whether the reported deaths from starvation were due to starvation only or to illness caused or aggravated by starvation makes little difference. The rains during the last few days are doubtless providential but they can appreciably relieve the situation only if they continue sufficiently long at proper intervals. That is certainly a big "if." Even if the present rains continue to be satisfactory, they cannot wholly redeem the damage already wrought by the last prolonged drought. In various places the Kharif crops are irretrievably destroyed and no rains can revive than. This has naturally made food and fodder extremely scarce and dear and the people have not the wherewithal to purchase them. Let it be remembered that the scarcity has come on the top of prolonged privations due to continued agricultural depression. If the present rains continue satisfactorily, the late crops may end the present scarcity, but in any case it will be some months before the crops will be available. Till then numerous men and cattle will need to be relieved in their distress.

Use Famine Fund

It is a common danger in famines, as in some diseases, that in the initial stage one is inclined to hope too long against hope and one discovers too late the folly and cruelty of "wait and see" methods. Government should beware of this danger. It will be easier for them to organise relief operations now as the affected people are well and strong enough to do useful work and earn their bread without being a charge on Government. Among other methods of relief these very men may be utilised in digging fresh wells and tanks wherever necessary and in deepening existing ones. This work, being of a permanent character, will make it easier to combat famines in the future. We are happy to learn that the Bhil Seva Mandal is already engaged in such beneficent work and also in supplying grain at cheap rates to the stricken people. The Mandal needs to be generously helped by the Government and the public alike. But, after all, what can non-official organizations do when the scarcity is so widespread? Government must themselves start immediately all the necessary relief operations and if they do their duty promptly they will get co-operation from local bodies and organizations like the Congress. They should no longer hesitate to use the Famine Fund for the purpose. Mr. K. F. Nariman points out how in the past they have made raids on the Fund even for normal administrative purposes. They can use it with much greater justification in relief distress caused by scarcity. It is needless to add that, when there is any scarcity, Government should be so humane as to spare the people the drastic coercive methods in recovering their dues, such as were recently used by them in a number of villages in the Ahmedabad district, as admitted by the Revenue Member in the Council. We are glad the Gujerat Congress Committee has published its plans of relief. Government can always count upon the co-operation of Congress organizations if they are fully alive to their responsibilities instead of underestimating them.

Question For Muslim Leaguers

Where public feelings and sentiments are concerned it is not at all unusual for the Government of India to face them, if we may say so, by hiding themselves behind technicalities. Sir N. N. Sircar's objection to Syed Murtuza's adjournment motion on Palestine is an instance in point. He took refuge behind the letter of the wording of the motion in regard to Martial Law. Martial Law has not been declared, but Sir Nripendra Nath knows exactly what is meant by the despatch of troops to Palestine and the statement issued by the Colonial Office. Then, again, he very cleverly asked when the Government failed to inform the British Government of the strong feeling of Indian Muslims. The answer is: When did they not?

But all this, however correct and true, would, of course, have been ruled out as technically irrelevant.

We are, however, not surprised at the attitude of the Government of India which merely confirms their well-known lack of sympathy with real Muslim, or for that matter, Indian feelings. They are a subordinate branch of the British administration and must feel and act as the latter does and would have them do. The question is: What are the Muslim "leaders" going to do? The other day we asked the Aga Khans, Chhataris etc. if they owed any obligations, as Muslim leaders, in respect of the Palestine question. To-day we address the same question to Mr. Jinnah and his followers. Will they and the Muslim League answer?

Sensible But—

The British Trade Union Congress, which is holding its annual session at Plymouth, has done a sensible thing in endorsing the policy of non-intervention in the Spanish crisis—under certain very necessary conditions. Accepting the fact that neither the British Government nor the Labour Movement is prepared to risk a war for the defence of liberty and democracy, the only alternative is neutrality and non-intervention. For, "in the absence of an agreement various Powers" as Sir Walter Citrine pointed out, "would be entitled to send munitions to Spain. If anybody could supply munitions it would be Italy and Germany, and the only answer would be a blockade of the coasts of Spain, possibly leading to military action". But the Labour Movement must "dare" to see that the British Government works for a strict observance of the agreement on the part of Italy and Germany. It must also work to ensure that open interference by Portugal on behalf of the rebels ceases immediately. Without this latter non-intervention cannot succeed, for the simple reason that Italy and Germany can help the rebels through Portugal.

CHAMPION OF INDIA'S FREEDOM

Late Dr. Sunderland

(By Chaman Lal)

India's best friend in America has been snatched away by the cruel hand of destiny.

No other foreigner had served India so sincerely and selflessly as the late Rev. Dr. Jabez T. Sunderland. He served India with brain, pen and money right to his last days.

Only last month I received an article (perhaps the last he wrote) from his pen which despite his being 94 years old, he could hold with a strong grip.

His death is an irreparable loss to the cause of India in America. It was his sincere desire to see India free. Alas, he could not realise his dream in his life time.

His death is a great personal loss to me, since he was making several plans to make my coming visit to America of the best use to India.

I am sure my country men would read the life story of a stalwart friend and a great benefactor with interest.

Born an English Man

This great champion of the cause of India's freedom was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1842 and was taken to America by his parents at the age of two.

It was in the "Land of Liberty" that he learnt to love freedom for others as well as for himself.

Educated in America

He was educated at the University of Chicago from where he graduated in 1867. He obtained his Master's degree in 1869 and the degree of Doctor of Divinity of Tufts University in 1870, when he was ordained to the Baptist Ministry. He had been a pastor at a number of important churches in the United States and Canada.

Visit to India

He first came to India in 1895 on a commission from the British Unitarian Association to study and report upon the educational, social and religious conditions of our people.

It was during his stay in India that he came into contact with most of the social reformers and especially the Brahmo Samaj leaders.

Love For India

When I met him last year at his cottage at Annarbor, he recalled with great pleasure his visit to India and his association with social workers in India, especially the veteran journalist, Sjt. Ramanand Chaterjee, of whose friendship he was very proud. He felt extremely sorry for not having met Mahatma Gandhi and in a letter to the Mahatma (which he gave me) he prayed that India may soon be free.

For more than three decades he took a very keen interest in India and was one of the staunch advocates of "India for Indians."

Expert on Indian Problem

For years he was a non-resident lecturer on Sociology and the religions of India in Theological School in Meadsville, Pennsylvania and New York. Since his return from India he had been a devoted student of Indian History, Literature, Art, Civilisation and especially social political and economic problems.

In 1913-1914 he was Billings Lecturer of the American Unitarian Association to India, China and Japan.

While in India, Dr. Sunderland was president of the All-India Theistic Conference. On return to America he took a still greater part in Indian affairs.

He was president of the India Information Bureau of New York (1918-22), was Editor of "Young India" started by Lala Lajpat Rai (1918-21) and president of the India Society of America (1923-28)

He was president of "The American League for India's Freedom" and Vice-President of "All World Gandhi Fellowship."

A Great Author

The Rev. Doctor used to contribute extensively to Indian periodicals and special numbers of leading papers. Out of his twenty-five books, five were published in India. His book "India in Bondage" had recently been brought up to date by the addition of 8 new chapters. It is published by Lewis Copeland Inc. of 200, Fifth Avenue, New York City, at a nominal price of one dollar per copy. In England it is available from "The Friends of India Society," 46 Lancaster Gate, London.

But no Indian is permitted to bring this book to India and I had to leave Dr. Sunderland's presentation copy on board the "Victoria" for the use of passengers.

This book is of great value to students of Indian Politics and one who is armed with a copy of this can challenge any opponent of Indian freedom to a debate and the victory is assured. I found it most helpful during my lecture tour in America where some Englishmen often tried to prove

(Continued on Page 19)

Companies Law Amendment Bill

What A Balance-Sheet Form Should Be

By P. D. SHAMDASANI
IX.

IX

In my previous eight articles I have drawn the pointed attention of all concerned to some of the fundamental defects in the law governing joint stock companies as regards (i) powers of directors; (ii) removal of directors; (iii) disqualifications of directors; (iv) election of directors; (v) accounts and balance sheet and (vi) form of balance sheet. In my last two articles I have fully dealt with the questions raised therein, namely, what a balance sheet shows and what it does not reveal which are of considerable importance to all concerned with a balance sheet of a joint stock company. In this article I feel it incumbent upon me to give a form of balance sheet which would exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the company's affairs as shown by the books of the company to enable the shareholders (who are really the proprietors) of the company as also the members of the general public who have their dealings with the company to form a correct idea of the financial position of the company and a correct appreciation of the management of the business of the company by its directors.

I am clearly of opinion that the balance sheet of a public company can be presented in a form which would indicate the position of affairs more clearly than at present.

It may be said that whatever the form in which the accounts were submitted, the average shareholder would not understand them. There is some truth in this argument, but if by remodelling the balance sheet the financial position can be made more apparent, the fact that long usage has led to the adoption of a stereotyped form should not alone stand in the way of a change.

Two Vital Points

It would seem possible so to frame a balance sheet that two points of particular interest to every creditor and every shareholder of every company are emphasized, viz.:—

(a) The amount of working capital available.

(b) The extent to which the share capital is represented by fixed assets, the value of which varies with the earning power of the business.

Further, there would appear to be no objection to a memorandum in the form of notes appearing at the foot of the balance sheet explaining the basis upon which the value of certain assets had been ascertained, and generally supplementing the information contained therein.

In their report on clause 100, the Select Committee state as follows:—

"We have made certain amendments in the proposals contained in this clause for alteration of Form F, Balance-Sheet, prescribed in the Third Schedule. We have re-drafted the clause so that it shall itself present the complete Form as now amended by us, instead of merely containing a list of the alterations that are to be inserted in the existing form. Such alterations as we have made in the proposals of the Bill have been actuated by the desire to improve the Form from an accountancy point of view."

Doubtless the Select Committee have given effect to the alterations they have made in the proposals of the Bill and have improved the form from an accountancy point of view. But I am afraid they have not so framed the form of balance sheet as to emphasise the aforesaid two points of particular interest to every creditor and every shareholder of every company. In the result every creditor and every shareholder of every company will have to unravel the tangled skein of the annual accounts of the company as presented to him in the Balance Sheet in the statutory Form prescribed. To unravel the tangled skein of the annual accounts is an art in which almost all the creditors and shareholders of joint stock companies are uninitiated.

The Key-note

For the aforesaid reasons I would strongly urge that the following form of balance sheet be substituted for the existing one as altered by the Select Committee. I need hardly say that the form of balance sheet drawn up by me would exhibit a true and correct view of the state of affairs of a company with a definiteness and exactness hitherto unknown. The aforesaid two points of particular interest to every creditor and every shareholder of every company are emphasized herein. The key note of a balance sheet should be information on these material points in which the creditors and shareholders of every company are most vitally interested and not concealment. A Balance Sheet without such information is worthless to the creditors and shareholders of joint stock companies.

It will be admitted on all hands that the necessity and urgency of tightening up the Law governing joint stock companies and freeing it from the fundamental defects to which atten-

(Continued on Page 10.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

AN AMUSING FLUTTER

Herr Hitler's outspoken reference to the question of the German demand for colonies has again caused a flutter in British dovecotes, which is all very amusing. The wind which Versailles statesmen sowed was, in recent years, affectionately tended by Britain. But now that the whirlwind demands with stormy vigour to be reaped, Britishers are complaining loudly against it. They have themselves to blame. They ought to have considered the consequences of their connivance—for that is what their attitude amounts to—at Nazi defiance of international commitments in other spheres. But there is yet time for Britain to call a peremptory halt to Herr Hitler by letting him know that all his proposed adventures will be firmly resisted by Britain also.

BALDWIN'S ILLNESS.

Mr. Baldwin's mental and physical fatigue owing to which his medical advisers have ordered him a further spell of rest cure is evidently more "serious" than one could gather from the last cable about him. According to our London correspondent the good Premier has been very ill. Very ill indeed. As our correspondent points out Mr. Baldwin has not been taking any part in public affairs at all for some time. So complete has been his retreat that he did not attend the signing of the Egyptian Treaty or the Cabinet meeting which took decisions on such a grave question as the Spanish crisis. He even failed to attend his son's wedding. All this leads to the obvious conclusion—the ground is being carefully and artistically prepared for his retirement from Premiership. Mr. Neville Chamberlain personality seems to have proved irresistibly overwhelming. And the point that is to be noted both in Britain and abroad is that Mr. Chamberlain is a 100 per cent conservative, almost a diehard Tory.

THE WAY TO AMNESTY

To a question in the Legislative Assembly whether political prisoners would be given a general amnesty at the time of the inauguration of the new Constitution the Home Member gave an unreservedly negative reply. That will surprise none. Government themselves know the worthlessness of the Constitution and the popular hostility to it. They know that its inauguration is hardly a matter for jubilation and that the hostility cannot be diminished by an amnesty. People will be surprised if there is not more repression on the eve of the election. A general amnesty can come only when there is a general settlement between the people and the Government. That settlement may now seem far off but its advent can be expedited if people organize themselves in perfect unity under the lead of the Congress and carry out its mandates right loyally.

UNIVERSITY VOTERS' DUTY

It was a foregone conclusion that Mr. K. M. Munshi, who had offered to stand as a candidate for the Bombay Legislative Assembly from the University Constituency, would be accepted by the Bombay Parliamentary Committee as its nominee and that Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the All-India Congress Parliamentary Board, would endorse the nomination, Mr. Munshi represented the University in the present Council even before he added to his many qualifications his splendid services to the Congress during the last national struggle led by it. Patriotic voters of the constituency owe it to themselves and Mr. Munshi to ensure his success by a thumping majority if there must be a rival candidate at all.

PETTY RESTRICTIONS

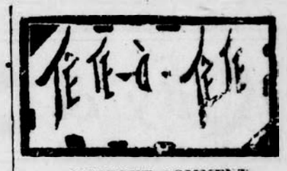
Questions in the Assembly have elicited further details of the petty restrictions imposed on Subhas Bose. As if the detention without trial was not enough, he has been subjected to vexatious humiliations which do little credit to those responsible for their imposition. The Home Member admitted that the correspondence of Mr. Bose is censored, visitors may not see him without special permission and he cannot go beyond a certain distance of the house. As to whether Mahatma Gandhi was refused an interview with Mr. Subhas Bose and Pandit Jawaharlal's letter was not delivered, Sir Henry took refuge behind the convenient official plea "I have no knowledge of that". About the refusal of the Government to supply nationalist papers to Mr. Bose, the Home Member significantly evaded a straight reply. Such harassment of a respected national leader, detained without proper trial, while most reprehensible, is but one prominent instance of the flagrant disregard of Civil Liberties by the Government.

OPIUM SMOKING

In reply to a question in the Bombay Legislative Council the Excise Minister stated there were about 49 opium smoking dens in Bombay City. That is an underestimation. Facilities provided by the benign Government for the purchase of opium are so liberal that the number of smoking dens in the city may well run into three figures. Nor are Government in any haste to prohibit opium smoking. For though they have brought forward a Bill to prevent opium smoking in parties of two or more, they say in the statement of objects and reasons that as "the habit of opium smoking is deep-rooted among Chinese, fakirs and others, a sudden total prohibition of opium smoking is not desirable" and "individual smoking in a restricted and limited degree should therefore be allowed for some time to come." Opium smokers will thank Government for the concession. But the public must think differently.

L'AFFAIRE AMARNATH

It is to be hoped that the Committee of Inquiry, which is proposed to be set up to consider what is now generally known as the Amarnath affair, will be asked to investigate not only the particular incident of Amarnath's dismissal, but also all other cognate matters connected with the tour of the Indian Cricket Team. That tour has been notoriously mismanaged, and much dirty linen will obviously have to be washed after the return of our players in a few weeks' time. The outrageous treatment meted out to Amarnath was not an isolated instance of its type; various allegations of ill-treatment of particular players have been rife both in England and in this country for a long time now. It is, therefore, necessary that the terms of reference of the Inquiry Committee ought to be as wide as possible, and that it should contain, at least, one person intimately associated with Indian cricket. The report of the Committee ought to be valuable not only as a post-mortem verdict, but also as a guidance for the future.



WITHOUT COMMENT

I

"Government cannot concede the fundamental changes demanded by the Arabs, which would betray British interests, the Mandate and the Jews and make the Arabs masters of Palestine's future."

—"Manchester Guardian," the well-known British Liberal paper.

II

"The declaration, coupled with the sending of the First Division, should cause Arabs to think again and realise that their only course is to accept the generous offer made to them."

—"Daily Herald", the well-known British Socialist paper.

* * * *

"The Viceroy granted an interview to Maulana Shaukat Ali on Thursday."

—News Item.

And told the Maulana that the Palestine crisis was no concern of the Governor-General whereupon the Maulana left for Mr. Jinnah's hotel who, after a solemn lecture on the position, policy and programme of Indian Muslims assured the Maulana that he knew nothing about the Palestine affairs?

* * * *

When, objected Sir N. N. Sircar in the Assembly, did the omission or failure (of the Government of India to bring to the notice of His Majesty's Government the strong feeling in India over the situation in Palestine) take place?

We congratulate the Law Member on the brilliance of his question. It is unanswerable. You can't reduce to a point of time what is continuous.

* * * *

Sir Hyde Gowan, Governor of the Central Provinces, has returned from his leave.

This is not, however, to be regarded as ensuring immunity to people who might have the temerity to say "Good morning Mr. Raghavendra Rao."

* * * *

"JEWISH BOLSHEVISM MENACE TO THE WORLD"

Dr. Goebbels' Warning

—Headlines.

We don't know about that. But Britain-ised Jewish National Homism is certainly a menace to Palestine and the Near East.

* * * *

"The Ministry of Labour," we read, "is taking steps to secure the provision of adequate medical services at centres of instruction for unemployed juveniles since health is an important factor in getting and keeping the employment for which they are trained."

Lest you felt like congratulating the Labour Member and the Governor-General in Council and making them blush deeply on your compliments we ought to point out that the reference is to the Ministry of Labour at 'Home."

* * * *

The German claims to Colonies, says the London "Times," will not be seriously considered "except in relation to a general settlement and in return for the practical renunciation by Germany of war as an instrument of policy."

Peace is good, but peace at the expense of other people's rights and property is evdently better.

Long live European civilisation. Long live British Imperialism.

* * * *

According to a Tangiers message a German cruiser and a Portuguese destroyer have left for Portugal.

The news might yield interesting results to a geographical interpretation of German neutrality in Spanish affairs.

* * * *

CHINA'S THREE FRONTS

—Headline.

Are they:—

(1) Japan,

(2) "Boxer Rebellion" Powers and

(3) General Chiang Kai Shek?

* * * *

"Germany to purchase Goa?" asks a headline.

"Hark the ghoul's at our gates"!

* * * *

Author: "Do you notice anything outstanding and original in my work?"

Editor: "Yes, the spelling."

Company Law In Assembly

Sarkar's Reference To "Lost Labour"

LOBBY INTERPRETATION

Jinnah-Bajpai Duel Attracts Attention

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

SIMLA: September 11.

Strangely ominous were the Law Member's closing words to-day in the debate on the Companies Bill. He said: "I am neither too optimistic nor too pessimistic. When after the consideration of the amendments, the Bill reaches the final shape, then it will be the time for congratulation or condolence for the lost labour."

Lobby talks connect the words with his declaration yesterday that the period of twenty years, fixed in the Bill for the existing Managing Agents, is the limit to which the Government is prepared to go.

It is asked whether in case the House carries Pt. G. V. Pant's amendment and defeats Government on this issue, the Law Member would prefer to withdraw the Bill altogether? That, in certain circles, is regarded as the significance of the Law Member's reference to "condolence for lost labour."

Sir N. N. Sircar explained in his concluding remarks that every provision of the Bill was the resultant of two opposing factors—firstly, proved abuses, which had to be rectified, and secondly, the danger that any steps taken to remedy some defect somewhere may prove an intolerable burden on the majority.

AGAINST INTERFERENCE.

Amidst Opposition cheers, the Law Member unequivocally declared that he was opposed in principle to interference in business by extraneous bodies, and that, therefor, he was against vesting officials with undue power. He announced that there were five hundred amendments, of which nearly 300 were effective.

Breezy scenes marked the question-hour to-day, thanks largely to Mr. Kabiruddin Ahmed's characteristic interruptions.

His question whether there were not "some members in the House who were incompetent to enact laws" was the subject of a point of order by Mr. Satyamurti, and it was ultimately ruled out as unparliamentary by the Chair. This was followed by the Jinnah-Bajpai duel, which also attracted much attention.

To Mr. Aney's suggestion that the summary showing the action taken on the recommendations of the Agricultural Commission may be supplied to members. Sir G. Bajpai said, members could easily take trouble to get the necessary information from the biennial reports published by Government.

JINNAH'S RETORT.

Mr. Jinnah interjected Rs. 20 per day was not enough for the labour.

Sir G. S. Bajpai rejoined saying members did not attend the session for Rs. 20 daily but for public work. Mr. Jinnah retorted saying, members of the Treasury Bench should help the House and facilitate work and not throw undue burden on them. He also added, Government had high salaried staff who could easily prepare these statements for the use of members. Sir G. S. Bajpai explained saying Government reports contained the required information in a compendious and convenient form and further replying to Prof. Ranga, said they undertook to see if the procedure adopted in the case of Labour Commission's report could be followed.

Home Member was for several minutes on his legs replying to questions on the Palestine situation. Sir Henry Craik said Government of India had forwarded to the British Government faithfully the full appreciation of the public feeling in India but confessed no reply had been received. "Do I understand" asked Mr. Jinnah "that His Majesty's Government have treated these reports from the Government of India with contempt?"

Sir Henry Craik said that was not the correct inference and His Majesty's Government gave the most careful attention to these reports.

"Grave Crimes"

The Home Member, replying to Mr. Amarendra Nath Chatterjee, stated that the number of prisoners convicted of grave terrorist crimes, who are confined in the cellular jail, is at present about 300. The number of cells in the cellular jail is nearly 700, and one cell is allotted to each prisoner. Each cell is 7-1|2 feet wide and 13-1|2 feet long. Each has an iron-grated door in front and a window at the back.

The ground floor cells have also ventilating shafts. Each cell has electric light. Volunteer convicts also are, on arrival from India, accommodated for a while in the cellular jail, but they are kept apart from terrorist prisoners.

Supplied Weekly Papers

Sir Henry Craik added that prisoners were supplied by the Government weekly papers in English and vernaculars.

They were allowed to play indoor games and also outdoor games such as Volley Ball, Football, etc. They had also apparatus for physical exercise. Prisoners were confined in cells between sunset and sunrise. Diet was given in accordance with rules. Recently Government consulted the Nutrition Research Institute at Coonoor about diet and the Home Member had understood that some changes had been made as a result.

"The Director of the Institute," said Sir Henry, "found the diet generally satisfactory, but suggested increase in its fat content. I have no precise information as to the cost of the diet. Prisoners wear dress prescribed in the rules. They are allowed to associate among themselves. There were no deaths or suicides during the period July 1933 to June 1936." —United Press.

Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy (centre) was presented an address on Tuesday by the Bombay Garage Staff on his being created a Knight.

FUTURE IN EDUCATION

Teaching Of Adults And Problem Of School-Leaving Age

BLACKPOOL, Lancashire, September 11.

"The future, if we are wise enough to see it, lies with adult education .... The time, I believe, will come when men will return to the Univesities in middle life .... to review and revise their own attitudes and habits of thought."

This prophecy was made by Sir Richard Livingstone, M.A., Hon. D. Litt., Hon. LL.D., this morning addressing the British Association for the Advancement of Science, now meeting here, on "The Future in Education."

The task of the future, said Sir Richard, was to meet the needs of those who now leave school at 14, 15, or 16, and then say farewell to education for ever.

"The task of the future, I repeat, is to deal with this, our great educational scandal. . . . To cease education at 14 is as unnatural as to die at 14. The one is physical, the other intellectual death."

Sir Richard declared "unless we establish a compulsory part-time continuation system which will carry them on to 18, the education of the earlier years of the youth of the nation will still be largely wasted. . .

"Our next step, therefore, should be to retain those who leave school before the age of 18 under some educational control—not involving whole-time school attendance—to that age."

"Plato," he concluded, "was the first to see that the work of education was not completed at the age of 18 or 21, but must continue in a systematic methodical form into later life. This truth, like his doctrine of the essential equality of the sexes for the work of the state, slumbered forgotten for more than 2,000 years: or rather, we have slumbered. It is time to awake."—Reuter.

Indians Draw With Leveson Gower's XI

Mushtaq Ali Again Gives Fine Display And Scores 74 In Second Venture

The match between Indians and Leveson Gover's XI resulted in a draw.

When the last day's play was resumed, the weather was again fine and the wicket good. Leveson Gover's XI were all out in their second innings for 321.

Indians required 214 runs to win and, considering the splendid lead got in the first innings, victory was certain if there was more time to play. The match, however, ended in a draw, Indians having scored 146 for loss of 5 wickets at the close of play.

Mushtaq Ali who scored 140 in the first innings was again brilliant and bagged 74 in the second venture.

THE SCORES:

LEVESON GOVER'S XI (1st Innings)	**225**
" " (2nd Innings)	**321**
INDIANS (1st Innings)	**333**
" (2nd Innings) for 5 wickets	**146**

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Sept. 11.

For the last day of the Indians versus Leveson Gower's Eleven match the weather was fine and wicket good. The fourth and fifth wickets fell at 145|4 and 145|5 for successive deliveries. Gover was first caught off C. S. Nayudu then Hendren was bowled by Jehangir Khan by the first ball in the next over. There was a good partnership between Dempster and Holmes adding 74 for the sixth wicket before Holmes was bowled by Mushtaq Ali at 219|6. Dempster has hitherto played forceful strokes and was unbeaten at lunch with 57.

DEMPSTER DISMISSED

Dempster was dismissed after lunch without having added anything to his pre-lunch score. Nichols was caught off Vizianagram for 30 and Khan captured the remaining two wickets—Brown's and Wellard's—for a total of 321.

LEVESON GOWER'S XI
(2nd Innings)

Sutcliffe b Khan	38
D. Smith c Khan by Elahi	52
Townsend l.b.w. C. S. Nayudu	20
Hendren b Khan	33
Gover c Merchant b C. S. Nayudu	2
Dempster c Jehangir Khan b Bannerjee	57
Holmes b Mushtaq Ali	33
Nichols c Merchant b Vizianagram	30
Brown b Jehangir Khan	35
Wellard b Jehangir Khan	14
Griffith (not out)	8
Extras	7
Total	321

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Jehangir Khan	31.5	5	92	4
Bannerjee	11	0	53	1
Merchant	5	1	14	0
C. S. Nayudu	16	1	62	2
Elahi	15	2	63	1
Mushtaq Ali	5	1	16	1
Vizianagram	2	0	22	1

INDIANS (2nd Innings)

Merchant c Griffith b Gover	2
Mushtaq Ali l.b.w. b Townsend	74
Dilawar Hussein c Hendren b Gover	17
Ramaswami l.b.w. b Brown	14
Bannerjee (not out)	15
Wazir Ali c Brown b Gover	12
C. S. Nawudu (not out)	11
Extra	1
Total (for 5 wkts.)	146

VERITY DOWN WITH "FLU"

LONDON, Sept. 11.

Verity is suffering from influenza and will, probably, be unable to join the M.C.C. leaving for Australia to-morrow. His doctor has advised him not to travel, but he has made good progress during the last 24 hours and may fly to Southampton. Otherwise he will travel overland next week and join the boat at Toulon.—Reuter's Special.

GERMANS ABROAD NO LONGER UNPROTECTED

Nazi Warships Ready To Rescue In Need

NUREMBERG, Sept. 11.

Over 3,000 leaders of the Nazi organisations throughout the world attended the Congress of Germans living abroad. Herr Hitler's deputy, Herr, Hess, speaking at the ceremony in honour of the seven Germans killed in Spain, said that events in that country had shown that Germans abroad were no longer unprotected. Germany's new warships would arrive to protect them in case of necessity.—Reuter's Special.

A REBEL ASSERTION

RABAT, September 11.

Insurgent broadcast from Corunna asserts that the Government cruiser, "Miguel de Cervantes", is so badly damaged by Insurgent bombing at Malaga that the crew have deserted.—Reuter.

CHESTERTON LEAVES £28,389

LONDON, September 9.

G. K. Chesterton left £28,389, in bulk to his wife, but £2,000 were bequeathed to his secretary, Dorothy Collins.—Reuter.

AMARNATH INCIDENT TO BE CONSIDERED

Board Of Control Will Meet In Bhopal

It is understood that a meeting of the Board of Control for Cricket in India has been called at Bhopal towards the third week of this month (about Sept. 19 or 20) to consider the Amarnath incident.

The majority of the members of the Board are expected to attend the meeting.

BUCKLEIGH WINS DONCASTER CUP

LONDON, Sept. 11.

At Doncaster, the Doncaster Cup (distance, two miles one furlong) resulted as follows:—

Buckleigh (Gordon Richards (9/2) 1
Enfield (10/0) 2
Valerius (9/11) 3

Six ran. The race was won by one and half lengths. Six lengths separated the second and third. The winner was trained by Hogg.

Starting prices:—

7/2, Buckleigh.
4/1, Enfield.
25/1, Valerius.—Reuter's Special.

No United Front With Communists

CITRINE'S SCATHING ATTACK

Presence Of Soviet Pressman Leads To Scene In T. U. C.

LONDON, September 10.

The presence of a Soviet journalist on the delegates' benches caused an uproar in the Trade Union Congress at Plymouth after discussion on the Executive report opposing United Front with Communists.

The Congress approved the report after Sir Walter Citrine had delivered a scathing attack on Communists.

Breeze Blows

Afterwards Sir Walter pointed out that the correspondent of the "Isvestia" was sitting on the delegates' seats. A breeze blew up, Members standing and shouting, "Get out". The shouts persisted until the correspondent left the seat and went to the press table.

No United Front With "Reds"

In the course of his speech, Sir Walter Citrine flatly rejected Communist overtures to the Labour Party and said that after many years of unbridled derision and abuse of the Labour Party, the incongruous spectacle of Communist organisations trying to ingratiate themselves with organised Labour presented the most amusing scene in contemporary political history.

SIMPLE EXPLANATION

The simple explanation of the present Communist tactics was the abject failure of many attempts to capture the Labour movement. Notwithstanding years of subsidised propaganda, the Communist Party of Britain was a negligible quantity and had utterly failed to get any hold on the mind of the electorate. "Don't let us be misled by the claim that the Communist Party represents the workers".

NO DANGER OF COMMUNISM

Sir Walter Citrine declared that the Liberal Party had ceased to be a considerable political force and the Labour movement was being asked after all these years' fighting Liberalism to re-establish it.

"The danger of Communism in Britain was remote so long as we kept our heads".—Reuter.

CONDEMNATION OF TEXTILE QUOTA

Hardships Of Ceylon's Workers

BLACKPOOL, Lancashire. September 11.

A detailed picture of the tea, sugar, cotton and other plantations of India and Ceylon was given to members of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, now in session here, by Mr. C. R. Fay, addressing the scientists on the subject of "Plantation Economy," to-day.

Speaking of a visit last year to Ceylon, Mr. Fay said:—

"I found a widespread condemnation of the textile quota. It came at a time when the earning power of the population had been heavily reduced by distress and disease, and it was forced by London on Colombo.

"But for the reduced cost of clothing due to the Japanese imports the real earning of the working population of Ceylon, and in particular those of the general agricultural population whose returns vary with the price of their produce, would have fallen below subsistence level after 1929."

Mr. Fay quoted summaries of the Report of Mr. H. E. Newnham, Special Relief Commissioner after the great malaria epidemic of 1935, in which he paid such high tribute to the excellent response of the native self-governing legislature in the crisis and to the honourable conduct of the large majority of those who were relieved.

RISING STANDARD OF LIVING

Speaking of the relation between planation, agriculture and village agriculture, Mr. Fay said that too often the hope of village agriculture was thought to lie in the export market when there was a better one at home.

"He declared though the workers on them have hitherto been immigrants, it is by no means certain that they will always be especially as the standard of living on the estates rises. It may be expected, therefore, that there will not be the disinclination which there has been in the past on the part of the native Sinhalese to work as daily paid 'coolies' under a regime, which to him was servitude."—Reuter.

For Geneva Labour Conference

SIMLA, Sept. 11

The non-official Indian delegation to the 21st and 22nd (maritime) sessions of the International Labour Conference which open at Geneva on October 6 and 22 respectively will be composed of as follows:—

The employers' delegate Mr. M. A. Master with Mr. D. S. Erulkar as adviser.

The workers' delegate Mr. Aftab Ali with Mohamed Ebrahim Serrang as adviser.—United Press.

UNSAFE FOR PASSAGE OF TRAINS

BOMBAY, Sept. 11.

The Divisional Superintendent, Dinapore, E. I. Railway, wires under date September 11:

Owing to floods the following sections of the Sone East Bank-Barkakana loop were declared unsafe for the passage of trains at 18 hours to-day Mile 379/8 to mile 379/12 between Mohamadganj and Japla stations and mile 355/3 to mile 355/10 between Ankorha and Nabinagar road stations.

Through communication between Mohamadganj and Ankorha stations have been suspended until further advice. Transhipment is impossible.—A. P.

King Edward Visits Ear Specialist

VIENNA: Sept. 10.

For the third time in 48 hours, King Edward visited the ear specialist, Professor Neumann, who continued light treatment.

Professor Neumann, it is understood is extremely satisfied with the effect of his treatment.—Reuter.

NAZIS STOOD BY THEIR RACIAL LAWS

NUREMBERG, Sept. 11.

National Socialist Germany stood by its racial laws and declined to be influenced by Foreign critics, declared Dr. Frank speaking at the Congress of German jurists. He said that 350 million marks had been spent on marriage loans enabling 6,00,000 to marry; 672 people were sterilised in 1934 and 324 in 1935.—Reuter's Special.

Romance Of Words

"THE GAME'S NOT WORTH THE CANDLE"

This is a very old saying, and, as is often the case with popular expressions, the thing from which it sprang has long ceased to exist.

It seems certain, however, that at one time there was a popular gambling game which was always played by candle light. Another feature of the game was the small stakes—so small, in fact, that the winnings were barely enough even to pay the cost of the candle.

The earliest known use of the phrase in literature appeared in 1640, when George Herbert wrote, "It is a poor sport that is not worth the candle."

Fr. Journalist Perturbed

(Continued from page 1).

San Sebastian received a number of foreign journalists and informed them that henceforth severe measures would be taken against all journalists whose attitude marks them as personal opponents of the Spanish Popular Front.—Reuter.

SPANISH CRUISER AT FERNANDO PO ISLE

DAKAR: Sept. 10.

The Spanish cruiser "Mendez Nunez" arrived from Fernando Po Island and asked for permission to take on provisions.—Reuter.

(Note:—Fernando Po is a mountainous Spanish island off the Cameroon Coast of West Africa, with an area of 700 square miles and with a population of about 20,000; the capital is Santa Isabel which has a population of 1,300, mainly Negroes).

GERMAN CRUISER FOR PORTUGAL

TANGIERS: Sept. 10.

The German cruiser "Nurenburg" and a Portuguese destroyer "Tejo" have left, it is presumed, for Portugal.—Reuter.

NEW PORTUGUESE DECREE

Holders Of State Posts Must Repudiate Communism

LISBON, Sept. 10.

An oath of allegiance to the Portuguese Constitution and "actively repudiating Communism and other subversive ideas" must henceforth be signed by holders of state posts, executive staff of the autonomous public services, Portugal's diplomatic representatives abroad and candidates for professorships in State colleges, according to a Government decree just promulgated.

In the case of army and navy, the oath of allegiance to the flag will replace written declaration. —Reuter.

WOMEN VOLUNTEERS FOR FAIZPUR

First Training Camp To Be Opened In Poona

Miss Prema Kantak,, Organiser of the Women Volunteer Corps for the Faizpur Congress, writes:

The first camp to train women volunteers will be opened in Poona on October 20,. It will work till 7th November. A varied programme has been arranged for the intellectual, mental and physical development of the women volunteers. A series of lectures on different subjects dealing with women's problems of the present day as also general knowledge of the world, have also been arranged. Each lecturer will give 1 to 4 lectures as the scope of the subject may demand. These lectures will be later published in a booklet for the benefit of the general public. Women outside the camp will also be allowed to attend the lectures.

DHRANGADRA AFFAIRS

Restrictions On State Officials

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 9.

Regarding Dhrangadra affairs, it is understood that late Dewan Mansinhji's brother is daily examined in Tennis Club under supervision of Sjt. Devshanker Dave, the newly appointed Adviser-in-chief. Mr. Sabalsinhji is daily taken to Kondh (his native place) for search of the sealed properties. Mr. Kunverji Khimchand, Accountant-General. and Mr. Kanji Devshi have been served with orders prohibiting them to leave State limits without special permission.

Wadhwan State Council has removed restrictions on motor owners.

FILM FARE FOR THE WEEK

Karloff In "The Walking Dead" At Opera—"King Steps Out" Retained At Pathe—"Great Ziegfeld" Stays At Central—"Abu Hassan" At Capitol—"Love In Exile" At Regal—"Where There's A Will" At Excelsior—"Law Of The Wild" At Plaza

"The King Steps Out"—with Grace Moore and Franchot Tone at Pathe.

"ABU HASSAN"

At The Capitol

Synthesis is the keynote of the All-India production. "Abu Hassan" by Harindranath Chattopadhyaya which opens at the Capitol to-night is enacted completely in English. It is the product of several generations of literary and artistic education in one family. There are members of several generations concerned at present—the elders provide the nucleus of talent: they have drawn in the younger people in a spirit of general co-operation, and are training them for the future. The music represents an experiment in the adaptation of Eastern notation to European orchestral instruments, and in combining the technique of East and West in its solos and orchestra and choruses. The stage craft of this literary and artistic 'chef d'oeuvre' also draws from several sources, ancient and modern. There is a characteristic synthesis of East and West among the players, the central core or heart of the cast being Hindus, assisted by Parsis, Mahomedans, Jews, Christians, an Italian singer, a Dutch musician and others. One of the principal dancers is Sunalini Devi, whose dancing and singing need no introduction to the public; the other is Indra Dev, making his first appearance here in Arabian dances, chief of which is "The Dagger and the Drum." But the backbone of the whole play is Harindranath Chattopadhyaya himself who simply excels himself in his role. The sets have been created mainly on the spot, modelled from magnettes or miniature working models: they are European in construction, "Oriental" in conception. The stage properties are correct without anachronisms; some are valuable in workmanship, material and age.

The spirit of co-operation—one of energising, dominating purpose—controls and indeed dominates the large varied assembly of players. The individuals are seen at their best during this piece of energetic and energising team work. For this alone the piece would be worthy of patronage and of praise. But there is every other good reason for enjoying the performance; music, drama, comedy, the poetry of colour and motion, and the tragi-comedy of human nature, revealed in a jest in a dream! The play will be continued up to Friday next with a single performance at 6-30 p.m. daily.

"WHERE THERE'S A WILL"

At The Excelsior

No problems in this film for the tired filmgoer. You just sit back and collapse with laughter at the antics of Will Hay and Co. who parade through a series of indescribable situations in the new Gainsborough comedy "Where There's A Will," now showing at the Excelsior. William Beaudine, who directed Hay in his former riot 'Boys Will Be Boys', has again handled the famous comedian in the same slick style and the story romps along with a rough-and-tumble energy to its side-splitting climax. Pity poor Will Hay and the things they do to him in this fine slice of celluloid comedy. American gangsters descend upon him, a poor solicitor in a threadbare office. They have designs on a bank on the floor beneath. Side-stepping Will with stories of ancestor-tracing, they cut a hole through the floor and the bank is theirs. But not quite. Will is with them too soon. In fact he slips through the hole in the floor and is astounded at the dishonesty of his clients! And when they got on the run, with Will after them, things move at an hilarious pace, with new gags, unexpected twists and wildly farcical situations keying the plot up to a climax which is as exciting as it is absurd. If you can expect Will Hay as a solicitor with a preference for a case of whisky than a case for divorce and then ending up chasing crooks at a fancy dress ball dressed as Santa Claus, then the night is yours. Snappy little Gina Malo, Hartley Power, H. F. Maltby and Peggy Simpson are also in the cast.

"Abu Hassan" at the Capitol with Harindranath Chattopadhyaya and Sunalini Devi.

"LAW OF THE WILD"

At The Plaza

The Plaza Talkies (Tilak Bridge, Dadar) is screening this week the greatest and the mightiest jungle thriller super-picture, "Law of the Wild," the whole lengthy picture to be shown complete in each show. It is a picture full of thrilling and sensational fights between ferocious beasts of the jungle and hair-raising scenes of the jungle horrors. Five stars perform wonderful work in "Law of the Wild," two of whom are animals, whose performances are more to be admired than those of men. One of them is Rin-Tin-Tin, the famous wonder-dog, while the other is Rex, well-known horse who has won the proud title of "The King of Wild Horses." Such thrilling scenes after scenes come in rapid succession that the audience sits spell-bound during the performance. The strength of Rex and the wonderful ingenuity of Rin-Tin-Tin are to be highly admired. Bob Custer is here in the "Law of the Wild" at the zenith of his screen popularity. Thrills, stunts, dare devil adventures, and death-defying work is the order of the day in "Law of the Wild," which is shown complete in each show.

"THE GREAT ZIEGFELD"

Colossal Musical Picture At The "Central"

For once in their lives the producers of a pet picture may drag out the word colossal. For if ever a motion picture was produced on a grand, lavish, extravagant and glittering enough scale, to be so described, it is Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's "The Great Ziegfeld" which is extended for the second week at the 'Central' this week. There is enough material in this extravaganza for half a dozen ordinary films. Wm. Anthony McGuire, who wrote the story and screen play on which the picture is based, has used his sharpest wit and put his best efforts into the film. The dialogue sparkles brilliantly, Ziegfeld is superbly represented by William Powell. Fannie Brice is inimitable in a sketch describing her meeting with the great Ziegfeld, which is one of the funniest things Miss Brice has done on or off the stage. Harriet Hoctor shines in a beautiful ballet, Ray Bolger brings the house down with one of his comic solo dances, Myrna Loy is beautiful, the balance of the huge cast is excellent and Robert Z. Leonard's direction is a brilliant accomplishment. The Management of the Central are to be congratulated on every phase of the beautiful production. It would take more adjectives than are contained in the lexicon of Hollywood to describe the process by which the late Mr. Zeigfeld premier showman of Broadway's Golden Age has been glorified in celluloid. If you want a history of musical comedy during the past forty years "The Great Ziegfeld" will give it to you; if you want to know how pulchritude became an institution, why bald-headed men sit in front row seats where Fannie Brice, Eddie Cantor, Wil Rogers, W. C. Fields and others got their start, or why Anna Helf left Home, "The Great Ziegfeld" will satisfy your curiosity. The source and origin of glitter, glamour and romance are compressed in this one picture. You will never see another musical film that exceeds it in opulence, in visual inventiveness, in Babylonian splendour. It is a tribute, the scope, content and lavishness of which not even Mr. Ziegfeld himself could have matched. For sheer beauty, splendour and opulence, this glittering spectacle takes its place as the last word in eye-and-ear entertainment. Produced on a tremendously lavish scale, the picture is practically a dozen or more musical pictures rolled in one. It is one elaborate scene after another of dazzling settings, of gorgeous costumes, of hundreds of decorative girls, of tall white pillars and a wealth of luxurious laces and jewels and feathers and silks. It is an extravaganza of such rich proportions that it runs three hours in length, which is a special feature now for the first time in Bombay for English Talkies.

GRACE MOORE IN "THE KING STEPS OUT"

At Pathe

Pleased audiences are reportedly the order of the day at the Pathe Theatre, where Grace Moore singing her way through her third Columbia picture "The King Steps Out". The tinkling tones of Miss Moore's voice, coupled with a romantic and humorous story, should be sufficient to promise an engaging evening at the movies.

In addition, however, one is treated to an unusually strong assisting cast in "The King Steps Out," and music by a celebrated composer. Miss Moore's leading man is none other than Franchot Tone, and in other important roles are seen Walter Connolly, Raymond Wallburn, Victor Jory, Elisabeth Risdon, Nana Bryant, Frieda Inescourt, Thurston Hall and Herman Bing.

The music in the film was composed by Fritz Kreisler, world-famous violinist and composer, who has such compositions as "Caprice Viennois" and "Liebes freud" to his undying credit. The songs, which include "Stars in My Eyes", "Madly in Love," "Learn How to Lose," "Click Your Heels," and "The End Begins."

The story concerns a pert and independent young princess who finds herself being chased by a dashing emperor who is supposed to be engaged to her sister.

Clive Brook and Helen Vinson in "Love In Exile" at the Regal.

"THE WALKING DEAD"

Karloff In A New Thriller At The Opera House

Lovers of the weird, the bizarre, and the unusual will find themselves thoroughly delighted with the Warner Bros. production "The Walking Dead," starring Boris Karloff, which is being shown at the Opera House.

Warner Bros. again have snatched their theme from the newspaper headlines of the past year, which have told of the experiments of eminent scientists in trying to bring the dead back to life, particularly those of Dr. Robert Cornish, of Berkley, Calif, who claims to have revivified a dead dog by means of electrical apparatus and a tilting table; and of Dr. Alexis Carrel, a Nobel prize winner and a member of staff at the Rockefeller Institute.

The story centres about the reanimation of a man who has been electrocuted for murder, but who is proved to be innocent of the crime almost immediately after his execution. In the screen play the end for which scientists have been striving that of the bringing the dead back to life, proves successful, and the victim of a frame-up by racketeers again lives.

Not knowing who his persecutors were when alive, the walking dead man instinctively seeks them out, and without doing any violent act himself brings them all to their death, two of them by the very method in which he himself died, although accidental.

Karloff, famous for his portrayals of weird and uncanny characters has never given a more splendid performance than in the "Walking Dead." There is a startling change in the man as the electrical volts slowly bring him from the dead to the living, aided of course by a most unusual makeup and lighting and photographic effects. His eyes seem to reflect a supernatural light as the confronts and confounds his slayers.

Edmund Gwenn, has the role of the doctor who brings Karloff to life. Never have we seen a more finished or polished actor than Gwenn and his work in this picture is such consummated acting that it stands out with a vivid reality.

Ricardo Courtez is again the suave and polished racketeer acting as attorney for a band of crooks to which he belongs. Other numbers of gang all of whom give excellent performances are Barton MacLane; political boss; and his henchmen, Paul Harvey, Robert Strange Joseph Sawyer, Eddie Acuff and Kenneth Harlan.

The love interest is supplied by Marguerite Churchill and Warren Hull, assistants to Gwenn, both of whom do fine work. Henry O'Neill gives a fine portrayal of an uncompromising though impartial, district attorney, as do Joseph King as a judge who cannot be intimidated. Ruth Robinson as his wife and Addison Richards as the prison Warden.

The Great Ziegfeld at the Central.

DRAMA AND COMEDY —"LOVE IN EXILE"

At The Regal

Many people in this country have enjoyed cruising holidays during the last few years, and in the process, have discovered that a great deal can happen, even during a fortnight's voyaging in foreign water.

Clive Brook, in the role of King Regis in the Capitol Films Production, "Love in Exile" made the same discovery when he went on a short cruise, while plans were maturing for his return as King once more to his country. He was voyaging in troubled waters indeed, for an American debutante and a ravishing cabaret artiste, both of the predatory type, had ensconced themselves on board unknown to him, while the financiers supposed to be engineering his return to the throne were discovered busily double-crossing him in the wireless room. How the king extricated himself from his unwelcome travelling companions makes excellent entertainment for those visiting the Regal Theatre this week. Helen Vnison co-stars wth Clive Brook, while Ronald Squire, Mary Carlisle, Cecil Ramage, Tamara Desni and Will Fyfee, play leading roles.

MOVIE STARS HAVE THEIR FAVOURITES TOO

Every star is a fan.

Fred Mac Murray was quaintly reminded of that recently when he received in the mail a perfumed note requesting an autographed picture. It was signed "Joan Bennett." Miss Bennett is appearing opposite him in Paramount's "13 Hours by Air." While the note was written in fun, the petite blonde actress was in earnest about requesting the picture.

Every dressing room in Hollywood, and many of the stars' homes, are veritable galleries of inscribed portraits.

The long subterranean passage leading to the new cocktail lounge at Harold Lloyd's Beverly Hills estate shortly will display perhaps the most complete collection of all. Royalty and noted scientists, as well as stars of the stage and screen, are represented in the comedian's collection.

All the players, naturally, have their favourites.

Mae West has no favourite actresses, but her favourite actors are Leslie Howard, Frederic March, Charles Laughton and Victor McLaglen, who appears opposite her in "Klondike Annie."

Claudette Colbert's choice, of all the actresses on the screen, is Marlene Dietrich. For favourite stage actress is Helen Hayes.

Gary Cooper fancies the acting and charm of Sir Guy Standing. While along with most of the players, he is a great admirer of W. C. Fields. Fields is also Jack Oakie's favourite actor and Oakie's imitations of the Fieldsian technique are accurate enough to amuse even Fields himself.

ACTOR NAMES COMPOSITE

"Perfect Beauty"

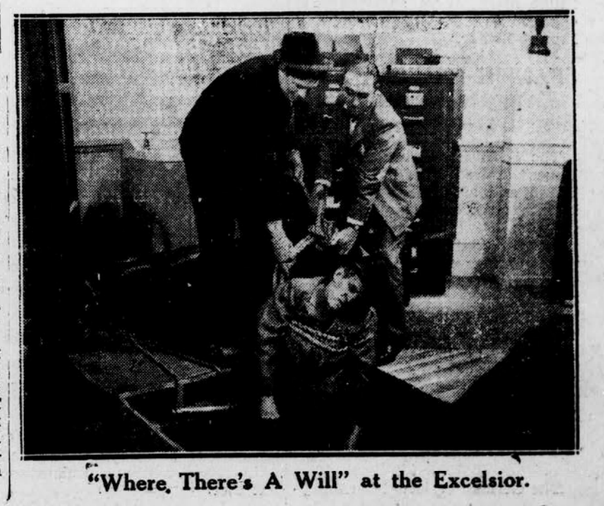
The continental beauty of a Frances Drake, the spiritual beauty of a Katherine DeMille, the wholesme beauty of an Evelyn Venable, the athletic, outdoor beauty of a Gail Patrick and, above all, the exotic, elusive beauty of a Carole Lombard—these, combined, would make the "perfect beauty" in the eyes of Kent Taylor, one of Hollywood's busiest leading men.

Taylor, who in his five years in films, has appeared opposite the majority of Hollywood's glamorous women in more than 50 pictures, has been called "the steadiest support player in the business." One of Mae West's "dark tall and handsomes" in "I'm No Angel," Taylor, currently busy in Paramount's "Florida Special" with Jack Oakie, Frances Drake and Sally Eilers, yesterday had this to say of beauty as he sees it:

"Hollywood is full of beautiful girls but not one of them, stars included, possesses all the elements of what I call 'perfect beauty.' To get such a girl we must combine the five types possessed by the five stars I have named."

Taylor continues that "probably such a girl would be impossible for a man to live with," but that, "if 'perfect beauty' is the goal, nothing short of the five qualities I have enumerated should be considered."

Boris Karloff in Warner's mystery thriller "The Walking Dead" at the Opera.



"Where There's A Will" at the Excelsior.

"We Were Fighting To Come Into Power"

CONFESSION OF KAMENEV & ZINOVYEV

More Light On Soviet Trial

(By Abdul Aziz Azad)

MOSCOW, Aug. 21,
(By Air Mail)

The Military Collegium of the Supreme Court of the USSR, under the chairmanship of Mr. Ulrikh, began hearing the case of the Trotsky-Zinovyev group consisting of 16 members of both groups and including G. E. Zinovyev, L. B. Kamenev, G. E. Yevdokimov, I. N. Smirnov, I. P. Bakayev, V. A. Ter-Vaganyan, S. V. Mrachkovsky, E. A. Dreiser, E. S. Holzman, I. I. Reingold, R. V. Pickel, V. P. Oldberg, K. B. Berman-Yurin, Fritz David, M. Lurye and N. Luyre.

ALL PLEAD GUILTY

The proceedings of the trial were started with the reading of the indictment in which all the charges against the accused were listed in minutest detail and which took an hour and a half to read. The defendants had all refused counsel and thus have the right to speak on their own behalf. The judge, upon completion of the reading of the indictment, questioned each separately on the charges brought against them. All the defendants pleaded "guilty", some of them stressing the word "guilty", others supplementing with the word "absolutely", "fully," "in every respect," etc. This aroused great interest among the audience, particularly among the foreign correspondents.

From such gestures we understood that the trial was going to be one similar to the world-renowned trial known as the Leipzig Trial, when George Dimitrov, in a brilliant manner, discredited the Fascist regime and exposed it before the world and, from behind the bars of the Fascist court advocated with great success the case for marxism. We thought that Zinovyev and Kamenev and their adherents and colleagues behind the bars would also gather their courage and come out before the world with a declaration of the high ideals and principles for which they had undertaken such a great risk, suffered and struggled for so much and so long. However, this did not take place. Soon after the defendants were given an opportunity to speak they themselves proved facts contrary to what was expected of them, of which we shall speak in due course.

THE INDICTMENT.

The indictment charges the defendants with the following charges:

1. The United Trotskyite-Zinovyevite centre was organised in Moscow in 1932, with the object of committing a number of terroristic acts against leaders of the Communist Party and the Soviet Government for the purpose of seizing power.

2. During the period of 1932-36, the United E-Z centre organised a number of terrorist groups and prepared a number of practical measures for murdering Joseph Stalin, Voroshilov, Zhdanov, Kaganovich, Kirov, Kossior, Orjonikidze and Postyshev and others.

3. That one of the terrorist groups under the direct instructions of Zinovyev and Trotsky and of the united T-Z centre, under the direct leadership of the accused Bakayev, murdered Kirov in Leningrad on December 1, 1934.

Further developments of the trial soon revealed that the defendants, though they included people who had taken a considerable part in making the October Revolution and in laying the foundations for the Soviet regime, were completely demoralized and their conduct during the entire period of their political struggle was not a dignified one. The first and foremost thing for any political party striving to come into power is to work out and to declare a programme defining the basis of their policy in the future in the event they come into power. From the words of Zinovyev and Kamenev it appears that they had no definite political programme and that Trotsky's as well as their group were "burning with a desire to come into power and to rule the Soviet Government".

ACTING FOR PERSONAL SUPREMACY.

With utmost clearness it also became evident that these terrorist groups were acting only for their personal supremacy and numbered only a handful of people and that they had no support whatsoever from the masses of the people either in the Soviet Union or abroad. Trotsky, the alleged organiser of the terroristic plot against the Soviet Government, set his aim to kill Stalin and his colleagues of the Political Bureau, hoping that in the event of the success of his plans, he could again return to power in the Soviet Union. But the process of the trial has clearly shown that neither Zinovyev, Kamenev, or their wire-puller, Trotsky, could offer the people of Russia better destinies than Stalin, and that the mental and moral condition of these people have reached such a low level that they are unable to manage a small grocery shop, let alone managing the intricate policies of such a vast State as that of the Soviet Union. Let the defendants themselves prove their own degradation in their own testimony. The defendant Reingold, for example, has this to say: "In the event of the capture of power by Kamenev and Zinovyev their first task, it was decided, would have been to wipe out the clues to their crime by the physical annihilation of all those people who might have known of the preparation of terroristic acts or of the actual participants in these acts, I mean our own people who would help Kamenev and Zinovyev seize power. For this purpose defendant Bakayev was to be appointed Chief of the Commissariat of Home Affairs Kamenev was to become head of the Soviet Government and Zinovyev, head of the Comintern, the post he once occupied. So according to the moral of the plotters the people who were to help them in successfully carrying out their plot by putting their own lives in danger, were to be killed and murdered after the successful carrying out of the plot. This is the plan that can be worked out only by people with degenerated or swollen brains.

The spirit of terrorism prevailing in the T-Z groups was actually injected by Trotsky from abroad, while the organisation was carried on by Zinovyev. Smirnov was acting in Russia as a representative of Trotsky and was in constant communication with him. He received instructions from him now and then. The defendant Mrachovsky, Trotsky's most trusted man and who in the past occupied a very high military post, confessed that he has been co-operating with Trotsky in his anti-Soviet activities since 1923.

ALLEGED INSTRUCTIONS FROM TROTSKY.

He acted under the personnal instructions of Trotsky and had direct charge of organising terrorist acts against leaders of the party and Government. He stated that in 1931 the question of terror was already openly raised by the Trotskyite group, Smirnov, who had visited Berlin, brought back instructions from Trotsky which ran "unless we kill Stalin we cannot return to power". In 1932 Trotsky instructed his followers in Russia to unite with the Zinovyev-Kemenev group in order to consolidate power, and again insisted upon the urgent need for practising terrorism, particularly on killing Stalin, Voroshilov, and Kirov. Continuing his statement Mrachkovsky said:

"In December, 1934, I received a letter from Trotsky written in indelible ink and stating the following 'Dear friend, our task today consists of speeding up the murder of Stalin and Voroshilov. In the event of war we must adopt a defeatist attitude and take advantage of the confusion. It is necessary to organise cells in the Red Army'."

KAMENEV'S CONFESSION.

In 1934, I heard Kamenev's speech in the Hall of Columns adjacent to the hall in which the trial is now in Progress. He was then the Mayor of the City of Moscow and was greeting the savants of the world who had come to moscow to celebrate the Bicentenary of the Russian Academy of Sciences. After a lapse of 12 years I hear him again, but this time he is behind the bars defending, nay accusing, himself and repenting his grave crimes against the Proletarian State. He spoke bravely and recklessly but had not a word to say in his defence nor in defence of those ideals for which he fought. The State Prosecutor, Mr. Vyshinsky, was polite and patient during all of the proceedings and his dealings with the defendants, but he was especially polite with Kamenev. Instead of addressing him as "you accused" or "thou" he used the word "you" while standing listening to Kamenev and giving him every opportunity to say what he had to say. Kamenev, among other things, said: "The terroristic plot was organised and headed by myself, Zinovyev, and Trotsky. I came to believe that, the policy of the Soviet Communist Party and the policy of its leader proved victorious. The victory of the policy has been recognised by the people of the Soviet Union. Our expectations of its failure did not come true as well as our estimates about a split in the ranks of the leaders proved futile. We had hoped on the success of the Right opposition, consisting of Bukharin, Rykov and Tomsky, etc. but they were soon separated from their high posts so here we also met with failure. There was no hope to expect any serious political or other crisis which would lead to the fall of the leaders from within the country, owing to the fact that they have successfully carried out the plans of industrialisation and collectivisation. There remained only two things: "Either honestly and once and for all stop the struggle against the Party and its leaders or to continue it without expecting any support from the masses of the people without any political platform and without any slogans, by means of practicing individual terrorism. We chose the second path; we were led on to this path by our personal hatred towards the leaders of the Party and the Government, by the supreme desire to come into power and to seize the reigns of Government to which we once stood so near and from which we were thrown away by the historical development of events".

1932 CONFERENCE.

Further in full detail Kamenev gave his testimony concerning the terroristic activities of the United T-Z groups. He referred to the conference which took place at his villa in the summer of 1932 at which Bakayev was commissioned to carry out terroristic work in Moscow and Karev in Leningrad.

Further Kamenev testified that he went to Leningrad in 1934 and instructed Yakovlev to prepare for the murder of Kirov. "In the beginning of November of the same year I was informed by Bakayev of all the details of preparation which were made by the groups of Nikolayev for murdering Kirov," said Kamenev. In reply to Vyshinsky's query "Did the murder of Kirov directly result from your activities?" he said "yes".

Summing up Kamenev's testimony, the State Prosecutor questioned him as follows: "Did you know definitely that you were fighting against Socialism, against the leaders whose policy is to be build Socialism? Did you think this policy was wrong?" Kamenev said in reply: "Yes, we knew definitely that we were fighting against Socialism. Every party is fighting to come into power calls the policy of the party in power wrong".

ZINOVYEV IN TEARS.

Zinovyev, the leading figure in the present trial, once the head of Comintern and author of the supposed Zinovyev letter that brought the Conservatives into power in England, also tried to say as much as was possible. However, in spite of the apparent endeavours to conceal his inner feelings he was unable to do so. Many a time he seemed to be nearly weeping and though he tried to speak aloud was unable to do so. His testimony differed but little from that of Kamenev. Zinovyev also declared that they were fighting against the leaders of the Party and the Government in order to seize the reigns of the Government. He confirmed and confessed his part in the terroristic organisations and said that although he was the main organiser of the terroristic plots Trotsky played the chief part in its creation and development.

In the following despatch light will be thrown on the direct part Trotsky is alleged to have played in forming terroristic organisations in Russia with the view of killing Stalin and his comrades. The alleged co-operation of Trotsky with the German Police and Fascists will be brought out. In connection with the trial a number of arrests have taken place and a new trial on a large scale is expected to take place in the future.

Oriental's Official Leaves For Higher Studies

"Mr. S. N. Vaidya, B. Com.; A.I.A. of the Actuarial Department of the Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Co., Ltd., sailed by to-day's mail boat for higher studies in Actuarial Science. After completing his course, Mr. Vaidya will be the third F.I.A. in India, and the first from this Presidency.

Akkasaheb Pant (left) Grand-da ughter of the Raja of Aundh (right) who returned this week from Europe where she had gone for advance studies in painting.

Real Creators Of Human Destiny

Artists Are Spokesmen Of The Times, Says Dr. Olsvanger

"The real creators of human destiny and civilisation are artists", observed Mrs. Sarojini Naidu on Friday evening presiding over a lecture on "Art—Individual and Collective" by Dr. Immanuel Olsvanger at the Blavatsky Hall.

The lecture was arranged by the National Students League.

In the course of his lecture, Dr. Olsvanger said that art expressed in its own way the personality of its creator.

Space and time were two things which the artist reckoned with.

"It is himself the artist expresses". That was true of great artists. The speaker explained the statement by illustrations from Shakespeare.

SPOKESMAN OF HIS TIMES

The artist was the spokesman of the society of his times. A nation's great civilisation could live through its people, and art alone could give a true picture of the life of a particular period. The artist who was conscious of his work realised that his work was incomparably more significant than that of the politician.

He regarded life as an instrument devoted to one purpose—Art. The individual artist was subject to the influence of the society in which he lived. There was another kind of art whose actual creator was not an individual. That was the art of life. The great majority of the works of the artists of one nation was unknown to the rest of the world. And no nation should consider itself superior to another. All nations were equally holy, equally good and equally sublime. And every nation manifested in one definite way God's infinite glory of life.

"NATIONAL ART"

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, who presided, observed that it was not often people of this generation heard an address of the kind delivered by Dr. Olsvanger that evening.

"What is national art?" asked Mrs. Naidu. She often read Mr. Kanaiyalal Vakil's observations in the "Sunday Chronicle". They were sometimes full of gall but what Mr. Vakil said about the national art was "full of honey". Was national art merely the revival of the national art of yesterday, of seeking spiritual pilgrimage of another generation? It was something that one moulded upon time-spirit influenced by all the things that shaped human destiny. It grew richer according to the vast contribution every generation had to give—the mode of living, of affirmation, so that it might become all the stronger in its affirmation of itself.

Art really was a comprehensive synthesis of human expression—whether it be of tone, colour or rhythm and other different modes of expression. The artist dipped his brush in the heart-blood of his generation. It must be beauty created out of heart.

Mrs. Naidu thought that the sentence in one of Leonardo da Vinci's books: "In dreams begin our responsibilities", could be a motto for all artists. Unless artists followed what Goethe said and unless that comprehensive vision of life was understood, one could not begin to be artist It was that panorama of life that the artist should have.

TRUE HISTORIANS

Artists, Mrs. Naidu continued, were the true historians. The sum-total of the work of artists went to make the spiritual history of the nation. The acts and dates of history grew obsolete. The real creators of human destiny and civilisation are artists. Keats had once said: "A beauty is truth, and truth is beauty".

Mr. K. T. Chandy proposed a vote of thanks and the meeting terminated.

Symbol Of Truth And Non-Violence

Celebrate Gandhiji's Birthday Anniversary By Popularising Khadi

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 11.

Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, has issued the following appeal:

"The birthday anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi is drawing nigh. It is customary at the time to honour our great leader by popularising some activities dear to him. Khadi stands foremost among such activities. Gandhiji calls it the symbol of Truth and non-violence. He considers it as the Sun round which all other village industries move. It is a chief cottage industry that supplements the poor cultivators' income provides them with work in periods of compulsory leisure for a few months every year. It is an unemployment allowance given by the Nation that has no political power and no control over the public purse.

LIFE-GIVING WORK.

Yet it is not a mere dole. It provides self-respecting and life-giving work. It is charity that neither degrades the rich who give nor the poor who receive. It is our only answer to arrogant Big Businesses that would render no justice to Labour inspite of the help it receives from the Swadeshi movement and State protection at the expense of the nation. It is our duty only to answer foreign capitalistic imperialism which dumps goods into our country. We can consistently with our principles patronise neither the one nor the other until we have political power to dictate terms to big businesses here and control foreign imperialistic dumping.

ONLY GESTURE TO THE POOR.

It is not a question of small industry versus big industry. It is a question of helping the poor here and now. We may devise better plans and more effective measures to protect the weak and the poor when we have power and state machinery in our hands.

To-day, Khadi is our only gesture of Daridranarayanas who are ever at our doors. To-day we can do no greater honour to our beloved leader than bear the mild yoke of service he places upon us, even in a manner he would wish us to do and that would give him the greatest joy."
—United Press.

DROUGHT HAVOC IN BHIL AREAS

Hope Of Relief If Rain Brings Harvest From Rabi Crop Problematical

The Secretary of the Bhil Seva Mandal writes:—

DOHAD: Sept. 10.

Ever since the beginning of the calamitous drought in the Bhil tract of Dohad and Jhalod Taluqs, the Bhil Seva Mandal has been closely watching the situation with anxiety. The drought continued for a period of complete two months, resulting in complete failure of khariff crops of maize, paddy, groundnuts and other small grains.

The Bhils are economically the worst hit peasants in Gujerat and even in normal times, live in a condition of from-hand-to-mouth. Even in good seasons during the last days of Summer they are on the verge of starvation. Maize is the staple food of the Bhils.

The failure of this crop along with other minor crops of paddy groundnuts, etc. means starvation to them till the harvest of good Rabi crops, and only, if good rains to the extent of 10 to 12 inches come during the month of September, there may be favourable prospect for good Rabi crops.

Mandal's Work

The Mandal with all the moral force at its command has been all the while trying successfully to bring the attention of the public as well as the Government to the gravity of the situation and to create public sympathy for the starving Bhils. It did not rest content with the work only but immediately and promptly took sound relief measures according to its resources.

The Mandal began the work of deepening wells of Bhil farmers so as to provide labour and also to irrigate the existing crops to a small extent. This work, being of permanent and useful character, has been well appreciated by the public.

The Mandal began this work from 27th August. The total expenditure upto 8th inst. in deepening 150 wells amounts to Rs. 255-6-9 providing labour to an average number of 325 Bhils daily for a period of 10 days. Owing to rains for the last three days this work is closed for the time being but will be continued again if the rains do not come.

Grain Shops Opened

To give relief to the Bhils, when the prices have gone very high, the Mandal has opened cheap grain shops at various six centres.

When the people are selling off their scanty and petty belongings at a ridiculously low price, when they are getting meagre wages; the cheap grain shops go a long way in giving relief to them. The total sale during the week at the following six shops conducted by the Mandal is as follows:—

Name of the shop	Total sale up to 8-9-36 Mds.	Srs. (md of 40 srs)
Mirakhedi (Jhalod)	200	0
Tunthi ,,	20	7½
Jessawara (Dohad)	104	39
Garbada ,,	168	10
Navagam ,,	41	0
Gangardi ,,	12	0
Total sales	546	16½

The Mandal bears a loss of four annas per maund. Thus the loss amounts to Rs. 136 within a period of a week. Besides this loss in the rate, charges of management and conveyance come to one anna per maund.

But this is the beginning. The Mandal is to open two shops more, one at Katwara and the other at Pethapur from 11th instant. The total sale in the next week would be about 1200 mds. as it increases as the people of far off villages get information that the shops have opened.

The calamity is very great, but the Mandal is doing its duty relying fully on the sympathetic public and its friends.

MUNICIPAL SCHEMES ABANDONED

(From Our Correspondent.)

DOHAD, September 10.

All the temporary schemes lying before the Dohad Municipality, are understood to have been given up after consultation with the Collector and the Public Health Consulting Engineer, Poona, and other Executive officers, presumably as a result of the present rainfall and the inability of the Irrigating department to supply water to the Municipality.

Uproar In Freelandgunj

In the adjoining colony of Freelandgunj where the Railway Loco Workshops are located, an uproar has been created due to the service of notices on about four workers by the Railway authorities which are understood to be asking the workers who are getting Rs. 3-5-0 or so per day, to continue service for 10 annas per day

Raid In Jhalod

Yesterday, it is reported that Jhalod was again raided by four gangs of thieves from four sides. The people were kept up the whole of night trying to protect the town.

In Koliwada the thieves assaulted the 'Chawkidars' and broke their bows and arrows and beat the Kolis who came to rescue the chawkidars. The shop of one Bania was broken open and chillies and tobacco are understood to have been stolen.

MUSLIM LEADERS TO CONFER

Invitations For Simla Meeting

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, September 11.

It is understood that a meeting of Muslim leaders all over the country has been convened at Simla on September 26. Invitations for which have been received by leaders in Karachi.

The invitation "inter alia" states that very great events have taken place in India recently which are bound to affect the Muslim community most vitally and it is necessary that early steps should be taken to decide what line of action the Muslims should take in various provinces of India and united effort in that direction is urgently needed.

RIVER DAMODAR RISES

Many Lives Lost As Result Of Tornado

CALCUTTA, Sept. 11.

Following the very heavy downpour in Burdwan since Tuesday the River Damodar has risen to an alarming extent.

A message from Ramgarh, Hazaribagh, states that the Damodar has reached the "black mark'.

The monsoon is again active in Serajganj which has been experiencing incessant showers during the last two days. As a result of this, a further rise in the River Brahmaputra is feared.

A large number of houses have been washed away and a few lives are reported to have been lost as the result of a severe tornado in Netrakona sub-division, Mymensingh District.—A. P.

BENGAL HINDUS TO FIGHT CONGRESS

Provincial Sabha Calls For Nationalist Candidates

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

The Executive Committee of the Bengal Provincial Hindu Sabha passed the following resolutions at a meeting held here on Tuesday:—

The Bengal Provincial Hindu Sabha notes with satisfaction that the B.P.C.C. has at last given up their non-committal attitude with regard to the communal decision and taken up definite stand against it. But considering the past history of the Congress and its attitude in case of Communal aggression against the Hindus of Bengal, the absence of any assurance in the resolution of B.P.C.C. to safeguard legitimate Hindu, interests is rather ominous.

The Sabha, therefore, calls upon the Hindu public to support only candidates for the forthcoming elections, on whom reliance can be placed in these respects and who will expressly and unequivocally undertake to protect cultural political, economic and other interests of the Hindus both inside and outside the legislature.

The Bengal Provincial Hindu Sabha calls upon the district Sabhas to recommend nationalist-minded candidates in the light of the above resolution for the ensuing elections.—United Press.

The CONVENIENCE of small ELECTRIC APPLIANCES

You can enjoy the full benefit of your Electricity supply only if you use it daily to help you through your work and your leisure—by using an electric iron, electric toaster, kettle, coffee percolator, hair dryer, fan or reading lamp.

Small electric appliances are cheap to buy and cheap to run. Call at our showrooms to-day and inspect the large and varied range of appliances designed to help you make the most of your Electricity Supply.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LTD.,
Electric House,
Corner of Colaba Causeway and Ormiston Road,
'Phone 26024 (7 Lines.)

I am very fastidious about my Talcum Powder

After the bath following vigorous exercise we all need a powder that is absolutely smooth and silky. That's why I use Cuticura Talcum. It is the most exquisitely fine powder I've ever used. And the perfume is a wonderful blend —both fragrant and wholesome;—it *smells* so clean and sweet."

The reason why Cuticura Talcum is used by women who are extra particular about their toilet powder is that it has a fineness and purity which is unexcelled.

Cuticura is scientifically prepared by a special process—it has the same guaranteed quality of excellence which has made Cuticura Soap famous all over the world. If the skin is overheated and chafed, Cuticura Talcum soothes it at once. Its cool 'satiny' softness is like a balm. Use it after bathing—before dancing or strenuous exercise. It absorbs perspiration—you stay sweet, dainty and fresh for hours.

Sold by all Chemists and Bazars.

Cuticura TALCUM POWDER

the taste appeals to me

No soapy, foamy taste, just the clean, refreshed feeling of Listerine Antiseptic. Yet how effective Listerine Tooth Paste is in cleaning the teeth.

...AND IT MAKES THE BREATH SWEETER

LISTERINE TOOTH PASTE

With ordinary Castor Oil
Dont give your babies Castor Oil, It has nasty taste, Give them instead "CASTOPHENE" Sweet Castor Oil Chocolates
With Castophene Chocolates
OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE

COMPANIES LAW AMENDMENT BILL

(Continued from Page 6)

tion has been called in this and the previous articles by adopting the Form of Balance Sheet proposed by me for granting the shareholders the much needed protection in that behalf, can neither be avoided nor postponed.

FORM F
(See Section 132.)

_____Limited.

THE BALANCE SHEET AS AT—— _____19.

LIABILITIES.	ASSETS.
1. BORROWED CAPITAL—	**1. TANGIBLE ASSETS**
LOANS AND OTHER ADVANCES. (Distinguishing between those payable on demand and those payable otherwise than on demand.)	FLOATING ASSETS
(A) Secured—	(A) Liquid.
(i) Loans on mortgages or fixed assets ..	1. Cash and Other Balances. ..
(ii) Loans on Debentures .. (secured by a fixed or floating charge on the assets of the company.)	(a) Cash on hand. ..
(1) Authorised Debentures: .. %Debentures of Rs. . . .each	(b) Balance with Bankers. ..
(2) Issued Debentures: %Debentures of Rs.....each	(i) In Current Accounts. ..
(3) Paid-up Debentures:	(ii) In Fixed Deposit Accounts .
(a) %Debentures of Rs..... each issued to vendors fully paid in payment of property per contra ..	(c) Balance with Agents ..
(b) %Debentures of Rs..... each fully paid ..	(i) In Current Accounts. ..
Less: % Debentures of Rs.....redeemed during the year. ..	(ii) In Fixed Deposit Accounts. ..
(Stating whether debentures are redeemable at par or premium and the date of such redemption.)	(d) Moneys at call ..
(iii) Loans and other Advances including Cash Credits and Overdrafts from Banks, stating the nature of security. ..	(e) Bullion on hand (at cost or market price whichever is the lower). . . .
(iv) Other secured Loans, stating the nature of security..	(Noting the difference between the holding value and the market value.)
(Note:—Where loans are secured by the issue of debentures as collateral security a note under the loan should be made, e.g., "Secured by the issue of Company's Debentures of Rs..... as collateral Security".)	2. Investments (at cost or market price whichever is the lower.) ..
(v) Interest accrued on mortgages, debentures or other secured loans and advances.	Distinguishing:—
(B) Unsecured—	(i) Investments in Treasury Bills. ..
(i) Loans and other Advances including Cash Credits and Overdrafts from Banks ..	(ii) Investments in Government and Trust Securities. (showing separately Terminable and Non-Terminable and Rupee and Sterling Securities and noting the rate of interest, the year of maturity and the difference between the holding value and the market value.)
(ii) Demand Deposits ..	(iii) Investments in Debentures or Bonds of Joint Stock Companies. (showing separately Rupee and Sterling and noting the rate of interest, the year of maturity and the difference between the holding value and the market value).
(iii) Fixed Deposits ..	(iv) Investments in Preference Shares of Joint Stock Companies. (showing separately Rupee and Sterling and noting the classification whether cumulative or non-cumulative, the rate of interest and the difference between the holding value and the market value.)
(iv) Short term loans ..	(v) Investments in Shares (Other than Preference Shares) of Joint Stock Companies. (showing separately Rupee and Sterling, fully paid up and partly paid up and in the case of the latter stating separately the amount paid up and the amount liable on call and noting the difference between the holding value and the market value.) ..
(v) Advances by Directors or Managers and Managing Agents ..	(vi) Investments in Immovable Properties held for sale (noting the net return on the holding value and the difference between the holding value and the market value.) ..
(vi) Interest accruing but not due and interest accrued and due ..	N.B. The interest (if any) of any director or manager in any investment shall in all cases be noted separately.
2. OTHER LIABILITIES—	3. Interest accrued on Interest bearing Securities ..
(C) Sundry Creditors—	(B) Current.
(i) For Income Tax and Super Tax ..	1. Stores and Spare Parts .. (at cost or market price whichever is the lower.) ..
(ii) For Unpaid Salaries and Wages ..	2. Stock-in-trade .. (at cost or market price whichever is the lower.) ..
(iii) For Other Expenses ..	(a) On hand. ..
(iv) For Unclaimed Dividends..	(i) Raw Materials ..
(v) For goods purchased ..	(ii) Finished Goods ..
(vi) For Bills Payable ..	(iii) Unfinished Goods ..
(vii) For Capital Expenditure ..	(b) With Agents or Branches or Customers ..
(viii) For General ..	(c) Work in Progress ..
(D) Payments Received in Advance—	3. Bills Receivable .. (showing separately those which are running due bills and those which are past due bills) ..
(Note:—For the portion for which value has still to be given, e.g., in the case of the following classes of companies—Newspaper, Fire Insurance, Theatre, Club, Banking, Steamship companies, etc.) ..	(a) Considered good ..
3. Balance carried down being excess of Floating Assets over Liabilities.	(i) Fully secured ..
Total Rs.	(ii) Secured by the personal liability of one or more persons ..
1. Balance brought down being excess of Liabilities over Floating Assets.	(b) Considered doubtful ..
2. Share Capital.	(c) Considered bad ..
(i) Authorised Capital .. ....shares of Rs.....each.	4. Loans and other Advances .. (Distinguishing between those payable on demand and those payable otherwise than on demand and showing separately debts due by directors. auditors or other officers of the company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons stating the balance at the beginning of the year, further aggregate advances and the total amount repaid during the year, debts due by firms in which a director of the company is a partner or guarantor, debts due by companies in which a director or
(ii) Issued Capital .. ....shares of Rs.....each.	
(a) Shares issued as fully paid up pursuant to any contract without payments being received in cash..... shares of Rs.....each.	
(b) Shares issued for payments in cash.....shares of Rs.....each. ..	
(iii) Subscribed Capital .. ....shares of Rs.....each	
(iv) Paid-up Capital ..	
(a) .....shares of Rs..... each ..	
Issued to Vendors as fully paid in payment of Property per contra..	
(b) .....Shares of Rs.....	

(Continued on Page 11)

BENARES WITHOUT CONVEYANCES

Ekka, Tonga And Hackney Drivers On Strike

BENARES, Sept. 10.

Ekka, Tonga and Hackney Carriage drivers have gone on strike since Tuesday, owing to certain grievance against the Police.

It is said that on the 24th of August, they filed a petition describing in detail, their grievances in the court of the City Magistrate, which stands unredressed yet. Some 2,000 drivers have gone on strike and no conveyance can be had in the City. At a meeting held near Godhoulia Church, they decided to continue the strike until their grievances are redressed.

It is learnt that they are inducing Lorry and Taxi drivers also to join hands in order to bring this strike to a successful issue.—United Press.

TEMPLE OF PHILAE TO BE MOVED

Result Of Heightening Of Assuan Dam

ALEXANDRIA, Sept 1

The famous temple of Philae is to be removed from its present position.

Since the completion of the Assuan Dam in 1902 Philae, a small island in the Nile, above the first cataract, has been submerged the greater part of the year, except when then Nile water is allowed to run freely through the sluices of the dam.

When the second heightening of the dam is completed however, the temple in the island of Philae will be permanently submerged. For this reason the priceless ruins are to be removed.

WAY TO END WARS

GENEVA, (By Mail).

Mr. Norman Angell, in his speech on August 26, at the Students' International Union, said that wars could be averted "if a few very simple truths were universally realised."

Criticising past efforts at peace education, he said: "Our first task is to know what we want. Commonly, we say peace. That is not true. We want defence, as well as peace, which is an entirely different thing. War has resulted in the past because of the measures which nations took for defence".

Mr. Angell added that one of the chief mistakes that peace organisations make is in assuming that war is the result of bad intentions or wickedness. War, he insisted, is usually made by good men passionately convinced that they are right rather than by wicked men who knowing that they are wrong. "It is a matter", he concluded, "of good intention and of good political judgment".

BURMESE PRISONERS RE-CAPTURED

RANGOON, September 11.

Ba Chit Long Te, a prisoner, who escaped from Insein Jail along with one Ranganathan, on the night of August 22, was recaptured at Thaton area and brought to Insein yesterday under police guard. Ranganathan was re-arrested at Rangoon a few days ago.

Both arrests were made by the C.I.D. officers. Another Burman prisoner, who espaced from Paungde Jail also has been recaptured in another district.—United Press.

Nagarsheth's Navchetan Free Night High School

The Nagarsheth's Navchetan Free Night High School was established on the 24th August 1935. It is an institution imparting instructions in English from Standard I to VI without charging any fees whatsoever. It is situated at 186, Thakurdwar Road, over the Luhana Mahajan Wadi near Kumbhar Tukda.

In order to help the institution in its finances, the Shreyasker Seva Samaj is going to stage a drama, "Mahatma Muldas" at the Victoria Theatre, (Corner of Grant Road) on Sunday, the 13th September at 9-30 p.m., the proceeds of which shall go to the empty coffers of the institution which does such unique public service without charging any fees.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, the Mayor of Bombay, has kindly consented to preside over the functions.

Address On Khaddar For Governor

CALICUT, Sept. 10.

The Malabar District Board at a meeting held on Tuesday decided to present an address in Khadder to Lord Erskine during his visit to Malabar in November.—United Press.

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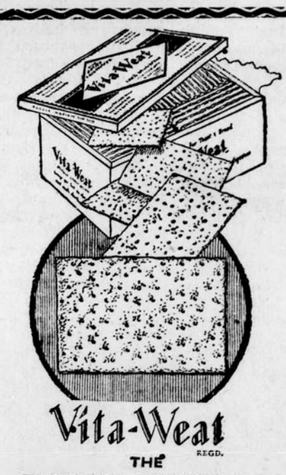

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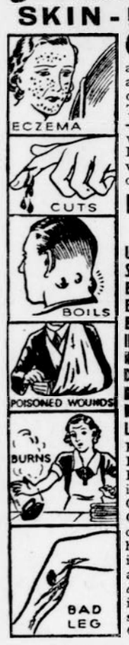

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COMPANIES LAW AMENDMENT BILL

(Continued from Page 10)

LIABILITIES.

each Rs.....called up per share ..
(c) Less: Calls Unpaid—
(including Rs.....due by Directors and Rs.....due by Managing Agents of the Company) ..
(d) Add: Calls paid in advance ..
(e) Add: Forfeited Shares (amount paid up) ..

Note:—Where circumstances permit Issued and Subscribed Capital and amount called up may be shown as one item, e.g. Issued and Subscribed Capital ....shares Rs.....each Rs..... paid up.

(v) Uncalled Reserve Liability—On....shares at Rs.....each.

(Note:—Where there are shares of different denominations or different kinds, these should be set out in detail in classifications 2 (i), (ii), (iii) & (iv). In case of Preference Capital, the rate of interest should be given and describe whether they are simple, cumulative or participating.)

3. Amounts due to Subsidiary Companies.

(specifying the nature of security (if any) the name of the subsidiary company and relative amount) ..

4. Surplus, viz.

A. Capital Reserves—
(a) Premium on shares or debentures ..
(b) Profit prior to Incorporation ..
(c) Capital Appreciation on revaluation of Assets ..
(d) Realised Profits on sale of investments or Capital Assets
(e) Amount received on forfeited shares ..
Note:—Where these reserves are added to or drawn upon the details of such operations should be given.)
B Reserve Funds—
(a) Free:—
General Reserve Fund ..
(b) Earmarked:—
(i) Dividend Equalisation Fund
(ii) Insurance Reserves Fund
(iii) Development Fund ..
(iv) Debenture Sinking Fund
(v) Any other Sinking Fund
(vi) Provision for Bad and Doubtful Debts ..
(vii) Other provisions in the nature of Reserves ..
(Specifying details)

(Note:—Where these reserves are added to or drawn upon details of such operations should be specified under the relative item) ..

C. Profit and Loss Account.
(a) Balance as per last Balance Sheet ..
(b) Add Transfers from Reserves (if any) ..
(c) Less:—Appropriations thereof
1. General.
2. Specific.
3. Dividends.
(d) Balance brought forward .
(e) Profit for the year or period ended ..
(f) Transfers from Reserves (if any) ..
Contingent Liabilities.
(a) Claims against the company not acknowledged as debts ..
(b) Bills Discounted ..
(c) Guarantees ..
(showing separately the amount of any guarantee given by the company on behalf of directors, auditors or other officers of the company)
(d) Arrears of Cumulative Preference Dividends outstanding since ..
(e) Uncalled amount on investments in shares ..
(f) Other moneys for which the company is contingently liable. ..

Grand Total Rs. ..

ASSETS.

manager of the Company holds the position of director or manager, debts due by companies guaranteed by their agents, a director of the company being a member of the firm of agents and debts due by sundry persons and distinguishing: ..
(a) Debts considered good ..
(i) Fully secured ..
(showing separately these secured by immovable properties and those secured by movable properties and in the case of latter stating separately those secured by stock exchange securities, those secured by bullion and those secured by other securities and noting the market value of such securities).
(ii) Secured by the personal liability of one or more persons. ..
(b) Debts considered doubtful..
(c) Debts considered bad ..
5. Payments made in Advance.
(i) To manufacturers against order for plant and machinery. ..
(ii) To staff and employees of the company ..
6. Balance carried down, being excess of Liabilities over Floating Assets.

Total Rs.

1. Balance brought down, being excess of Floating Assets over Liabilities.
2. Fixed Assets.
(Stating the original cost.)
(a) Immovable.
(i) Freehold Land ..
(ii) Freehold Buildings ..
(iii) Leasehold Land ..
(iv) Leasehold Buildings. ..
(b) Movable.
(i) Plant and Machinery ..
(ii) Railway Sidings ..
(iii) Loose Tools. ..
(iv) Furniture and Fixtures
(v) Live Stock ..
(vi) Rolling Stock, e.g. Motor Car, or Motor Lorry, etc. ..
(Note:—These assets should be individually shown in detail as to opening balance, additions thereto and deductions therefrom during the year and the total depreciation provided for or written off under each head, Depreciation should be distinguished between that provided for during the previous years and that provided for during the current year; where sums have been written off on a reduction of capital or a re-valuation of assets every balance sheet after the first balance sheet subsequent to the reduction or revaluation shall show the reduced figures, with the date of and the amount of the reduction made.)
3. Investments in shares, debentures, or bonds of Subsidiary Companies.
(distinguishing between those in shares and those in debentures or lands and specifying names of Subsidiary Company and the respective amounts invested.)
4 Intangible Assets.
(a) Representing Value. ..
(i) Goodwill ..
(ii) Patent rights and copy rights.
(iii) License, etc.
(b) Representing Loss or dead Expenses.
1. On Capital Account.
(i) Preliminary Expenses.
(ii) Underwriting commission.
(iii) Brokerage on Shares or Debentures.
(iv) Discount allowed on the issue of shares or so much as has not been written off at the date of the balance sheet.
(v) Loss on capital assets.
(vi) Interest paid out of capital during construction.
2. On Revenue Account.
(i) Deferred Revenue Expenses.
(ii) Profit and Loss Account (Debit Balance)
(iii) Prepaid insurance, rates. taxes, etc.

Grand Total Rs. ..

N.B.—The information required to be given under any of the items or sub-items in this Form if not included in the Balance-Sheet itself shall be furnished in a separate Schedule or Schedules to be attached to and to form part of the Balance-Sheet or in a Memorandum in the form of Notes appearing at the foot of the Balance-Sheet explaining the basis upon which the value of certain assets had been ascertained, and generally supplementing the information contained therein.

(To Be Continued)

BENGALI ARRESTED IN RANGOON

RANGOON, September 11.

Mr. S. C. Sircar, a Bengali salesman has been arrested by the C.I.D. Officers, as he is alleged to have been found in possession of one revolver and twenty-one rounds of ammunition. Sircar was travelling in a rikshaw late at night and was arrested, when he came out of the wharf precincts and was going home in east of Rangoon. He has been remanded to custody.—United Press.

A notorious dacoit wanted for a long time by Patiala State police and the Ferozepore police, has been arrested by the Deputy Superintendent of Police, Moga, from a village about three miles from Moga.

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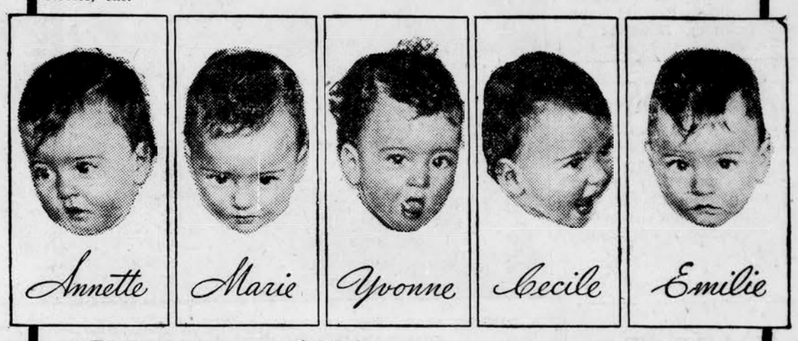

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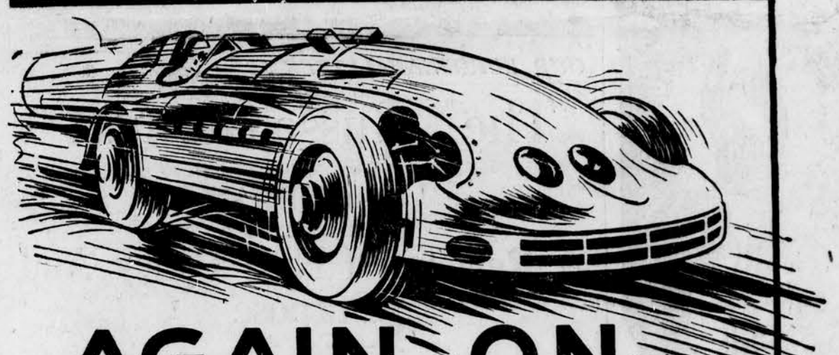

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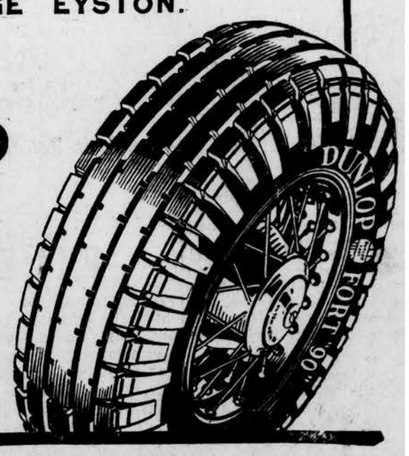

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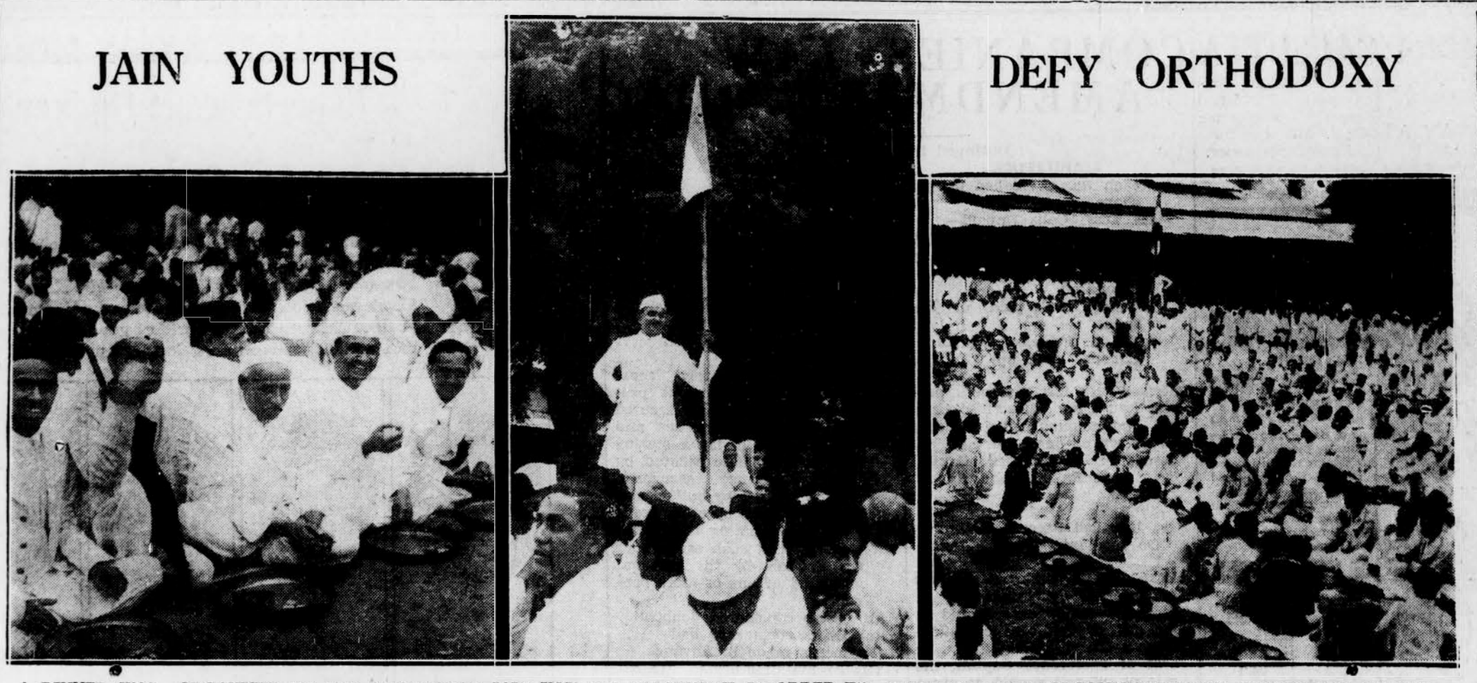

A DINNER WAS ORGANISED BY THE AHMEDABAD JAIN YOUTHS, ON SUNDAY, IN ORDER TO CHALLENGE THE EX-COMMUNICATION RESOLUTION OF THE AHMEDABAD JAIN SANGH AGAINST MR. PARMANAND K. KAPADIA. MR. PARMANAND IS SEEN IN THE CENTRE ADDRESSING THE AUDIENCE.

Sir Hyde Gowan, Governor of Central Provinces, (centre) who arrived by s.s. "Mooltan" the mail boat. By his side (right) is Mr. Abdulla Fidalli, Vice-President C. P. and Berar League and ex-Vice-President of Bharanpur Municipality.

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

The Russo-German Tension

A Review Of Nazi Policy And Purpose

(From Our Own Correspondent)
PRAGUE, Sept. 2.

The European situation at present is greatly dominated by the German-Russian tension. Relations between Germany and Soviet Union have recently come up for fresh attention on account, greatly, of an intensified press campaign which was opened a short while back by Germany against Soviet Union and which was soon followed by the decision to raise the period of military service to two years. Relations between Berlin and Moscow have been of a very strained nature practically since the coming of the Nazis to office in Germany. This issue, behind which wide and varied forces are at play, is one of great and extensive significance. The tension gains added sharpness from the fact that Berlin's antagonism to the Soviet Union counts upon a similar antagonism in important circles in other countries, and particularly so in Britain. Despite a more restricted and reserved tone in Britain, there is held to exist an attitude of considerable opposition to Soviet Union among influential groups; a fact which enters closely into German calculations.

Change In Policy

Germany's estimates in this direction are generally considered to be based, on two sets of considerations: First, the implications, as strongly felt in British circles, of the evolution and expansion of Soviet Union to various important Empire interests, and second, post-war British diplomacy in relation to Soviet Union. In connection with the latter is seen the active efforts long made by Britain to bring Germany into a front against Soviet Union. Though Germany reacted favourably to this advance to get various concessions, both the Foreign Office and the army direction in Germany, exhibited great reserve towards the line of a common front against the Soviet Union, alike under the hope of being able to obtain more advantages this way and because of the impress of French reluctance to make sufficient concession in certain directions. Germany, in fact, secured during this period, great advantages by developing the line of closer association with Soviet Union—a policy well favoured by the then German Ambassador in Moscow, Count Brockdorff Rantzau and which found its expression in the Treaty of Rappolo and later in the Treaty of Berlin.

Check To Nazi Drive

The Nazi Party, as against this, actively pictured the idea of eastern expansion with a clear indication of its territorial implication to Soviet Union. It is thought that this orientation and keeness to see a check to revolutionary rise in Germany brought considerable sympathy for the Nazi movement from quarters abroad which stood as a powerful factor of help to it. The line of evolution of the Nazi drive as contemplated against Soviet Union, is however, disturbed by the advance of the Soviet Union in important directions represented greatly in the military and industrial spheres and also by Germany herself moving at a terrific rate and scale to the course of military revivalism, causing in its trail wide reactions at many centres, which have enabled various developments, such as extension of contracts between Soviet Union and different smaller States in Europe and the conclusion of the Franco-Soviet Pact.

Britain's Drift

Great Britain has been reluctant to move with France in the same direction. Three factors are chiefly associated with this. First, Britain though geographically an European Power is politically more or less a non-European Power and therefore keeps a more elastic attitude to changes relating to territorial rights in Europe. Secondly, attention in London to suggestions held out by Germany indicate the value of the latter for the security of certain vital Empire interests. And thereby a sharper attitude to Soviet Union has to be kept up largely because of the more complicated nature of some of Britain's important colonial possessions. There is at the same time no overlooking of Britain's desire not to let German aims pass certain limits or move to certain other directions. The conflict behind this accounts for a drift and uncertainty in regard to various matters that have characterized British policy in recent period.

Attention To Colonies

Meanwhile the enormous extension of military revivalism in Germany—the practical effect of the new decision relating to raising of the time of military service will be to increase the strength of the regular army now to round about a million—and the great expenditure bound with it, mean an enhancement of an urge for an activist course in the foreign sphere with the internal situation getting tighter in various ways. In this background, the colonial issue is also seen as gaining a new and enhanced interest. The difficulties bound with the position in South-Eastern Europe and North-Eastern Europe, suggested by developments, such as holding up of the Little Entente, evolution of the Balkan Union, Soviet Union's military advance and extension of certain contacts, and uncertainly felt by Poland, all force Germany to give closer attention to colonial issue. The Nazi Party recently has directly taken charge of the propaganda for colonies and also opened a separate colonial department with the Nazi leader and Bavarian Staathalter (Governor) Ritter von Epp as its President.

In connection with the claim for colonies, generally the arguments of needs of economy and population are advanced. Some critics ask in relation to the former whether it could not then be more pressed by some smaller but highly industrialized States to a greater extent dependent on foreign markets for sales and supplies. There is again the question of the great limitation of the colonial region as visualized from the point of outlet for population. The employment of expressions like "haves" and "have nots" calls in fact for closer care, especially because the real category of "have nots" is outside the ones to which the term is employed and because of the danger of the interests of that category if the expressions are loosely used.

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FRENCH COLONIAL SATRAPS TO CONFER

PONDICHERRY, Sept. 10.

According to an official communication received here, it is learnt that a Conference of the Governors and Governor-Generals of the several Colonies of France has been called by the Minister of Colonies, in order to discuss problems affecting the Colonies, and the mother country, and it is expected that the Conference will consider proposals to simplify administrative matters obtaining in all French Colonies of the world.

His Excellency the Governor of French India has received an official invitation from the Colonial Minister for attending the Conference, and he is expected to sail for France by the beginning of November.—United Press.

Mysore 'Varsity Convocation

MYSORE, Sept. 10.

His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, who is now on a tour in Europe, will, it is understood preside over the convocation of the Mysore University to be held on October 29 next.

Dr. E. P. Metcalfe, Vice-Chancellor, Mysore University, will deliver convocation address.—United Press.

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Rheumatism In Joints Caused Her Intense Pain

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Rheumatism affects its victims in many curious and inconvenient ways. In the case of this woman, she dared not shake hands with people because of the pain it caused her as a result of rheumatism in the joints. This condition lasted for several years, until she hit on the right remedy—Kruschen Salts. Read her letter:—

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Derbyshire Wins Championship After 60 Years

MISS ROUND FIXES HER FUTURE PROGRAMME

Demand For Better Treatment Over Entertainments Duty

(From Our Sports Correspondent).

LONDON: (By Air Mail).

County cricket ended yesterday in a blaze of glory. On Monday, in the eight first-class matches, which were in progress, more centuries than on any other day of the season were produced—eleven, one of which was the highest innings of the season. This stands to the credit of Hammond, who batted almost throughout the day against Notts to score a masterly 317 of a Gloucester total of 485. Hendren, the evergreen Middlesex star, took his second century of the match off the Surrey bowling, and, incidentally, completed 1,000 runs in August, which is indeed a wonderful feat at the age of 47. Denis Smith and Worthington took centuries for Derbyshire off the Leicester bowling. B. H. Valentine hit one for Kent, and Edrich and Watkins put on 198 (Edrich 112) in 105 minutes in scoring centuries in reply for M.C.C. at Folkstone. A. Melville (152) and John Langridge (168) hammered the Indian attack at Hove when they played for Sussex. N. S. Mitchell-Innes made a fighting 127 for Somerset and Turner contributed a hundred to Yorkshire's total against Hampshire.

CHAMPION AFTER 60 YEARS

There was plenty of interest in the last of the county cricket matches which began on Saturday. Derbyshire, the new champions, who have won the title for the first time for sixty years, seem determined to make their lead at the top of the county table as big as possible. After their exciting match against Somerset at Wells, where they lost by only one wicket, Derby met Leicestershire at Oakham, where county cricket is rarely played and dismissed the home county for 151 runs. Copson, one of England's fast bowlers chosen for the Australian tour, was at his best, and took four wickets for 34. Gover, the Surrey bowler, who was having a great race with Verity, of Yorkshire, to reach the 200 wickets mark, upset Middlesex at Lord's with two early wickets. However thanks mainly to Hendren Middlesex recovered somewhat but the whole team were out for 260, Gover's final analysis being five for 59. Meanwhile, Verity was bowling without a great deal of luck against Hampshire at Bournemouth. The Hampshire batsmen, especially Mead, were very stubborn. Verity in one spell bowled 10 overs, nine maidens, for three runs and one wicket. He took three wickets, to bring his total to 195. At that stage Gover needed seven more wickets for the 200.

PECULIAR CONTRAST

The championship has gone to Derbyshire, a county which has won more matches than any other—twelve out of 27 to the precise. This is just as it should be, seeing that outright victories, and the playing of cricket which earns them, are the things that really matter. So Derbyshire's success this year is a peculiar contrast to that of 1874, when they were declared leaders as having lost fewer matches than anybody else. But some odd things must have happened in those far-off days, for they appear to have played sixteen men in one match! Since then they have never won the Championship under any system of reckoning, so that A. W. Richardson and his men are to be most heartily congratulated. It is a pity that has not been any match against the Rest of England at the Oval, since Londoners have only seen them once when Smith scored a fine century against Surrey and Alderman made a superhuman catch at long-leg.

Derbyshire made a poor beginning to the season, for only a missed catch saved them against Hampshire, and Kent finished them off before the second day's lunch at Gravesend. But then they won three matches in succession and have been there or thereabouts ever since. Two of their best victories were in the return match with Kent and in the August Bank Holiday game against Essex, when Mitchell's bowling produced a remarkable win, and fifteen particularly vital points, to give them a position from which they have never been dislodged. Apart from their early defeat by Kent, they have lost twice to Somerset (surprisingly by ten wickets, and thrillingly by one wicket) and collapsed very badly against Larwood and Voce at Ilkeston. And it has been the bowling more than anything else which has brought them where they are. This is despite the loss of G. Pope and the absence of a left-hander. Copson naturally is the hero—a menace to opening batsmen and a terror to the tail—but A. V. Pope's steady length and straightness have been beyond price or praise. Mitchell has had his times of inspiration as well as his times of depression. While Townsend and Worthington are something more than merely the kind of bowlers who have to be put on because somebody else wants a rest. One or two dropped catches at moments of crisis have been unhappily costly, but the fielding has usually been good. Alderman has distinguished himself everywhere so have Worthington, when close to the wicket and Skinner in the slips. H. Elliot, one of the best of wicket-keepers, has scarcely been sufficiently appreciated outside his county.

Richardson has had his worries, especially of late, but they are all over now, and the cricket world congratulates him upon what he and his excellent team have done this season.

18-YEAR YOUTH'S 1000 RUNS

When stumps were drawn in the Middlesex versus Surrey match on Saturday night Harry White, the head groundsman known to hundreds of thousands of cricket fans, passed off the stage at Lord's. He handed over the job to young Martin, son of "Mosser" Martin, of the Oval. After being on the ground staff for several years, White, who was originally professional to the West Herts Club, became the head groundsman at Lord's in 1910. Since then he was coached hundreds of players, and indeed an eleven of present-day county cricketers could be made up of his pupils. The most recent to achieve fame is Denis Copson, of Middlesex, who, 18 years old, has scored 1,000 runs in his first season. Then Harry took the job. Lord's was waterlogged. A heavy day's rain often held up play for a week. Now, so perfect is the drainage system, it takes a heavy soaking to stop play for long. The leather-jackets that threatened the historic pitch have been annihilated. Now Harry has departed leaving for us the Lord's gound as easily one of the finest bits of greens in the worlds. Though he is going on pension, he is not to give up work, and has been appointed head coach and groundsman to Vauxhall Motors at Luton. During the winter he intends to write his reminiscences under the title, "Thirty Years At Lord's".

ENTERTAINMENTS DUTY

While the M.C.C. team is in Australia in quest of the Ashes and in an attempt to bowl Don Bradman out, its executive in London will be having a duel with Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Chancellor of the Exchequer. He will be faced before his next Budget with a strong demand from county cricket clubs for better treatment over entertainments duty. Past attempts to persuade the Chancellor to treat cricket more tolerantly have been unsuccessful. They will now be renewed with more urgency on account of the poor weather which prevailed most of the season. Yorkshire receipts were down £2,000 compared with those of last year. Other counties have faced as badly, and have smaller reserves. The cricketing supplicants have now Mr. Peter Eckersley in the House of Commons to support their plea. In the Cabinet they have an ex-president of the M.C.C. in Lord Hailsham.

In his 1935 Budget the Chancellor made a tax concession to entertainments in which "liver performers" take part. In the eyes of the Chancellor cricketers are not "live performers"—a view which too much watching of some county batsmen lends to confirm. On a shilling seat at a cricket match 2d. goes in tax. The tax is only 1d. in a theatre, ballet, performance of music, whether vocal or instrumental, lecture recitation, music hall or variety show, and circus or other travelling show. Another grievance of the cricket clubs is that their members' subscriptions are regarded as season tickets and duty is charged on them. Mr. Chamberlain has been deaf to all previous pleas, on the ground that he cannot discriminate between one sport and another. Any concession would have to be extended to football, boxing, racing, and the speedway, which would mean a substantial loss of revenue.

SOCCER SHOCKS

We were prepared for the heat, we were prepared for the surprises, but we were hardly prepared for so many first-day soccer shocks as we received on Saturday last Charlton took the biggest bouquet as theirs was a grand win at Grimsby. Nothing like a good start and Jimmy Seed and his men need all they get in the way of good fortune. There was not one weak point in their team work. Another surprise for us was the win of Chelsea at Leeds. It was hardly expected that they would win. However, they did and did play very well indeed. Mills was one of the stars responsible for the win of his side, which was achieved after he had some touch breaks. Well, over 800,000 watched the 44 League games, and there will be some more big crowds when the season is in full swing and the weather is not oppressing as it was on last Saturday.

MISS ROUND

Miss Dorothy Round, the Wimbledon champion of 1934, is to bake her last appearance this season in the Eastbourne tournament, which opened in spacious Devonshire Park on Monday. After this meeting Miss Round is unlikely to play any more competitive lawn tennis until the spring tournaments. She will not, however, lay aside her racket, but practise regularly on hard courts during the winter. The South of England Championship annually competed for at Eastbourne is a much sought after title and many famous names 'figure' on the roll of honour. Miss Round won at Eastbourne in 1934, so far her greatest year on the courts, so this will be an attempt to win back the cup now held by Miss Billie Yorke. In addition to the singles Miss Round will compete in the South of England's women's doubles partnered for the first time by Miss Nancy Lyle, another member of this year's British Wightman Cup team. Miss Round will not compete in the Mixed Doubles, now held by Frank Wilde and Miss Heeley, who are both playing again this year. However Miss Round will have to be at her best if she is to regain the South of England Women's Singles, for Senorita Anita Lizana, Miss Heeley, Miss Harvey, Miss Lyle Miss Susan Noel, Miss Saunders and possibly Miss Joan Ingram are all competing in the event.

TROTSKY ON MOSCOW TRIAL

Stalin Clique's Final Break With Bolshevist Traditions

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

In the course of an exclusive interview with a Special Correspondent of the "News Chronicle," London, M. Leon Trotsky said:—

"My preliminary judgment of the recent Moscow trial has been expressed in several declarations. This case was one of the biggest, clumsiest and most criminal plots of the secret police against world opinion. There are so many elements in the case, by the way, there seems to be a series of new supplementary cases in preparation,—that I think that the criminal net will tear in several places, thereby allowing the truth to escape sooner or later."

AGAINST ALL OPPOSITION.

To the question: "Do you suggest that the Soviet Government has an ulterior motive in holding the prosecution at this moment?" Leon Trotsky said:—

"From a political point of view, the case has been directed against all opposition generally and against me personally in particular. It proves the colossal political tension in the country, the discontent with the bureaucracy and the antagonisms that exist within the bureaucracy up to the highest spheres. The case will inevitably be followed by important political consequences which may develop into open mass struggles and violent repercussions."

The next question was: "Do you think that the Soviet Government considered it necessary to carry out a purge before the introduction of the new regime?"

Leon Trotsky: "The capitalist Press of the world doubts the sincerity of the Conservative and National tendencies of the Soviet Bureaucracy. The Stalin clique have tried by this case to prove that they have broken finally and ruthlessly with the revolutionary traditions of the Bolshevist Party. But it should not be forgotten that the 'Politbureau,' which directed the fate of the Russian revolution as well as the Comintern, when Lenin was alive, was composed as follows: Lenin, Trotsky, Zinoviev, Kamenev, Tomsky, Rykov and Stalin with Bukharin as a candidate. Lenin is dead. All the other members of the "Politbureau" except Stalin have now been charged as plotters against the Soviet State, as terrorists, and even as allies of the German secret police.

"Anybody who is able to think politically will not, of course, place the slightest reliance on these accusations but, on the contrary, will recognise them as the unmistakable signs of the great political change that has taken place in the country.

"The new Conservative leading strata, the Soviet aristocracy personified by Stalin, is finally severing the navel string which connected them with the October Revolution. The new Constitution means the official destruction of political activity by the people. All power is being concentrated in the hands of the bureaucracy, who call themselves the Party."—United Press.

ELECTION IN C. P. TO COST 2 1/2 LAKHS

NAGPUR, Sept. 10.

Arrangements in connection with the forthcoming provincial elections are in progress.

It is understood that there will be 2,000 polling booths in different parts of the Province. It is estimated the cost of printing electoral rolls and expenses incidental to the elections will be Rs. 2,50,000.

As regards women voters, Government feel that it will be possible to make special arrangements to enable them to exercise their votes in Urban areas.—United Press.

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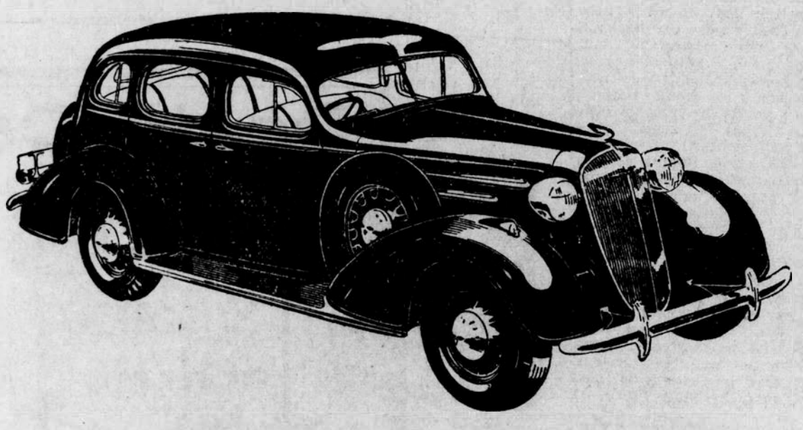

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Karna Madhur K. G. Desai as "Prabhavati," in "Prema Rahasya," to be staged at the Victoria Theatre at 3-30 p.m. to-day in aid of the New English School.

PARSIS CELEBRATE KHORDAD-SAL: Worshippers at Wadia's Fire Temple Hall after offering prayers to their Prophet.

PLANS FOR EXPLOITATION OF ABYSSINIA

Italian Economic Mission Reports On Great Possibilities

ROME, (By Air Mail.)

A great many conclusions have already been arrived at, by the Italian Economics mission that was sent to Ethiopia some time ago in order to make a survey of the actual economic resources ready for exploitation.

According to the calculations made, there are over 50 million hectares of land which can be cultivated with wheat—each hectare being equal to 2,471 acres. Vast territories lying at middle heights of the Ethiopian plateau have been found to be very fertile and here, it is declared, two-to three crops of coffee or maize per year might be easily gathered. It is estimated that roughly speaking coffee, cereals, cotton, wool cleaginous seeds, hides, timber wax or bananas may be had from any part of the country. What is more is that the sub-soil is very rich in mineral wealth. Many kinds of minerals are known to exist including gold, platinum, iron, copper, silver, lead, nickel, magnesium and tungsten.

Apart from these riches, stock breeding can count about 20 million head of cattle.

While large lakes and important rivers constitute huge hydraulic resources that might be turned into account for producing electrical energy. Proposals have accordingly been put forward to transform East African Empire into a self-contained economic unit.

Two important initiatives have been launched at present for the purpose of economic development.

Dual Exploitation

One is led by Alberta De Stefani, the former Finance Minister. The character of this body is scientific. Another is to be led by Count de Misurate, sometimes the governor of Libya, and actually the Chairman of the Fascist Confederation of Industrialists.

A semi-state body has also been organised under the name of Azienda Mineraria per L'Africa Orientale (The East African Mining Corporation) for the exploration of mineral resources.

The zones which are to be assigned to various forms of settlements have already been delimited by the Government. These include the zones of national racial settlement, where the land cultivated will eventually pass into the possession of the cultivators, the zones of small properties, to be worked by farmers with a modest capital, the zones of industrial settlement where national racial settlement is impossible, the zones shared with the natives for industrial purposes, where the immigration of Italians is impossible or inopportune, and the zones of native land aided and directed by the Government.

Equally with that of agriculture and the extractive industries, the task of Italian commerce in Ethiopia has also an urgent character, and will be chiefly directed towards organization. The system on which it will work will be that of the Corporative State.

"ATROCITIES" ON PALESTINE ARABS

Allahabad Municipal Board's Reply To Commissioner

ALLAHABAD, (By Mail).

The Palestine situation came under discussion at the meeting of the Allahabad Municipal Board held on Saturday night.

The Board had, some time ago, passed a resolution condemning the atrocities alleged to have been committed on the Palestine Arabs and the then Commissioner, Mr. G. M. Harper, commenting on the resolution had remarked that he would like to know the members' source of information of the 'atrocities' on which the resolution was based.

This remark of the Commissioner was resented by some members of the Board. On Saturday they made long speeches in the course of which they quoted extracts from the foreign and other journals and Reuter's news reports, including those of the speeches in the Parliament about the 'atrocities' committed on the Arabs in Palestine.

Mr. Balig Ram, particularly criticised the Commissioner's remarks and protested against the tone of his letter, which, he said, was derogatory to the dignity of the Board.

Mr. Zahid Hussain also spoke and the board decided to send a reply to the Commissioner in the light of the speeches made.—A.P.

DETERMINED DESPITE DISTRESS

Women's Fellowship Member On Plight Of Dependents Of Ambarnath Strikers

Miss Godavari Gokhale, member Women's Fellowship of Service Women's Section of Servants of India writes:

Having heard that there was much distress among women and children of the Western India Match Factory Workers at Ambernath due to the strike and lock-out there I visited Ambernath village on Friday, 4th September.

I saw a number of persons especially women and carried out also a house to house inspection. At first the women were reluctant to reveal their poverty and misery but after some time I was able to gain their confidence.

SOLD ALL

Most of the families have sold or mortgaged whatever little they had by way of ornaments and trinkets. Some of them have had also to part with their scanty stock of their household utensils. Some women have gone to the extent of either selling or mortgaging their clothing such as their sarees, in order to save their children from starvation.

There are some families with children numbering four to six and the question for them is how to live. In spite of the severe suffering the workers seemed to have a strong faith in their cause. One could not help being struck with the patience and courage they displayed. I could see grim determination on their faces although their homes presented a distress and hard life, which almost reminds one of Mrs. Browning's pathatic ballad "The Cry of the Children" which awakened the social conscience of the people of England in those days.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summar of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 11-9-1936.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.064 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.7 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.1 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 84.5 degrees 0.5 (below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 76.4 degrees 1.0 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 84 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. SW.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 9 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 195 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 33 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.21 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 4.76 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 55.15 inches.

Weather Remarks:—Showers.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 11-9-36.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 80.8 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.99 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.79 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

RAINFALL WILL DECREASE IN GUJARAT

POONA, Sept. 11.

The Monsoon has been strong in North-east India, the United Provinces Rajputana and Gujarat. Rainfall has been nearly general in Assam, Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur Bihar, East United Provinces, West Rajputana, Gujarat and the Konkan, local in Burma, West United Provinces, East Central India, Central Provinces, East Rajputana and the North Madras Coast.

A few falls have occurred in West Central India, East and North Punjab, the North-west Frontier Provinces, Baluchistan and South-east Madras.

The chief amounts are:—Cherrapunji 11 inches; Cox's Bazar Calcutta, Jalpaiguri, Ranchi, Mount Abu 4; Chittagong, Saugor Island, Burdwan, Daltonganj, Bareilly, Vellore 3; Naya, Dumka, Jessore Mymensingh, Bogra, Gaya 2.

FORECAST:—Rainfall will decrease in Gujarat and Rajputana. The monsoon will continue to be strong in North-east India generally, and widespread thunderstorms will occur in Chota Nagpur, the Central Provinces and the United Provinces.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rainfall is likely to occur in the Submontane Districts of Assam, Bengal, Bihar and the West United Provinces during the next 48 hours.—A. P.

Big Indian Shipping Venture

"Hind Lines, Ltd." Registered With Authorised Capital Of Rs. 10 Crores

BOMBAY, Sept. 9.

The "United Press" reliably understands that a definite move in the direction of starting an Indian Fast Passenger Shipping service between Bombay and Europe at a very early date is being made and that a big Indian shipping venture is being organised in this connection.

A company called the "Hind Lines, Limited," has been registered with an authorised capital of ten crores of rupees.

It is gathered that the Company will be controlled and managed entirely by Indians.—United Press

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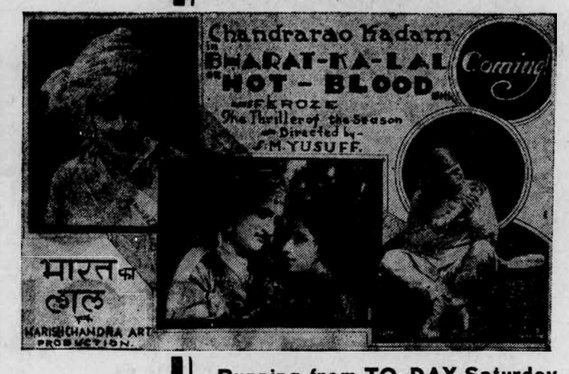

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Mr. Kaliprasad B. Desai, M.A. S.T.C., head master of Jambusar Municipal High School, sailed for England on Friday, for further studies.

PART SECURITY FORFEITED

"Anand Bazar" And Press Pay Penalty For Article On Ban On Literature

CALCUTTA, September 10.

The Bengal Government served orders this evening and not on Monday last as reported by a certain News Agency on the printer of the "Ananda Bazar Patrika", and also on the keeper of the "Anand" Press from where the paper is published, forfeiting Rs. 2,000 out of the Rs. 4,000 deposited on behalf of the said paper under the Indian Press Emergency Powers Act on the ground that the leading article appearing in the issue of the paper of July 8 last, entitled "Official Tyranny on Literature" which criticised the Government's policy of proscribing books on politics and history by well-known Indian and Continental authors, contained sentences offending the Special Act referred to.

It will be recalled that the first occasion when this paper's security of Rs. 2,000 was forfeited was in October, 1934, when it was called upon to deposit a fresh security of Rs. 10,000 which amount was, however, reduced on appeal to the High Court to Rs. 4,000.—United Press.

Out To Bring Back Convert Prince To Hindu Fold?

JUBBULPORE, September 11.

A message just received from Khandwa says that the heir-apparents of Sitamau and Bikaner States have gone to Indore to see Prince Govind Singh, the second son of the ruler of the Sitamau State in Central India Agency on a very interesting mission.

It will be recalled that Prince Govind Singh recently embraced Christianity much against the wishes of his parents. Now the heir-apparents of Sitamau and Bikaner have gone to Indore with a view to meet Prince Govind and persuade him to go back to Hindu fold. The cause which has induced the Prince of Sitamau to renounce the religion of his forefathers, is, however, shrouded in mystery.—United Press.

C. P. DEBT CONCILIATION ACT

Mahakoshal Chamber's Views

JUBBULPORE, September 11.

At an emergent meeting of the Executive Committee of the Mahakoshal Chamber of Commerce, Jubbulpore, held on Monday last, with Seth Mollashanker Bhai in chair, the Committee approved the resolutions passed by the Grain Merchants Association, Nagpur, regarding the Debt Conciliation Act and its amendments, requesting the Government not to authorise the Debt Conciliation Boards to entertain and deal with the cases involving debts of more than Rs. 10,000 on the ground the main object of the Debt Conciliation Act was to give relief only to bonafide agriculturists, and not to other persons who want to evade their creditors on the plea of being agriculturists without possessing any agricultural land.

The Chamber further endorsed the proposal moved by Mr. S. S. Fatechan Chhikorilal of Jubbulpore that the application of such debtors as possess much more property and assets than their liabilities should not be entertained by the Board.—United Press.

MAHATMA AND STATES PEOPLE

"Servant Of India" Editor Replies To Statement Of Mr. B. Mehta

The Editor of the "Servant of India" replies to the statement of Mr. Balvantrai Mehta in the following terms:—

Mr. Balvantray Mehta tells us for the first time (the omission of this matter from his previous letter is inexplicable) that Gandhiji had warned the States' people that though he regarded protection of fundamental rights and elective representation of the States' people as "essentials" and "minimum requirements" of federation, he would not make a demand for them in the open session of the R. T. C. until he had obtained full satisfaction of his demands from the British Government, which demands, however, he would make in public.

It is obvious that Mahatma Gandhi's strategy was to keep the fight on to nationalist lines at the R.T.C. to push the British Government as hard as possible there, and if, in doing so, the Conference failed, to blame the failure on the British Government and absolve the Princes from it. But his strategy did not succeed, for almost the first matter that came up for discussion was the States' representation in the federal legislature, which left to himself he would not have discussed till the British Government had shown its hand. When the question arose, some members of the R. T. C. urged elective representation of the States' people as an essential condition of federation, the very thing which Mahatma Gandhi had promised to secure, and Mahatma Gandhi rises in his place to oppose these members and range himself on the side of reactionaries like Gavin Jones! This may be "his own method" of fulfilling his promise, but it does not appear to us to be a proper method.

Public and Private Demands

Again, may we ask why demands upon the British Government were to be made publicly, and those upon the Princes privately—in fact the latter to be disowned when made by others publicly? It is surely "an inimitable way" of Gandhiji's; others follow either open diplomacy or secret diplomacy, but not half of one and half of the other.

And why are the States to be asked to agree to what one considers to be the prerequisites of federation only if the British Government accepts one's demands? Why not then ask the British Government to agree to these demands only, if the Princes, accept the pre-requisites? See what the situation was Mahatma Gandhi says, unless the British Government comes to terms, he will not even suggest any terms to the Princes in public, the Princes say they will accept his terms provided only the British Government on its part does so (according to Mr. Balvantrai, Mehta); the British Government says it will accept his terms provided the Princes on their part do so (according to Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya). So both the British and Indian rulers agreed "in toto" with Mahatma Gandhi's demands—privately. The only trouble was that they could not give public expression to this agreement as Mahatma Gandhi himself could not voice his demands upon the Princes in public.

Mahatma "Fooled"

Does not Mr. Balvantray Mehta conceive of the possibility that both the Princes and Mr. MacDonald, the then Premier, fooled Mahatma Gandhi? Secure in the knowledge that the other would refuse, neither felt any hesitation in giving provisional consent. And if such was the situation, does it not mean that Mahatma Gandhi assured the Princes that no embarrassing demands would be made upon them till a contingency arose which was not at all likely to arise?

Anyone will feel that a less devious and less complicated diplomacy would have served us better. For the only result of this policy is that Mahatma Gandhi is on record as having repudiated the demand which he should have made himself.

German Professor's Interest In Ramkrishna Centenary

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9.

Information has been received that Prof. Dr. Karl Haushofer, President of the Deutsche Academy, Munich, Germany, is taking every opportunity to speak about Sri Ramkrishna and the Centenary celebrations.—United Press.

The Maharaja and Maharani of Tripura returned by the Mail Boat. The Maharaja is the generous donor towards the cost of the proposed Hindu Temple in London.

RED CROSS SUMMER SCHOOL FOR WOMEN

Rani Of Mandi To Perform Opening Ceremony

SIMLA, Sept. 9.

The Indian Red Cross Society reports that very good progress is being made with the plans for the Summer School on social work for women and children, which is to open in Simla on September 14th in the Simla Rifles Drill Hall.

The Rani of Mandi will preside at the opening meeting, and among other chairmen during the week are Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, C. H. Renhold, Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, and Mr. J. C. Powell Price, Acting Educational Commissioner with the Government of India.

Delegates are already announced from such distant places as Loralai in Baluchistan, and Mercara in Mysore State, while others are coming from Karwar, Karachi, Patna, Calcutta, Ajmere. A large number of Simla ladies have enrolled for the full course. If there are others who desire to receive the programme or to enrol, they should apply without delay to the Organising Secretary, Indian Red Cross Society, Sherwood, Simla.—United Press.

DEATH OF COCHIN PRINCESS

COCHIN Sept. 9.

Death is reported of Princess, Manku Tampuran of Cochin Royal family, which took place on Tuesday. All public offices, courts and schools were closed as a mark of respect.

The Princess was well-versed in Sanskrit and was the granddaughter of the late Junior Ranee. —United Press.

DEATH OF NIZAM'S YOUNGEST SON

(From Our Correspondent.)
HYDERABAD,
(Resy), Sept. 11.

Prince Jawad Jaha, the Nizam's Youngest Son, aged eleven months passed away last night. The burial took place to-day.

Karnatak Congress Parliamentary Board Meeting

(From Our Correspondent)
DHARWAR, (By Mail.)

A meeting of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee Parliamentary Board met here. Representatives from all the districts were present. Discussion lasted for more than three hours.

The following resolutions were adopted. (1) Candidates who were sentenced during Non-coperation movement should apply to the reforms Office to remove their disqualifications immediately (2) The candidates for the council (upper house) should send in their applications very early. The candidates from Dharwar and Karwar should send their applications before 20th of this month. (3) A committee consisting of Sjt. Karmarker, Diwakar, Hukarikar and V. V. Patil was appointed to suggest the grievances of Karnatak to be included in the Bombay Presidency Election Manifesto and the same committee was empowered to prepare the Karnatak Provincial Manifesto.

The following items were suggested to be included in the Bombay Presidency Manifesto. (1) Karnatak Unification (2) Canal System, (3) Forest grievances, (4) Industrial Progress (5) Harbour for Karnatak.

The Sheldonian theatre, one of the most famous buildings in Oxford designed by Sir Christopher, Wren, has been attacked by the death-watch beetle to such an extent, that it has been found necessary to close it for six months while steps are being taken to ascertain the damage.

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Indian News From Here And There

PEOPLE CAN APPROACH COURTS DIRECT

Food Nutrition Enquiry Committee For Baroda

(From Our Correspondent).
BARODA, (By Mail).

The first session of the State Representative Assembly is being held here from 3rd September under the presidentship of Acting Dewan, Col. Kumar Shivarajasingh. The Agenda included 49 resolutions, 30 questions and 5 bills. Mr. Ramchandra Amin's resolution of deleting Section 19 (5) from the Land Revenue Code. which empowered the Vahivatdar and the Mahalkari to determine ownership of the land in villages (Gamthan) was lost 16 voting against it. Mr. Amrit Sitaram Pradhan put forward a resolution which sought to enable the people to directly approach the civil courts for getting the ownership of the land and to avoid the cumbrous process of appeals in the Revenue Department, which was much discussed. In the end, it was decided that the people were free to approach either Revenue or Civil Course as they liked.

DISTRICT PANCHAYATS

Mr. Bapubhai G. Desai pleaded for an elected president for the District Panchayats, and put up a strong case as to how it would conduce to better work of public utility. As the body was now more than 30 years old, he said, it must have a free hand in its working, at least more powers and more money. Mr. Framroze Dabu said that it was desirable to have an elected president. Mr. Dwarkanath Shethji supported it. Sarsuba Mr. Mukerjee, while sympathising with views of the members, stated that personal contact of the Suba was essential for effective working of the institutions. On votes being taken, 15 were found in favour of the proposal, and so it was passed. To Mr. Desai's another resolution, the Legal Remembrancer, Mr. Dhurandhar, replied that the Government had already appointed a committee to have competitive examination on the lines of I.C.S., for higher State services, with Mr. Mukerjee as the President.

HEAVY DRAIN

Mr. Dwarkanath Sethji in moving his important resolution about State's first rights on the income of the land, per Section 148 of State Land Revenue Code, explained how certain persons misused it. Mr. Manibhai Vasanjee, while allowing that land revenue may be the first charge of lands, strongly supported the plea that the Crown's prerogative ought not to interfere with other rights of income from the land, so that persons who lend money to others may have full security about their return. As there was unanimity of opinion on the matter, Sarsuba Mr. Mukherjee stated that the Government would sympathetically look into the pros and cons of the whole question. Mr. Maganbhai Patel in a resolution urged Government to give four pies in an anna of the local Cess, back to the Prant Panchayat, instead of taking it for educational purposes, when Government had declared its policy to impart free and compulsory primary education in the State. He stated that it was a very heavy financial drain on the meagre resources of Panchayats. Naibdewan Mr. Uplap said that the State Panchayat Conference had discussed it and though Government could not promise about 4 pies or so, Government would sympathetically consider the whole question.

WELLS FOR BHANGIS

Mr. Chhotabhai Sutaria urged Government to provide wells for Bhangis in all parts of State, wherever there was deficiency and to fulfil this programme within a period of 5 years. Sarsuba Mr. Mukherjee said that Government could not accept this position of having wells for all communities, when public wells are free for the use of all. Still looking to practical difficulties, Government would see that adequate facilities were given to Bhangis. In another resolution he urged Government to join Antarsuha Taluka by rail or road and Government replied that the project was too expensive.

FOOD NUTRITION

Mr. Amrit Pradhan urged Government to investigate into food nutrition to enable people to know about essential nourishing elements in various types of food. Mr. Uplap said that Government had already appointed a Food Inquiry Committee. Dewansaheb further explained that His Highness was very keen on it.

OTHER BILLS

In another resolution Mr. Pradhan requested Government to devise a plan for improving the economic lot of the agriculturists to save them from times of crisis like famine, frost, drought, flood, etc. Dewansaheb requested the member to bring such a scheme before the Assembly and Government would sympathetically consider the same. The Government's Cattle Bill, which was intended to remove the hardship and loss caused to the cultivators by stray cattle was referred to the Select Committee, as there were numerous suggestions on the same. The second bill to amend the Civil Procedure Code, which aimed at reducing the delays caused in the disposal of Civil Suits, by the failure of witnesses to appear before the Court, for one reason or another, was dropped as there was keen non-official opposition about it.

The sessions is in progress.

PROTEST AGAINST ACTION OF JAIN ORTHODOXY

Ahmedabad Youths Honour Kapadia With Public Address

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Sept. 7.

The cricket season is in full swing and inter schools and college matches as well as matches between different teams in the city are played on holidays and in week ends. The H. L. College of Commerce team defeated the L. A. Law College team last week. But it cut a sorry figure against the Gujarat College team which includes several veteran players, and was beaten by more than an innings. The Government High School Cricket team also made a poor show this year in the Inter-Schools' Cricket Tournament and the City High School seems to have good players this year. Another competition is the Gordhandas Cup Tournament in which several cricket teams take part. The Divan's eleven of the Proprietary High School defeated the Medical School eleven by a narrow margin in one of the matches for the trophy.

GANDHI WEEK

The City Congress Committee is busy making arrangements for the celebration of the Gandhi week as usual. But looking to the conditions prevailing in the district for want of adequate rain and the troubles between mill agent and the Labour Union it seems that the sale of Khadi programme will not be as successful as in the past. In spite of several difficulties the City Congress Committee is trying to do its best.

Principal Anandshanker Dhruva has settled down here, now that he has retired from Benares and is delivering public lectures on Bhagwad Gita every Sunday in the Prembhai Hall. He also seems to be very busy as President of the Ahmedabad Education Society.

ANOTHER ARTS COLLEGE?

A meeting of the Governing Body of the Ahmedabad Education was held this week and it elected Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai as its Chairman. The Society is making serious efforts to start an arts college in June 1937 and looking to the fact that the Gujarat College has its First-year Arts classes full in spite of the poor Matriculation results of April 1936 the need of another Arts College in Ahmedabad is felt the more keenly. The Society hopes to get good donations from the mill magnates of the city.

It is hoped that another arts college will begin to work in our midst next year.

REFORMS AMONG JAINS

The Jain youths of Ahmedabad as a protest against the action taken by the conservative Sangh of their community invited Sjt. Kapadia and had a dinner with him yesterday. About 1,800 young men and women took part in the function which was successful. Sjt. Kapadia exhorted the youths to stick to their ideas and work for reform. This morning a meeting was held in a theatre where an address was presented to Sjt. Kapadia by the youths of the city.

CAPT. FENWICK MISSES AIR MAIL

Forced Landings Also Do Not Come Single

(From Our Correspondent).
KARACHI, Sept. 10.

Two forced landings in a six-mile trek in pouring rain on mule-back and disappointment at the end of the journey are the adventures which befell race-horse owners and trainer Captain Fenwick and Allenson, who planned an aerial dash from Poona to Karachi in a specially chartered 'plane on Tuesday morning with a view to catch the west-bound Imperial Airways 'plane bound for Bagdad.

The sunny weather which favoured the start gave place to murky skies and drenching rain making the passage perilous with the result that it had an unscheduled landing in the inhospitable gulf of Cambay, the nearest railway station being Kavi. The passengers proceeded to the railway station catching the train to Ahmedabad where a relief plane had been rushed from Poona. But ill-luck still dogged them as the relief plane itself even caught in a tempestuous weather and rain. The plane had a forced landing at Bhuj when they took off after a night's stay. They arrived this evening at 5-30 at Drigh Road only to be told that they were seven hours behind time as the Imperial Airways' plane which itself was delayed over 24 hours had taken off at 9-30 this morning. Both of them are staying at the Sind Club hoping to catch the earliest available west-bound plane.

RAINFALLS IN BARODA AND MEHSANA DIST.

(From Our Correspondent.)
BARODA, Sept. 10.

Drizzles continued with occasional heavy showers. A report from Mehsana District shows heavy rainfall at Mehsana, recording more than four inches, and good rainfall in other talukas, except Amreli, where conditions still are unfavourable. There is generally a good rainfall all over the State.

The Acting Dewan, Colonel Kumar Shivrajsingh will go to Bombay to attend the States Ministers' Conference, on 25th September. The Baroda journalists have decided to form an Association as a majority have agreed to such a proposal.

Dr. K. Naik's son Sjt. Balvant Naik, is arriving in Baroda tomorrow after passing the examination of Master of Physical Education in Springfield University, in America, and attending the Olympic games at Berlin.

Railwaymen's Relief Measures

(From A Correspondent).
FREELANDGANJ, Sept. 9.

Prominent men from the Freelandganj Railway Colony are on the local Relief Committee, and soon subscription lists would be opened.

Besides, other institutions in the Colony are also organising in aid of relief measures, concerts, theatricals etc.

The event coming first is a charity Football match, at the club grounds on Sunday next between the European and Indian Institutes, organised by the Hony. General Secretary, Freelandganj Sports Club. The admission is only annas 2.

TRANSFERS IN BARODA STATE

(From Our Correspondent).
SAYAJIGANJ, Sept. 11.

It is understood that Mr. Pilajirao Gaekwad, Suba of the Amreli District, has been transferred as Suba of the Baroda District, while Mr. Pawar, Suba of Baroda, has been transferred to the Amreli District. The orders will come into effect from October.

Dr. Champaklal Mehta has been elected Chairman of the Baroda Economic Association.

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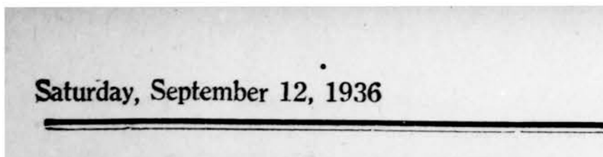

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Mangaldas Market, Bombay 2.

STOCK EXCHANGE SURVEY

Prospects Of Cements

Bombay, Sept. 10.

Messrs. Patel and Ramdutt have issued the following weekly report:—

TATA STEELS.

The week under review was only of four working hours but our market exhibited a fairly cheerful tone, though of course, business put through was not voluminous. The sentiment which was chilled and the ardour of investors and Bull operators which was temporarily damped by the fear of famine all over the Presidency, nay, the whole country were somewhat changed for which thanks—many many thanks are due to the recent rains though late but 'better late than never.' Now, it is as clear as broad day-light that there is no reason to fear a famine specially in our Presidency with the exception of one or two isolated but small areas. The deficiency which was hitherto severely felt, it is hoped, will now be made up. This has really tended to infuse fresh vigour in the Bulls. Some Bears who were taking advantage of that dreadful famine-scare now seem to be aloof.

Unfortunately for the Bulls, again there are talks of the possibilities of 'France going gold-off', and this makes them reluctant to increase their commitments. If and when this happens, there may be a drop in prices only temporarily, as ultimately they should go up because according to the armament programme, no continental steel is likely to be spared for selling in this country and if at all it arrives, our Government would do all in their power to protect our Steel Industry, in accordance with the powers given to them in the Steel Bill by the Legislative Assembly, to increase or decrease the protection as it may be found expedient.

Consequently, we recommend purchases on set-backs. The investors should continue to hold on, totally ignoring the Bear tactics which are in full form.

The production figures of August are shown separately in a comparative Table appearing in this issue elsewhere. Finished Steel's figure is better than that of the corresponding period of the last year and correspondingly better by over 21,000 tons for the five months ending August 31st.

COTTON MILLS.

The American Bureau Report of cotton was sensationally bullish and consequently, cotton prices took a good jump and secondly, the famine that was seriously feared is indeed now quite out of sight except in one or two isolated small areas. These two factors were quite adequate enough for a rise in this section, but since the market has not responded well, we are not inclined to change our opinion, which is bearish. This industry is not in a healthye ondition and there are no chances at present for a substantial rise, unless war breaks out, which is also a remote chance.

CEMENTS.

This was the only section that was dormant, throughout the entire week. In our opinion, the current price of Indian Cement is very attractive for investment. On merits which are shown in the last issue of this Supplement, they should go up.

There is a lot of talk about this Industry. Some think that some new companies which are being floated, are likely to harm the smooth progress of the Associated Cements, which is made up from 10 existing Companies merged into one. We have carefully investigated from the best authorities possible, and we are now able to say, with some degree of certainty, that there is no danger at all to the giant merger Company and it can withstand all competition at all costs without putting this Company into any danger.

The Associated Cement Company i. e. the giant merger was very well thought out and every pros and cons were very minutely examined and all the calculations were made on a very conservative basis. For instance, the rated capacity of Associated Cement is 10,22,000 tons (including Dewarkhand, which is under construction). We understand from a reliable source that the actual capacity is between 13 and 14 lac tons. So, Rs. 60 per ton is a very liberal figure and according to the actual capacity, it should be really somewhere about Rs. 46.47 per ton. Besides this, the merger gets free of charge, stores, spare-parts, equipment, laboratories, etc. which are worth about 30 lacs of rupees. Likewise, it gets Asbestos Cement Company's shares to the tune of about Rs. 2 lacs. It also takes over 150 thousand shares of the Burma Cement Co. at Rs. 10 per share whereas, at present the shares are quoted at Rs. 25. It gives a clear profit of Rs. 15 per share, making a total of about Rs. 22 lacs. The Associated Cement Co. has not to pay a pie for the goodwill, and also have the same experienced staff with geological, technical and selling experience, extending over a period of 20 years. This is all free to this great merger Company and which should, in our opinion, be worth at least Rs. 10 per ton.

Dewarkhand factory is under construction and is likely to cost about Rs. 48-50 per ton and so, in our opinion, the estimates published by certain other Companies are rather not well calculated. If any company wants to have an up-to-date plant, it will have to pay about 10 per cent. more on machinery, etc., which will bring up the price to over Rs. 50 per ton. It will take two years to build a good factory and within that period, the giant merger is likely to make a profit of 2 1/2 crores of rupees i.e. about 1 1/4 crore per annum. Last year, the existing Cement Companies had booked a profit of Rs. 117 lacs and sold about 8,55,000 tons of cement, whereas the sales this year are likely to exceed a million tons, which means more than 15 per cent. higher production and sales than the preceding year. The distribution of profits to the shareholders at the rate of 7 per cent. should bring the figure to about Rs. 55 lacs per year i.e. in two years, it will be Rs. 110 lacs and after deducting Agency Commission, Income-tax, Super-tax, etc. etc., it will leave a margin of about Rs. 90 lacs, which will bring down the cost of the whole concern by about Rs. 8 to 9 per ton. Before the new factories come into existence and their cement is placed on the market, the great merger will have nearly a crore of rupees reserve. This is not a small item and we are certain that the management is seriously considering to fortify their position in such a way as to withstand all shocks.

ROHTAS INDUSTRIES

Now coming to the competing companies, one prospectus is already out. This is of Rohtas Industries. Going through the same, we find a rosy picture depicted. All these are very pious hopes and as we all know, many companies came into existence in the boom period of 1918-20 and only a few withstood the shocks in later years. It is quite possible that the capital being small, the shares may be over-subscribed, as the propaganda seems to be very well planned. Preference shares carrying an interest of 7 per cent. per annum, free of tax, seem to be rather very attractive at first sight. But when one sees that he has to pay about Rs. 45 premium plus Rs. 2 brokerage, which means he has to pay Rs. 147 for Preference shares of the face value of Rs. 100, they lose all the lustre and the temptation is wiped out, for the simple reason that there are many such attractive propositions yielding almost the same rate of interest of the already existing Joint-Stock Companies which are paying dividends regularly. For the sake of comparison, we would prefer Tata Steel 2nd Preference round about the present market level of Rs. 165-66. These carry about Rs. 32 arrears of dividends which are being steadily paid off year by year and so, if one deducts these Rs. 32 he would be able to get the calculation round Rs. 133-34, which means that the yield after deducting the Income-tax would be about 4.75 per cent. which is equal to the one promised by Rohtas on their Preference shares. Of course, the above is only an example, but there are many others equally attractive from the already established Joint-Stock Companies. Thus, the attraction for Rohtas Preference shares is entirely nullified.

Besides this, there is another consideration as regards the Rohtas Preference shares and that is, when the Money market becomes a bit tighter in years to come, the shares are likely to be quoted at a considerable lower figure, giving a capital loss to an investor who invests at this moment at such a high premium. Of course, this would happen in the case of the other Preference shares also. If the shares were to be placed in the market a PAR i.e. Rs. 100, we would have considered this an attractive proposition, but not so now.

HAPUR WHEAT MARKET

(From Our Correspondent.)

HAPUR, Sept. 5.

As reported in my last report an easy tone had already developed towards the close of the week and despite temporary strength due to good buying interest from European firms and occasional firm over-sea cables; the general tone remained very weak during the week under review and prices closed about two annas per maund lower than quoted last week. In Karachi the fall is about Re. 1 per candy. This weakness had its strength in favourable rain and crop reports; bearish foreign cables; September liquidations and speculators selling. But towards the close the bearish feeling is not at all strong and prices may show a slight improvement during the next week.

Karachi as usual was irregular and prices recorded almost daily variations but has closed steady. Cloudy weather and easy up country reports were counter balanced by firm foreign cables towards the end. But fresh speculative support is lacking and full advantage is inducing large September tenders. There was fairly active trading and European firms and Bombay shippers were the main dealers. Arrivals are just sufficient to meet the shipper's demand and the total stock remains unchanged at about 9 lakh bags of which 6 lakhs are unsold in the dealers hand. About 811 tons were exported to foreign countries during the week ending August 29.

Calcutta and Hapur have also lost ground to the extent of -/2/- to -/3/- per maund. Karachi prices are above parity and shipments from that place were rather low Hapur stock lies untouched as prices are sufficiently high and are much above Calcutta parity. Prices varied here mainly on the foreign trend.

Fairly good rains were received in all the provinces and the report point to a very satisfactory crop. Slight damage is however done in some districts of the U.P. the Punjab and C. P. by heavy rains and floods.

Arrivals in the ports during the week ending Aug. 29 were Calcutta 3765 Bombay 961 Karachi 8432 tons. Import and export figures for the three main British Indian ports according to the Indian Trade Journal for the period April 1 to August 29, 1936 and the corresponding period of 1935 are:—

Imports in tons.—

	1936	1935
Calcutta	104242	81311
Bombay	83837	75465
Karachi	219474	176991
Exports to foreign countries.—		
Calcutta	4	8
Bombay	588	538
Karachi	18483	176
Coastal export to other Indian ports from Karachi.		
.....	29118	27754

The current quotations are:—

London Rosafe parcels Jan and Feb. 34s.

S. Australian parcels Sept. and Oct. 38s.

Liverpool Oct. 85 3/8d. Dec. 84 1/2d. March 81 3/8d.

Chicago Sept. 1.09 7/8 Dec. 1.08 1/2. May 1.07 1/2.

Karachi Ready 26/9 Sept. 26/7/4, Oct. 27/-/6, Nov. 27/8, July 25/11.

Hapur Ready 2/14/2, Bhadon 2/14/3, Mangsir 2/15/3.

Moradabad Ready 3/11. Bhadon 3/12.

Bombay white pici 4/13/6, Delhi Cawnpore Sept. 4/14/9. Jan. 5/3/9, May 4/15/3.

Col. Kumar Shivraj Singh, Acting Dewan of Baroda, in place of Sir T. V. Krishnamachariar now at Geneva. Starting service in 1904 as probationer in Military Department he rose to be Naib-Dewan

ZOROASTRIAN CO-OP. CREDIT BANK, LTD.

Ninth Report Shows Progress Of Institution

The Zoroastrian Co-operative Credit Bank, Ltd. has issued the ninth report of the Managing Committee for the year ended 30th June, 1936, from which the following extracts are given below.

The following figures will demonstrate the progress of the Bank and the extent to which it has continued to render active help to its Members:—

Numbers of Shareholders on 31-3-34 952; on 30-6-35 970; on 30-6-36 975.

Subscribed and Paid-up Capital on 31-3-34 89,550; on 30-6-35 89,775; on 30-6-36 89,950.

Total amount of Loans issued during the year on 31-3-34 64,290-13-7; on 30-6-35 36,144-11-0; on 30-6-36 39,409-11-0.

Amount of Loans Outstanding on 31-3-34 1,05,881-5-3; on 30-6-35 70,669-7-7; on 30-6-36 58,311-7-10.

Total number of Loans granted on 31-3-34 570; on 30-6-35 624; on 30-6-36 666.

Total of Fixed, Current and Savings Bank Deposits on 31-3-34 2,55,830-14-1; on 30-6-35 2,18,336-6-3; on 30-6-36 2,64,605-6-9.

Accounts:—The transactions of the past year have resulted in a profit of Rs. 2,825-1-2. This figure has been arrived at after providing (1) a sum of Rs. 158-14-0 for depreciation on furniture, (2) a sum of approximately Rs. 2,134 to implement the contingencies reserve account which will also provide a reserve for bad debts, and (3) a sum of Rs. 48 being Entrance Fees of new members for credit of the Reserve Fund.

The net profit for the year ended 30th June 1936 including the sum of Rs. 832-0-9 brought forward from the last year's account amounts to Rs. 3,657-1-11. After transfer of a sum of Rs. 706-4-3 to the Reserve Fund, being 25 per cent of the net profits in accordance with the bye-laws, there remains the balance of Rs. 2,950-13-8 for appropriation. The Committee accordingly recommend the payment of a dividend at the rate of three per cent on a full twelve months' holding of shares, and pro rata to those members whose holding was of a shorter duration.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGES TO BORROWERS.

The bye-laws of the Bank have been amended with a view to ensure expansion of business on safe lines. The maximum limit has been raised with the sanction of the Registrar of Co-operative Societies to Rs. 20,000 for advance against first mortgage of property and against Government and other authorised securities. Besides the saving of usual brokerage charges, all agreements and mortgage deeds entered into for loans against first mortgage of property are exempt from Stamp Duty and Registration Fees; and this affords substantial saving in expenditure connected with the raising of loans. Strictest secrecy is observed on all bonafide transactions.

The Committee appeals to the Depositors to continue their co-operation and help, and also to the Parsi public to extend their co-operation to this communal Institute which is the only one of its kind. The Bank has Fixed Deposit, and Current and Savings Bank Deposit Departments, and the Parsi Public is invited to take advantage of these and other facilities provided by the Bank.

Maratha Social Conference

The Secretary, Maratha Social Conference Bombay writes:—

The preliminary meeting of the Marathas of Bombay was held on the 5th instant at Lamington Road, Bombay, under the presidentship of Rao Bahadur R. S. Asavale J. P. M. L. C.

The resolution of Mr. Bhaskerrao Jadhav to hold the First Session of the Maratha Social Conference was passed unanimously and the Provisional Committee of all those present was formed.

The next meeting of the Provisional Committee will be held on Sunday the 13th inst. at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.) in the Hall of Mr. Bhaskerrao Jadhav at "Aram" at Dongri opp. Umerkhadi Jail.

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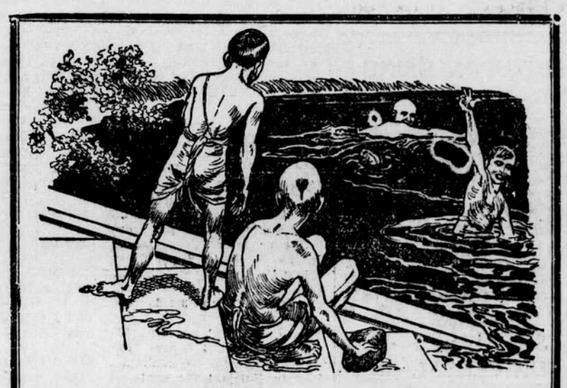

THE GLOW OF HEALTH

Happy, healthy children playing in the tank; their rippling muscles glistening in the sun. What a sight to delight the heart of the fond parent. Don't let this picture of health be spoilt by allowing your son to drop out of it through ill-health. Assure his uninterrupted growth with a regular spoonful of Virol.

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VIROL
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TRADE & FINANCE

DECLINE IN BANKERS' DEPOSITS

Appreciation Of Sterling Against Gold Currencies

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent.)
Bombay, Sept. 10.

MONEY.

There is no change in the monetary situation, inter-bank call rate being quoted at 1/2 per cent. Money is somewhat more usable, and it is interesting to note that the Bankers' deposits with the Reserve Bank have declined from Rs. 36.03 crores at the end of March to Rs. 30.59 crores now. Total tenders for this week's Treasury Bills amounted to over Rs. 2.54 crores of which Rs. 2 crores were accepted at an average rate of Rs. 0/8/9 per cent. Treasury Bills outstandings at the end of March was Rs. 12 crores and now Rs. 22 crores. Fixed deposit rates are unchanged: 3 months at 3/4 per cent. 6 months at 1 per cent and 12 months at 1 1/4 per cent to 1 1/2 per cent.

GILT-EDGED MARKETS

Following reports of tense financial situation in France gilt-edged in the local market ruled quiet. Prices declined fractionally in all scrips, and the turnover in the local market was comparatively small. 3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper declined from Rs. 99-14 to Rs 99-11. 2 3/4 per cent 1948-52 new loan closed at Rs. 101-3; 3 per cent 1941 loan at Rs. 104-8; 3 per cent 1951-54 loan at Rs. 104-1 and 4 per cent 1943 bonds at Rs. 111-8, 4 per cent 1960-70 loan slightly eased to Rs. 115-8 and 5 per cent 1945/55 (tax free) loan to Rs. 121-2. 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 loan changed hands at Rs. 119-12. 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 was on offer at Rs. 107-12 and 5 per cent 1940-43 loan at Rs. 111-11. 5 1/2 per cent 1938-40 loan was placed at Rs. 107-11.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange was quite steady during the week with sellers of ready T. T. at 1s. 6 3/32d. and buyers at 1s. 6 1/8d. There was a fair turnover in gold, ready and forward, for export and there was a moderate showing of merchandise export bills, mainly in outside markets. The forward rates as a consequence were firmer there being sellers of T. T. at 1s. 6 1/8d. for June/July 1937.

In the foreign exchange market in London renewed nervousness regarding the French political and financial situation resulted in further weakening of the gold currencies in terms of sterling. The French franc was the most to suffer. Despite intermittent intervention by the Control spot France weakened from frs. 76.48 to frs. 76.85, while the discount on three months forward francs increased from 2.87 to

The London/New York cross rate opened at dol 5.03 13/16 and after advancing to dol 5.06 3/16 closed at dol. 5.05 15/16 in sympathy with the French franc. The belga and the guilder fluctuated between 29.95 1/2 and 29.81 and 7.48 and 7.42 respectively. The Italian lira advanced from 64.00 to 64.31.

GOLD.

After comparative dullness the local gold market weakened in sympathy with the appreciation of sterling as against gold currencies. In London the quotation for gold dropped from 138s. 2 1/2d. to 137s. 5 1/2d. and in our market the rate for ready touched as low as Rs. 33-15-3 from Rs. 34-2-9. This was the lowest on record since 28th of May 1934. There was a spate of selling by Option dealers, and buyers were holding off. At the close, however, the rate improved to Rs. 34-0-6. The position is uncertain, and depends on the French situation and the flight of capital from France. Last week's shipments per s.s. "Kaisar-I-Hind" to London and "Pres. Wilson" to New York were valued at Rs. 32,14 lakhs and Rs. 14.48 lakhs respectively. The price of spot sovereigns declined from Rs. 21-13-6 to Rs. 21-10-6. The highest and lowest rates in our market were Rs. 34-3-0 and Rs. 33-15-3 for ready. October 2, and November 2, settlements. Stocks on hand are estimated at about 75,000 tolas while daily arrivals average about 10,000 tolas. The offtake averages about 2,000 tolas a day. Total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 1,21,623, in bar and coin.

SILVER.

The local silver market was comparatively dull and uninteresting in the absence of any encouraging advices from outside markets. There was absence of American buying in London probably owing to prices there being higher than in New York. So long as the U.S.A. Treasury buying prices is 45 cents per oz. fine, there is little likelihood of any important movement in our market. The quotation for ready after moving between Rs. 48-15 and Rs. 48-9, closed at Rs. 48/10. Demand for spot silver from upcountry was small, and the daily offtake average about 35 bars. Stocks on hand are estimated at about 11,000 bars. To-day's arrivals per s.s. "Mooltan" is valued at £34,000. Silver en route to Bombay is valued at £157,400. The week's imports amounted to about 3,220 bars from London and Rs. 20,485 in coin. The highest and lowest rates in London were 19 5/8d and 19 9/16d for spot and two months forward; and those in our market were Rs. 48-15 and Rs. 48-9 for ready and Rs 49 and Rs. 48-10 for October 5. settlement. The Shanghai dollar fluctuated between 1/2 3/8 and 1/2 5/16.

SHARES.

The movements on the stock market were unimportant, but the tone of the market was steady on the whole. At higher levels some short sales were made, which checked the rise. Cotton mill shares inproved in sympathy with the rise in price of raw cotton; Kohinoors moved up from Rs. 211-14 to Rs. 216-4; Central Indias from Rs. 221-14 to Rs. 225-10 and Centurys from Rs. 119-6 to Rs. 125-10. Cements were firmer than last week and there were comparatively few sellers in this section. Bundis closed at Rs. 35-4; Indians at Rs. 483-2 and Shahabads at Rs. 481-4. Iron and steel shares witnessed very minor price fluctuations. Tata Defds. and Ordys. opened at Rs. 717-8 and Rs. 194-6 and after advancing to Rs. 728-12 and Rs. 185-8 respectively closed at Rs. 721-8 and Rs. 184-4 respectively. The Hydro-electric group was an exception to the general rule of the market, which ruled easier partly in sympathy with the gilt-edged market and partly due to realising by holders. Andhra Valleys declined from Rs. 1672-8 to Rs. 1662-8; Tata Powers from Rs. 1635 to Rs. 1623-12 and Tata Hydros from Rs. 194-6 to Rs. 189-1. The figures revealed in the balance sheet published recently show an increase of 3.29 per cent in the nett profit of Tata Hydro-electric Company whereas the nett profit of Tata Power shows a rise of about 18.47 per cent over last year's figures. In miscellaneous section. Bombay Burmas after improving from Rs. 489-6 to Rs. 495, closed at Rs. 489-6 and Belapur closed at Rs. 200.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

	London, Sept. 10.
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent ...	£74
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later	£87 5/8
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£99 1/8
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£117
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£84 7/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£107 1/4
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£107 3/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/69	£118 3/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£115 1/8
Chartered Bank of India Australia and China	£15 3/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London reg)	£102 1/2
National Bank of India	£45 3/4
P and O Banking Corporation	£10

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

	London, Sept. 10. This week.
Total Bullion	£247,600,000
Public Deposits	£ 20,400,000
(a) Other Deposits	£137,600,000
Government Securities ...	£ 83,500,000
(b) Other Securities	£ 30 700,000
Notes and Coin	£ 62,000,000
Notes in circulation	£445,600,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	39.26%
(a) Other Deposits include Bankers	£ 99,800,000
(b) Other Securities include Discount and Advances	£ 10,500,000

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Good Time To Accumulate

Bombay, Sept. 10.

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following weekly report:—

The eagerly awaited Bureau Report was issued on Tuesday and was sensational in character. The market was expecting a figure slightly below 12 millions, but instead we were given a crop estimate of 11,121,000 bales, a condition figure of 59.1 per cent indicating a yield per acre of 179.2 lbs. The acreage estimated now to be remaining for harvest is given as 29,720,000. The new crop estimate registers a reduction since the previous month of no less than 1,360,000 bales. Should the final ginnings for this season be no larger than the above estimate this would mean that the total supply of American cotton including the previous carryover will be about 18 millions, the smallest supply we have had of this growth since the season 1924/25. Admittedly consumption of American is at present less than in pre-depression years, but should the present crop estimate be approximately correct we are again faced with a season in which appreciable inroads will have to be made into the carryover. This ultimately must lead to a higher price level, but in the meantime the market has taken this sensational estimate extremely quietly. Many people believe it to be an underestimate, there is much talk of a further appreciable increase in the quantity of outside growths and as we are now entering the period of the season when the American crop will be moving into market in bulk, heavy hedge selling is anticipated. We see no reason why the American farmer should be in a hurry to sell this present small crop, but for the time being one cannot afford to ignore the present sentiment in the market. Nevertheless the action of the New York market during the last two days when near months have been so much stronger than distants, indicates a firm undertone and the usual forerunner of higher prices. For the time being bullish speculation is dormant in most commodity markets, but we shall be very surprised if at any early date there is not an appreciable transfer from the stock market to markets like raw cotton. Money is more than plentiful, interest rates are lower than for many years, and with the improved statistical position of cotton, the latter appears to be a better investment than stock market popular counters, most of which in the last two or three years have registered large appreciation in price. We advise our clients to accumulate cotton at around present prices.

The local market has taken the Bureau Report very sedately. Before its publication the open interest of traders was smaller than for some time and on the moderate advance which was registered most people were content to secure profits. This attitude was encouraged by crop prospects in this country which have been improved by the rainfall of the last week. Export and local Mill demand has also been poor and many traders are still under the influence of the reports, probably exaggerated, of a large increase in the coming Chinese crop. With the altered outlook for the American crop most traders are looking forward to a season of wide parties between the American and Indian cotton. Should the present good prospects for the Indian crop be not marred by weather during the next six critical weeks for our growing crop, wider parities should result, but we think it is too early to start straddling the two markets. In many respects the Monsoon this year has not been quite normal and late damaging rains are a possibility. Should anything go wrong with the Indian crop, which after all is the second largest in the world, we can visualise appreciably higher prices for cotton.

HEALTHY FEELING IN YARN MARKET

Bombay, Sept 9

The important event during the week has been the publication of the American Cotton Bureau Report which was published on Tuesday night and which has turned out to be a distinctly bullish document. It is too early to judge the effects of the Bureau Report on the yarn markets but it is quite possible that it will produce a healthy feeling in all yarn markets of India and will go a long way to create a feeling of confidence amongst the dealers and consumers. Owing to heavy stocks of handloom cloths in the consuming districts and also due to continued dullness in yarn markets during the last several weeks, we do not expect material improvement in prices of yarns particularly of Indian yarns as a result of the recent sharp advance in cotton prices but we feel strongly inclined to believe that in the present level of prices of yarns there will be improved demand from almost all consuming centres. Further, there have been beneficial rains during the last few days in Gujarat, Deccan and various other centres which were heavily suffering from want of rains and whilst these late rains may not be found quite adequate it is likely to bring about some relief at least. The future tendency, therefore, is distinctly more hopeful than it has been for the past several weeks.

ENGLISH YARNS

No fresh business of importance has been possible in this class of yarns on account of comparatively much higher prices. Spot sales are scattered and even here dealers have been making heavy losses.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS

As a result of sharp advance in cotton prices due to very bullish Bureau Report, prices in Japanese and Shanghai yarns have shown moderate improvement during the latter part of the week. Spinners have naturally raised their limits in sympathy with sharp rise in cotton but whilst several offers are on cables no fresh business of importance has been possible as buyers have been testing prices. Turnover in spot goods has undoubtedly increased and dealers have been reporting sales from stock at a moderate increase in prices. In Mercerised yarns speculative enquiries have increased to some extent but buyers hesitate to pay higher prices and prefer to wait and watch further developments. Sampin have considerably advanced in sympathy with cotton whereas exchange remains fairly steady.

ART SILK YARNS

There has been no change in Syndicate prices during the week. The first consignment of the Italian goods after the Italo-Abyssinian War has now arrived and most of the popular deniers have already been sold out. Further arrivals from Italy are expected in the next few days but so far full details are not available. In case of Japanese yarns there has been good demand from the southern markets where stocks are very limited. In case of northern markets it is reported that the consumers find the present level of prices rather high and in spite of the low stocks demand continues very small. Japanese Spinners have been adopting a rather firm attitude but fresh forward business has been very limited on account of continued fears of competition from the Italian consignments. The future tendency remains uncertain.

INDIAN YARNS

Some of our mills have naturally increased their limits as a result of the recent advance in cotton but buyers have rather adopted awaiting attitude and so far no business of importance has therefore been possible. Some of the Mills in Southern India have been offering their yarns at about the same price and some further sales are reported to have been arranged. The future outlook seems to be hopeful.

Cawnpore Sugar

Cawnpore, Sept. 8.

	Rs. a. p.
Ryam	7 14 0
Champaran	7 15 0
Samastipur	7 8 6
Japaha	7 6 0
Lohat Siding	8 0 0
Motihari	7 8 0
Chanpatiya	7 8 0
Narkatiya	7 7 0
Marhowrah	8 8 0
Pachrukhi	7 14 0
Pertabpur	7 10 0
New Savan	7 7 0
Gaureepur	7 9 0
Sarayan	7 15 0
Sasamosa	7 4 0
Ghughly	7 5 0
Pharenda	7 7 0
Walterganj	7 5 6
Munderwa 7	7 9 0
Munderwa 5	7 8 0
Munderwa 3	7 7 0
Basti	7 12 0
Ram Kola	7 5 0
Ram Khetan	7 5 0
Luxmiganj	7 5 0
Padrauna	7 4 0
Pipraich	7 4 0
Diamond	7 6 0
Siswa Bazar	7 3 0
Nawabganj	7 6 0
Pursa	7 3 0
Sidholia	7 5 6
Majholia	7 9 0
Bhatni	7 7 0
Savan (India)	7 2 0
Bhavnan	7 11 0
Burwal	7 10 0
Jarwal Road	7 7 6
Balrampur	7 9 0
Khadda	7 5 0
Khadda Local	7 2 0
Reega	7 4 0
Biswan	7 7 0
Sakhari	7 14 6
Semapur	8 2 0
Harinagar	7 12 0
Khatkuiyan	7 5 0
Sitalpur	7 11 0
Captainganj	7 8 0
Hathua	7 5 0
Sagauli	7 8 0
Baitalpur	7 5 6
Jhusi	7 13 0
Chitauni	7 3 0
Hasanpore	7 5 0
Tamkohi	7 3 0
Tamkohi	7 0 0
Harkua	7 4 0
Seohara	8 0 0
Behta	7 12 0
Debri	8 3 0
Simbhaoli	8 6 0
Sahaganj	7 11 0
Rampur	8 12 0
Pilibhit 1A	7 10 6
Bareilly	7 13 0
Maholi	7 13 0
Rosa	7 14 0
Gola	7 10 0
Hargaon	7 8 0
Baheri Kesar A	8 3 0
Naoly	8 0 0
Daurala	8 12 0
Begamabad	8 5 0

Harmful Effect Of Defective Ginning Of Cotton

The Publicity Officer, Indian Central Cotton Committee, writes:—

The best efforts of the agriculturist to improve the cotton crop are often largely discounted by the harmful effects of defective ginning and neither the spinner nor the agriculturists reap the full benefit of improvements.

At the Indian Central Cotton Committee's Technological Laboratory at Matunga an investigation has been carried out to determine the effect on the fibre properties and spinning quality of several representative Indian cottons, of employing two different speeds in a saw gin and two different settings of the moving knife in a roller gin. This is the first of a series of investigations which will be extended as opportunity permits.

The experiments were conducted with 9 cottons, viz., Punjab-American 289F, Jayawant, Gadag I, Cambodia Co. 2, Nagpur Verum 262, Vagad 8, Mollisoni, Sind-American 285F and Banilla ranging in staple length from 0.70" to 0.94" with mean fibre weights per inch ranging from one-tenth to one-quarter millionths of an ounce. Each cotton was divided into 4 lots; two were passed through a saw gin and two through a roller gin, with varying saw speeds in the former and overlaps in the latter machine.

Each sample of cotton was submitted to the usual fibre tests and yarn tests and the effects of overlaps and saw speeds are tabularized under the heads of ginning out-turn, ginning percentages, mean fibre-leangth, fibre-strength fibre-weight; blow-room loss yarn-strength and yarn-neppiness.

From the experimental results some interesting conclusions are drawn. The comparatively longer cottous gave a much higher out-turn with the larger than with the smaller overlap; the higher saw speed gave a significantly higher outturn in the case of all cottons except one; for the majority of these cottons the greater overlap gave higher ginning percentage. The smaller of the two overlaps in the roller gin and the lower speed in the saw gin effected, on the whole, a greater degree of cleanliness, thereby giving somewhat smaller losses in the blow-room.

The lots ginned with the smaller overlap in the roller gin and the lower speed in the saw gin gave stronger yarns than the corresponding lots ginned with the greater overlap and the higher speed.

These and other interesting results arrived at make the bulletin a valuable addition to cotton literature.

WEEKLY SUGAR MARKET REPORT

Bombay, Sept. 11.

Since our last report, our Sugar Market has continued to remain quiet for Java Sugar. Forward Prices on the whole declined by about 1 to 1 1/2 annas per cwt. owing to lack of buying interest. As regards Indian Sugar, the market remained quiet with a decline of about 2 to 3 annas in Ready prices. Arrivals during the week were heavy. Cawnpore Market was reported steady. Java Market was rported quiet and no sales reported for India. 'Niwas' limit was unchanged. Imports of Sugar in British India during January to July 1936 were estimated at about 26,000 tons (17,000 Java and 9000 others) as against 96,000 and 1,13,000 tons during the same period of 1935 and 1934 respectively.

The highest and the lowest rates during the week were as under.

Java Ready Rs. 13/9, and Rs. 13/9.
August Rs. 3/11 and Rs. 3/10/6.
September Rs. 3/11/6 and Rs. 3/11.
Oct-Dec. Rs. 3/12 and Rs. 3/11/6.
Deshi Sugar Ready Rs. 13/1 to 11/12 and Rs 13 to 11/12.

Offtake and Stocks:—Offtake during the week estimated at about 20,000 bags, leaving the stocks of about 85,000 bags.

The following are to-day's quotations ruling the bazar to-day:—

Fine White Java Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 13/9 per cwt.
Transhipment Rs. 3/13 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment Aug. Rs. 3/10/6 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment Sept. Rs. 3/11 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment Oct/Dec.. Rs. 3/11/6 per cwt. F. B. H.
Britania:—Ready Rs. 15/3 per cwt.
Deshi Sugar:—Ready Rs. 11/12 to Rs. 13.
Tone:—Quiet.

LONDON RUBBER.

	London, Sept. 10.
Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb. sellers	7 5/8

LONDON PRODUCE

	London, Sept. 10.
Wheat, Rozario Santa Fe Jan-Feb. sellers	33
Wheat, barletta Russo Jan-Feb, (New crop) sellers	33/3
Wheat, South Australian Sept. Oct. sellers	38/3

NEW YORK COFFEE

	New York. Sept. 10.
Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	7

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends.

Liverpool.—Active hedging at present checking upward trend but statistical position appears to justify higher average season's price unless present supply and demand relationship changes.

New York.—Believe Government estimate correct for all practical purposes. Production indisputably below requirements. Although realise current hedges may result some declines have no hesitation in strongly advocating long position, believing profits will prove satisfactory and possibly much larger than anticipated. Mills would do well to cover at least two-thirds of their requirements while suitable qualities available and not to expose themselves to last season's condition when they had to accept almost any quality and pay terrific basis and add hedge into continuous and excessive discounts.

New York.—In view of sharp decrease in production estimate and continued large consumption favour accumulation at this price. Cotton goods market—yarn market—strong and active.

New York.—Large spot interests are transferring short hedges to distant months. Speculators hesitate to buy on account of movement increasing. Think current estimate is too low but in view of consumption prospects do not expect a considerable decline.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, September 10.	
October	12.10
December	12.14
January	12.08
March	11.99
May	11.93
July	11.91
Middling Spot	12.50

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, September 10.	
October	12.09
December	12.10
January	12.05
Middling Spot	12.48
11-00 A.M.—	
October	12.17
December	12.20
January	12.13
NOON CALL.—	
October	12.20
December	12.20

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, September 10.	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U. S. Ports	49,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil.
Day's exports to the Continent	Nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, September 10.	
September	6.68
October	6.58
November	6.49
November	6.49
December	6.48
January	6.48
February	6.47
March	6.46
April	6.44
May	6.42
June	6.39
July	6.36
August	6.20
Middling Spot	6.98

10-12 A.M. QUOTATIONS:

Liverpool, September 10.	
October	6.58
January	6.48

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Sept. 10.	
F.G.F. Sakellaridis—	
October	10.63
November	10.48
January	10.12
March	9.88
May	9.69
July	9.53
August	9.53
Middling spot	10.58

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Sept. 10.	
BROACH—	
Wully Good (Good staple)	5.63
Fine (Good staple)	5.78
Superfine (Good staple)	5.93
OOMRA.—	
Fine (No 1 staple)	5.64
Superfine (No 1 staple)	5.79
Choice (No 1 staple)	5.94
BENGAL—	
Good	4.80
Fully good	4.70
Fine	4.82

LONDON SEEDS.

London, Sept. 10.	
Linseed, La Plata Hull C. I. F. Sept. sellers	£11/17/6
Linseed, Calcutta London C. I. F. Sept-Oct. sellers	£13/12/6
Linseed, Bombay London C. I. F. Sept-Oct. sellers	£13/17/6
Rapeseed, Toria Hull/Cont. C. I. F. Sept-Oct. sellers	£13/2/6
Castorseed, Bombay Hull C. I F. Sept-Oct. sellers	£12/12/6

LINSEED OIL.

London, Sept. 10.	
Linseed, Oil naked London per cwt. Sept. sellers	25/7 1/2
Linseed, Oil naked London per cwt. Oct-Dec. sellers	25/9

LONDON SILVER.

London, Sept. 10.	
Spot	19 1/2
Forward	19 1/2

GOLD.

London, Sept. 10.	
Gold Bars Fine per oz.	£8-17-7 1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Sept. 10.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent.
Bank Bills 6 months market rate 5/8 per cent to 3/4 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.

EXCHANGES.

London, Sept. 10.	
T. T London on:—	
New York (Closing rate)	5.05 9/16
Paris	76.79
Berlin	12.58
Madrid	Mutilated
Amsterdam	7.47 3/4
Brussels	29.93
Milan	64.31
Berne	15.52 3/4
Prague	122.25

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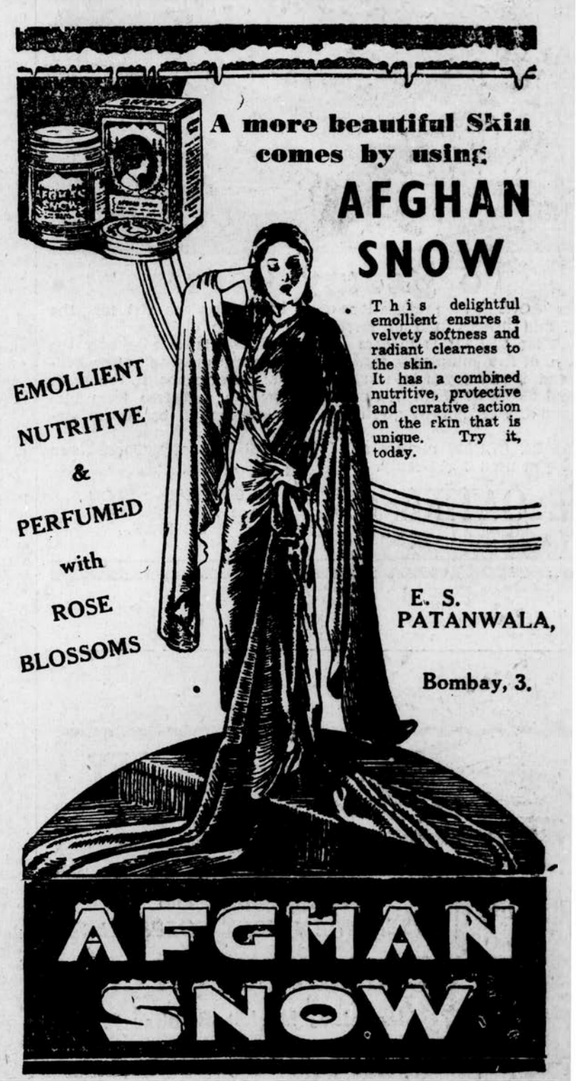
Chairman
SIR LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Kt., C.I.E., J.P.
LIFE FUND at the end of 1935
Rs. 62,91,000
General Manager:—KESHAVPRASAD C. DESAI, Esq., B.A., LL.B.
Bonus Declared at the Last Valuation
WHOLE LIFE Rs. 22-8. PER THOUSAND PER YEAR ENDOWMENT Rs. 18.
For further particulars write to:—JIVANLAL DASTUR & Co
Secretaries and Managers
Advantageous Agency Terms. Industrial & Prudential Assc. Co., Ltd.



Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 5 POINTS UP

Bullion Quiet But Wheat And Tin Easy

BOMBAY, Sept. 11.

On Friday crossrates ruled quiet and easy.

N. Y. COTTON VERY STEADY. ...

New York cotton displayed brighter sentiment on reports of no relief in drought areas. Prices closed very steady.

BULLION QUIET.

London gold and silver were quiet.

WHEAT EASY.

Wheat was easy on scattered liquidation. Tin also was easy.

SECURITIES STEADY.

The London Stock Exchange displayed good activity. Securities were steady. Wall Street was irregular.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1936

New York, Sept. 11.

Previous closing	12.10
To-day's opening	12.20
Difference	+.10
To-day's closing	12.15
Difference	+.05

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1936

Liverpool, Sept. 11.

Previous closing	6.58
To-day's opening	6.57
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	6.61
Difference	+.03

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 229

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Sept. 11.

Cotton continued to exhibit brighter sentiment on steadier overseas cables together with reports of no relief in drought areas. Meanwhile prospects of better consumption figures contribute to the prevailing steadiness with prices moving steadily higher punctuated by occasional falls as a result of hedging pressure attracted by the higher level.

Trading in October commenced at 12.20 i.e. 10 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and trade and foreign buying influenced by the continuance of unfavourable crop news and the favourable situation in the textile industry but the higher level attracted hedge selling and liquidation with October gradually scaling down to 12.14.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.15 with a rise of 5 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 11.

The following were the opening ranges:—

October (12.12/12.11) 12.20/12.18
December (12.13/12.16) 12.22/12.20
January (12.08/12.08) 12.17/12.16

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Sept. 11.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American October (6.58) 6.69
American December (6.49) 6.49
Egyptian October (10.53) 10.61
Egyptian November (10.38) 10.54

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Sept. 11.

Broach cotton for April May deliv. very moved between Rs. 220-8 and Rs. 219-8 at night. The rate at 10-30 p.m. was Rs. 219-8 with New York futures about 3 points up at that time.

The Mahajan Association was open for business but the cotton brokers Association was closed to-day.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Sept. 11.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

METALS

Tin (£135 1/2 buyers £195 3/4 sellers. Irregular) £193 buyers £193 1/4 sellers. Easy.

Lead (£18 3/16 buyers £18 1/4 sellers. Firm) £18 1/4 buyers £18 3/8 sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£43 to £43 1/2) £43 1/4 to £43 3/4.

Glasgow Iron (£78) £78

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Bombay, Sept. 11.

Rs. a. p.

The market was closed to-day.

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2
Indian Pekoe higher (2-8) 2-8
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-10) 1-10

JUTE

New Crop September October (£17 1/8) £17 1/8 sellers.

Dunlop Sept. (£20 1/4) £20 1/4 sellers

Lightning September (£18 3/4) £18 3/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (7 5/8) 7 11/16 paid and buyers

Forward (7 11/16) 7 11/16 paid and buyers.

LINSEED.

Castorseed Bombay Sept-Oct. (£12 5/8 sellers) £12 5/8 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta Sept Oct (£13 5/8 sellers) £13 11/16 sellers.

Linseed La Plata September (£11 7/8 sellers) £11 7/8 sellers

Groundnuts Coromandal October (£15 9/16 sellers) £15 7/16 sellers.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Sept. 11.

Previous closing	5.05 17/32
To-day's opening	5.06 3/32
To-day's rate (at the time of New York cotton closing)	5.05 7/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Sept. 11.

Previous closing	5.05 9/16
To-day's opening	5.05 1/2
To-day's closing	5.06
Difference	+.00 7/16

FRANC RATE

London, Sept. 11.

Previous closing	76.79
To-day's opening	76.79
To-day's closing	76.85
Difference	+.06

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept. 11.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 5.05 1/2 and then improved to 5.05 11/16 on fairly good buying.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 5.06.

Franc opened at 76.79 and then weakened to 76.82 on absence of support.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 76.85

SILVER CABLES

London, Sept. 11.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India sold. Speculators bought Market quietly steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept. 11.

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	19 1/2d.	19 1/2d.
Forward	19 1/2d.	19 1/2d

The market was quietly steady.

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept. 11.

Gold per fine ounces (£6-17-7 1/2) £6-17-6 1/2.

DISCOUNTS

London, Sept. 11.

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent.

4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

6 months (5/8 to 3/4 per cent) 5/8 to 3/4 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, Sept. 11. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.79 5/8) 5.80
New York on Bombay (38.24) 38.20
Berlin on Bombay (0.94 7/8) 0.94 7/8
London on Milan (64.28) 64.31
London on Shanghai (1-2 15/32) 1-2 15/32
London on Kobe (1-2 1/16) 1-2 1/16

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Sept. 11.

Chicago wheat opened steady with September at 1.11 3/8. Prices showed a tendency to decline on scattered liquidation and outside selling due to no important developments.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Sept. 11.

Liverpool wheat opened quiet with October at 89 1/2 and December 88 3/4. The market was somewhat quieter today in the absence of any special enquiry.

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 11. 11-30 p.m.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Silver ready	48	7	6
Silver 1st settlement	48	8	0
Silver 2nd settlement	48	10	0
Gold ready	33	15	3
Gold 1st settlement	33	15	6
Gold 2nd settlement	33	15	9
Sovereigns	21	11	6

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1937 delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Bombay, Sept. 11.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7	8	3
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	8	0
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7	8	0
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	7	8	9
Rates at 8-0 p.m.	7	8	9
Rates at 10-0 p.m.	7	8	3

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Sept. 11.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 1/8 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept. 11. 3-30 p.m.

Markets generally displayed brighter sentiment but business was only moderate. Industrials, generally and internationals were steady to firm. Oils were rather undecided.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£84 7/8) £84 7/8

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107 1/2) £107 1/4

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£109 3/4) £109 3/4

5 per cent Indian Loan (£118 3/4) £118 3/4

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£107 3/8 £107 3/8

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 1/8) £115 1/8

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (20-9) 20-9

Marks and Spencer Ord (£4 1/2) £4 1/2

Hydro Electric (dol 7 1/8) dol 7 3/8

Musical Industries (23-3) 23-3

Prin-hin Johnson (49-3) 49-5

Imperial Chemical (39-9) 39-9

Imperial Chemical Ordinary (9-9) 9-9

Woolsworth New Ford (146-7 1/2) 145-0

Realisation 1930 (£92 1/2) £92 1/2

Dunlop Rubber (34-4 1/2) 35-0

Unilevel Ordinary (34-6) 34-6

Ford Motors (33-9) 33-9

Cables and Wireless (£6) £6

British American Tobacco (122-6) 123-1 1/2

Carreas A (£9 3/4) £9 3/4

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (166 7/8) 167 1/2

P and O 8 N Company Defd (25-7 1/2) 26-1 1/2

Distillers (107-0) 108-4 1/2

Bredford Dyers (7-9) 7-9

British Celanese (11-9) 11-9

J and P Coates Ordinary (53-6) 53-6

Courtaulds Ordinary (53-10 1/2) 53-10 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (7-6) 7-6

Vickers Limited Ordinary (34-6) 34-9

Inter Nickels (£55 7/8) £55 3/8

Bengal Iron and Steel (9-6) 9-6

Tata Iron and Steel (£104) £104

INDIAN LOANS

London, Sept. 11. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£102) £102

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£99) £99

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£117) £117

4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£119) £119 1/4

4 per cent Indian 1948/53 (£111 1/2) £111 5/8

5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£115 1/2) £115 1/2

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954/59 (£108) £108

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-75 (£111 7/8) £111 5/8

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (20-6) 20-6

Donaro Tea (46-3) 46-3

Empire of India Ceylon (29-6) 29-6

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (28-0) 28-0

Gula Kelampong (27-6) 27-6

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (32-0) 31-6

JUTE SHARES.

Barnagore (£10 1/2) £10 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandy (60-0) 60-7 1/2

Burma Corporation (10-4 1/2) 10-4 1/2

Rio Tintos (£15 1/2) £15 1/2

East Rand Proprietors (67-6) 67-6

Rand Imam (£9 1/4) £9 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 1/8) £15 5/8

Gedule New (£10 5/8) £10 5/8

New Modders (40-0) 40-0

Sub Nigel (£12 1/8) £12 1/8

Spring Mines Split Shares (38-1 1/2) 38-9

Union Corporation (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (43-9) 43-9

Anglo Iranian (90-0) 90-7 1/2

Burma Oil (99-4 1/2) 100-7 1/2

Mexican Eagle (28-9) 28-9

Shell Transport (£111) £111 5/8

Royal Dutch (£40 1/4) £39 3/4

HOME RAIL SHARES

Royal Western (£51 1/2) £51 1/2

L and S Ordinary (£27 3/4) £27 3/4

L N E R Defd (£6 3/4) £6 3/4

Southern Dutch (£23) £23

London Paris 5 per cent (£135 5/8) £135 1/4

London Transport 'C' Stock (£107 3/4) £107 3/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Sept. 11.

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 68 3/8) dol 67 7/8

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 39 5/8) dol 39 1/8

U S Steel Common (dol 72 3/4) dol 72 1/2

U S Steel Preference (dol 140 1/4) dol 140

GOOD DEMAND FOR GERMAN BONDS

Cocoa Firm On Speculative Buying

(SPECIAL CABLE)

New York, Sept. 11.

On the Stock Exchange, operators showed usual disinclination to extend commitments prior to the weekend, But despite absence of buying interest, prices in most sections were well maintained. Good demand for German bonds provided one of the days few outstanding features.

Among commodities cocoa was firm on covering and speculative buying induced by a rise in America. The day's turnover was 2540 tons. ... ...

Foreign exchange were quieter. Offerings of francs were again absorbed without British control's assistance.

Wall Street was narrowly irregular.

JUTE SHARES INACTIVE

Coals Steady And Teas Dull

CALCUTTA, Sept. 11.

Jutes revealed very little activity. Coals were kept fairly steady and fair business was put through. Teas were dull and uninteresting. In miscellaneous section iron and steels were slightly better, while Indian steel and wire products recorded further advances on declaration of good dividends. Sugars were kept steady. Government securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations.

Government securities:—Twothree-fourth per cent new loan 1948/52 101/6 small lots, three and a half per cent Government Paper 99/10, three and a half per cent loan 1947/50 107/14, four per cent loan 1960/70 115/8 odd lots, five per cent loan 1945/55 121/1.

Banks:—Imperial fully paid 1557 small lot Reserve Bank 136/8.

Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan ordy 94 small lot, Shahadara Delhi Saharanpur 155.

Coals:—Amalgamated 23/14, Bengal 294/8, Burrakur 13/6.

Jutes:—India 413/8, Birla 17, Birla pref 125/8, Gourepore 615 small lot, Howrah 54/7.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 7/13 cum div small lots, Muttra electrpio 11/4, Shahjahanpur elec. 9/2, Bengal iron ordy 6, Bengal iron pref 18/2, Indian steel and wire products 146/8, Indian steel and wire products defd 51, Indian iron and steel 11/12, Calcutta safe deposit 2/3 premium, Kalimpong Ropeway 12/8, Orient paper annas 10 premium, India General Navigation ordy 98.

Sugars:—Dyer Meakin (Burma) 58/8 small lots, Sitalpore 110/8 small lot.

Debentures:—Three and quarter per cent 1956/66, Howrah Bridge 102/11, four per cent 1909/10, Calcutta Municipal 106/8 small lot, four per cent 1910/11, Calcutta Municipal 105 small lot—A.P.

CHAMPION OF INDIA'S FREEDOM

(Continued from page 6)

"British rule as a blessing to India."

The Americans also appreciate the book. The New York City public library purchased 26 copies of it.

Dr. Tagore's View

Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore wrote in a foreword to the American Edition as follows:—"If Americans would know the true India, they cannot have a better guide than Dr. Sunderland. I regard this book as among the best informed, most just and most trustworthy that has come from any pen."

It is a pity that my countrymen have been deprived of such a useful book, which should have been used as a text-book in all High Schools.

A Successful Journalist

Dr. Sunderland was also a successful journalist. In his early ministry he established and for twelve years edited "The Unitarian," a monthly magazine which obtained a large circulation in America and England. The circulation reached 300,000.

Besides his banned book "India in Bondage," "Eminent Americans" and "Evolution and Religion" published in India are very popular. The former is full of inspiring lessons to the younger generation in India.

Dr. Sunderland wrote profusely since 1878, when he produced "A National Faith" and "What is the Bible"?

His two religious books which are the most popular and have the largest sale are his "Origin and character of the Bible," "The Bible and Bible Country." The former has been translated into the Russian and Bulgarian languages.

Leader of Masses

The late Doctor Sunderland was a greater leader of the masses. He always secured a great following.

When I told him about my jail experiences in India he related to me a story of his visit to Toronto (Canada) where his Sunday evening addresses were such as to give him the unique experience of being visited by the Chief of Police who informed him that unless measures were taken to overcome the crowding in his church, the law would be enforced upon him and his congregation.

Guardian of Indians

Dr. Sunderland was a master of many qualities, but what appealed to me most was his love for justice and his championship of the cause of the down-trodden people, [illegible]

His doors were always open for Indian students and he always helped them to secure scholarships and be self-supporting. He was a guardian to Indian Students in America.

He wanted each one of them to return as soldiers of freedom. He asked me why Indian Students rushed to England in hundreds while there were only a few dozen of them in America.

He wanted every young man of India to follow "Abraham Lincoln." Will young India fulfil his dying wish?

"DEMOCRACY & DISCIPLINE" FOR STUDENTS

Mr. Chandavarkar Inaugurates 'Varsity Hostel Union

The inaugural function of the University Hostel Union came off on Friday, when Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, the vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University addressed the students.

The University Hostel was opened in June last and is situated in pleasant surroundings on the Queen's Road.

Prof. C. N. Vakil, warden of the hostel then addressed the gathering after it had been treated to a course of light refreshments and music.

He said that such functions brought the teachers and the taught together and developed social life which was an essential part of the education.

The University of Bombay is to be congratulated on this successful venture which has provided a very desirable nucleus for a healthy social life for its post-graduate students. The members of the hostel have organised themselves into a Union, the inaugural meeting of which was held on Friday.

PLEA FOR GYMKHANA

M. M. Khanderia a student prefect of the hostel in welcoming the guests of the evening stressed on the need of a Gymkhana to the University.

Mr. R. V. Bhat, then made a fervent appeal to the vice-Chancellor to solve the future of the research students going out of the University. He stressed on the need of a proper research atmosphere under the auspices of the University.

The vice-Chancellor then addressing the gathering said: Prof. Shahani of Bhavnagar brought a motion last year before the Senate in the matter when the Syndicate considered it and formed a Committee. With the aid of Profs. C. N. Vakil and Dewan Bahadur Kajiji, the project finally took shape.

In regard to the proposal of the Gymkhana their paternal warden was trying to find a place for it at Kennedy Sea-face and he hoped his efforts would prove successful.

DEMOCRACY AND DISCIPLINE.

Referring to the research atmosphere in the University, the vice-Chancellor wanted the students to understand by it, that they should keep in touch with their University, professors, and departments in the solution of the knotty problems they came across in the pursuit of their professional careers. In that way they would be promoting the proper spirit of co-operation and whenever possible they would carry on the untying of the 'knots' in the portals of the University. It would not be possible for him to promise any elaborate schemes of Research at that stage.

He advised the students to promote a spirit of democracy and discipline in their communal life in the hostel. He asked them not to go the way of intrigues and cliques but to lay all their cards on the table and play the game straight even though one found oneself in a minority.

Mr. G. Gurbax the Hon. Gen. Secretary of the Post-Graduate Students' Committee proposed a vote of thanks to the guests of the evening.

From "Vegetation To Man"

(From A Correspondent.)

The second lecture on 'Vegetation and Man' was delivered by Prof. S. B. Ranade on Wednesday last under the auspices of the Bombay Geographical Association. Dr. A. S. Kalapesi presided. The lecturer first dealt with the normal life of a land plant with special reference to the requirements of these plants in the various natural regions of the world. He then explained how plants have to overcome certain limitations and only those plants which can do so can survive. He enumerated some of the difficult situations and obstacles encountered by plants and pointed out the reactions of plant life towards these. He concluded with a reference to the natural vegetation at present and the condition leading to the presence of man

The chairman summed up the lecture and thanked the lecturer.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By: A Suburban Man)

The press has commented a lot about the slums of Bombay, and I hear a committee has been formed to try and get rid of these slums.

I have watched the suburbs grow from their very infancy and I am afraid that this slum nuisance is slowly and steadily making its way in the suburbs and before long the suburbs too will suffer as Bombay is suffering. Buildings have now sprung up like the proverbial mushroom and, in Bandra, places like Bazar Road, Chapel Road and D'Monte Street, to mention only a few, are already over crowded. Yet buildings, chawls etc. are still springing up, leaving hardly a gap between each other, with the result that there is little ventilation and the surroundings are always in a very filthy condition. These chawls are rented at a price which is too high, taking into consideration the amount of accommodation in each room, which is hardly sufficient as a dwelling for a couple, but is yet occupied by a family of seven or eight individuals.

This slum nuisance also exists in Khar, Ville Parle, Andheri and the places surrounding the Railway stations at Kurla and Thana. Some of the buildings at the last two mentioned places are very old and I think it is time Government forced the owners to get these buildings pulled down.

The suburbs boasts of various Municipalities and District Local Boards. I think it is high time the authorities concerned thought of a means for stopping this nuisance.

A WARNING TO THE PUBLIC.

As I expect the crowds visiting the Chapel of Our Lady of the Mount to be large this year, I warn the public to beware of pickpockets and other mavalis who will be found strolling in number in the crowd. The Bandra Police I understand is to post about a hundred constables and four officers and the Bombay Police are also sending about four detectives from headquarters. So if any trouble arises the public can immediately look out for aid.

COMPANY LAW BILL IN ASSEMBLY

(Continued from page 1)

sembly to remember the necessity of inducing a limited number of persons experienced in industry to help Indian industrial advancement and, therefore, not to place undue restrictions on the powers of Directors. He could not agree to the suggestions of Mr. Satyamurthi that Managing Agents should be prevented from canvassing votes for auditors. This suggestion was indeed as impracticable as in the case of canvassing in politics.

Referring to the 500 amendments to the Bill tabled, Sir N. N. Sircar warned that it might be necessary for him in the case of a very few to raise objection on the ground that they aimed at extending the scope of the Bill. The motion for consideration was passed without division.

PANT'S AMENDMENT CARRIED.

The House started consideration of the Company Bill clause by clause. A number of amendments were moved, all being either withdrawn, rejected or defeated except one which Government accepted and the House adopted. It was moved by P. Govind Ballabh Pant. It slightly changed the wording of Clause 2 in order to avoid Managing Agents evading provisions of the Bill by calling themselves Managers.

Prof. R. G. Ranga tried to amend the Bill for including in its provisions Utility Services and Key Industries.

Sir N. N. Sircar objected to the amendment on the ground that it was beyond the scope of the Bill.

The President upheld the objection.

Mr. Suryakumar Shome moved that District Judges also be empowered to try cases arising out of Company Law.

Government opposed it for the reason that it was prejudicial to the interests of Companies themselves.

The House divided on the amendment which was defeated by 56 votes to 45.

LOCAL APPRENTICES.

Mr. Azharali moved an amendment to the effect that at the time of registration the Manufacturing Company should give an undertaking to employ local young men as apprentices to the extent prescribed by the Local Government.

Sir N. N. Sircar opposed it on the ground that the amendment was vague and pointless and would not benefit anybody as not even the terms under which young men were to be appointed, were mentioned.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir said that the best way of ensuring employment was to stipulate this condition when giving protection to a certain industry.

Lala Shamlal and Mr. Kazmi supported the amendment which was rejected.

The Assembly adjourned till Monday.—A. P.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE ON DEATH OF M.L.A.s

SIMLA, September 11.

The "United Press" lobby correspondent learns that the European Group in the Assembly has moved the President to consider the question relating to the adjournment of the House in case of death of a sitting member or an ex-member of the Assembly.

A Party Leaders' meeting was called this morning in the President's room and it is understood the suggestion adopted favoured adjourning the House for a day only in case of the death of a sitting member at the station where the session was on. In case the death of a sitting member takes place outside the station or in the case of the death of an ex-member the procedure would be confined to moving a condolence motion in the House and the House would not be adjourned.—United Press.

MENACE TO INDIAN FILM INDUSTRY

Sir P.C. Sethna On Proposed American Cinema At Dhobi Talao

Sir Phiroze Sethna, President of the Motion Picture Society of India has issued to the Press the following statement in response to several criticisms:—

That the question of the proposed construction of a cinema theatre at Dhobi Talao, Bombay, by an American concern received the country-wide attention that it deserved is a matter of gratification to the Indian film industry in general and the Motion Picture Society of India in particular. Since the launching of a vigorous campaign of protest against this move by the Society which included representations to the Hon'ble Sir Frank Noyce, Member for Industries and Labour, Government of India, and the Commissioner of Police, Bombay amongst others varied and divergent views on the matter have been expressed in different sections of the press and platform through the length and breadth of the country, a careful consideration of which gives an indication which way the strength and public opinion lies.

SOME MISGIVINGS.

While the bulk of the opinions expressed were in entire agreement with the stand taken by the Society in this matter, cases too were not absent where some misgivings were expressed about the tenability and soundness of its case protesting against the proposed move. But a close examination will clearly show that they were not based on a complete understanding of the point of view of the Society, presumably owing to the insufficient and mutilated reports appearing in certain sections of the press.

That this question local as it may seem apparently, constitutes essentially an all-India problem inasmuch as it amounts to foreigners' inroad in one major section of the Indian film industry viz. exhibition, is admitted on all hands. That this venture will not be merely in competition with the indigenous exhibitors, but generally and definitely tends to be a monopoly of exhibiting all super American productions as vouchsafed by the experience in Calcutta is also well recognised.

This being the situation, one fails to understand how an emphatic protest against this move casts a reflection on the competency of Indian exhibitors and the potentialities and future development of the indigenous industry, as it is suggested in some quarters.

From local considerations too, the telling figures given in different representations, which showed that hardly 33 per cent. of the seats in cinemas showing foreign films were sold on an average offers a conclusive proof of the redundancy of another theatre in the city to exhibit foreign films.

A close and unbiased examination of the pros and cons of the case, both from national and local considerations, will show that the proposed American venture constitutes a serious menace to the Indian film industry. It is time that the authorities concerned realise the gravity of the problem and take into consideration the agitation that has been going on throughout the country and withdraw permission even now to erect the new theatre in consonance with the unassailable strength of public opinion.

Secretary Travancore National Bank Entertained

To meet Mr. K. M. Epen, Secretary of the Travancore National Bank an "At Home" was held on Friday at the Taj Mahal Hotel.

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Germany To Purchase Goa?

First Step Towards Creating New Empire

BERLIN, Aug. 19.
(By Mail.)

The Nazi Government, it was disclosed to-night, is sounding out the Portuguese Government on the possibility of purchasing the Portuguese colony of Goa, on the west coast of India, as the first step toward the creation of a new German colonial empire. Information as to how far the negotiations have progressed was not available.

Apart from other considerations, it was thought unlikely that Portugal would part with the colony unless the deal was approved by Great Britain, which would have a direct interest in the matter, since Goa borders British India.

Goa, which has belonged to Portugal since 1510, has a population of more than half a million, covers an area of 1,301 square miles and includes the modern port of Panjim. Cotton and manganese from other parts of India as well as small quantities of domestic cocoanuts, fruits, spices, fish and salt are exported through Panjim. Rice is a staple product.

Though the economic importance of the colony to Germany would be small, the symbolic importance might prove considerable as marking the return of the Reich under the Nazi regime to the rank of a colonial power. Moreover, it might provide the site for a future German naval coaling station.

Under the Treaty of Versailles, Germany was stripped of all of her overseas possesssions, a colonial empire of nearly three million square miles extending over large expanses in Africa and into the South Seas. The Nazi government demands the return of at least a portion of the African colonies now occupied in a large part under mandate by one or another of the former Allies, but none of the powers concerned has disclosed any immediate intention of meeting the demand. "New York Herald Tribune."

PROBLEM OF SQUARE MEAL

All Bengal Praja Party Opens Election Campaign

CALCUTTA, Sept. 11

"From this day onwards begins a fight between landlords and capitalists on one side and the poor peasants and workers on the other. It is not at all a civil war in the Muslim Community, but it is a fight in which people of Bengal are divided on a purely economic issue. This issue must be decided first, before we can take up any other matter for consideration."

Thus declared Maulvi Fazlulhuq, M.L.A., opening the election campaign on behalf of the All-Bengal Proja Party which had recently parted company from the Bengal Muslim League Parliamentary Board set up by Mr. Jinnah.

Continuing Mr. Fazlulhuq said: "The problem of a square meal every day and some kind of coarse cloth to cover our nudity is the problem of problems, which stares us in the face. This is the very problem which we will have to face as soon as we enter the new Council. The obvious and immediate solution of the problem will be by effecting drastic economy in the cost of administration by a reduction of taxation on the poor and by a thorough overhauling of the Bengal Tenancy Act. To all such measures, Landlords and Capitalists, Nawabs and the Knights of the United Moslem Party cannot be expected to land their support."—United Press.

T. U. C. PRESIDENT'S APPEAL ADMITTED

CALCUTTA, Sept. 11.

Mr. Justice Henderson and Mr. Justice Mitra, in the High Court, to-day, admitted the appeal preferred by Mr. Sibnath Bannerjee, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, who was convicted by the Chief Presidency Magistrate under Section 505 C, I.P.C.

It will be recalled that Mr. Bannerjee was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment, for delivering alleged seditious speeches on 18th and 20th December, 1935 —United Press.

Nagpur Lady Doctor Sails For Dublin

Dr. (Mrs.) Durgabai Vazalwar, M.B.B.S., wife of Mr. Anantrao Vazalwar, LL.M., a leading lawyer of Nagpur and daughter of Rajyabhushan Shriyut Shriniwasrao Dravid, ex-Judge of the Indore High Court, sailed for Dublin, for higher studies, by to-day's mail bat.

BEAWAR MILL DEADLOCK

Board Of Conciliation To Be Appointed

SIMLA, Sept. 11

Replying to a short notice question by Prof. Ranga, Sir Frank Noyce stated that there had been a strike in Beawar Mills which related to the reduction in rate of grain compensation allowance and in two Mills to the reduction in piece-rates for weavers on certain classes of looms. Government were not aware if the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara had served an externment order upon Swami Kumaranand, leader of the Beawar Mill workers while he was engaged on negotiation with the employers with a view to bringing the strike to a speedy and honourable end.

Sir Frank, however, added that the Chief Commissioner had decided to appoint a Board of Conciliation under the Trades Disputes Act.—United Press.

Futile Hunt For Proscribed Report

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11

The local C.I.D. under instruction from the Punjab police, searched nearly half a dozen places including the offices of the "Arjun," a local vernacular daily and the Hindu Mahasabha.

It is understood that the search was made in connection with the circulation of a proscribed report of the Punjab Provincial Hindu Sabha on the Bahawalpur affairs. Nothing incriminating is reported to have been found anywhere.—United Press.

S. I. Co-operative Hostel, Poona

(From A Correspondent).

The annual general meeting of the South Indian Co-operative Hostel Society, Ltd., Poona, was held on Sunday last, at the Saraswati Vidyalaya's premises in Raste's Peth and was presided over by Mr. N. S. Moodliar.

After the confirmation of the minutes of the last general meeting the Hony. Secretary, Mr. S. Ramchandran, presented the annual report and the balance sheet for the year ending 30th June, 1936, which were duly adopted.

The office-bearers for the current year were then elected.

President:—Mr. N. S. Moodliar.

Hony. Secretary:—Mr. G. S. Ramasubhan, B.A.

Hon. Auditors:—Messrs. V. Satagopa Iyengar, M.A., and S. Ramchandran, B.A.

Sir M. Vishveshwarayya For Indore

INDORE, Sept. 10.

Sir M. Visvesvaraya, the eminent authority on engineering and allied problems, who paid a visit to Indore some months ago to advise the Holkar Government regarding the City's drainage problems and submitted a preliminary report following his study of the problems on the spot, is due to arrive in Indore about the middle of this month.

He will, during his forthcoming visit, prepare a final report on the subject.—United Press.

KISANS FORGE AHEAD

Movement Will Become Powerful Ally Of Congress

SIMLA, Sept. 10.

Prof. Ranga, M.L.A., General Secretary of the All-India Kisan Committee, has issued the following statement to the press:

"From the reports I have so far received from Orissa, Andhra, Tamilnad, Bihar, Bombay, Bengal and the Punjab, the first All-India Kisan Day, was celebrated most enthusiastically on September 1, in hundreds of villages and in a few cities also. The great success with which our appeal for Kisan Day, has met encourages us to feel that the Kisan Movement has come to stay. Our peasants are waking up to the realisation of their politico-economic needs and they have given unmistakable evidence of their adherence to their charter of minimum demands

"I sincerely hope that with the cordial co-operation and assistance of the Congress, All-India Peasants' Movement will soon grow into a powerful and valuable allay of the Congress in its struggle."—United Press.

LUCKNOW SWADESHI EXHIBITION

Satyamurty To Perform Opening Ceremony

The Secretary, All-India Swadeshi Exhibition, Lucknow, writes:

All the preliminary arrangements for the Swadeshi Exhibition to be held from October 4 to October 18, are now complete. Practically all the Indian Railways have granted concession rates for travel.

Special arrangement has been made in the amusement and entertainment section, comprising of many novel items.

A large number of exhibits have already been received for the exhibition in the Swadeshi League Museum. A good number of stalls have been booked and reservation applications are pouring in.

Like its last exhibition, the Swadeshi League is not desirous of making profit out of the exhibition and arrangements are being made with a view to give greatest possible conveniences to Swadeshi manufacturers. In view of the great demand for stalls, it is likely that the reservation may be closed by September 25.

The Committee has budgeted a good amount of money for its special Khadi Stall and Village Industry Section; to collect exhibits for both the sections representatives of the Swadeshi League have left for the different parts of the country.

It is expected that the opening ceremony of the exhibition will be performed by Mr. S. Satyamurthy.

Colombo-Madras Christmas Air Mails

COLOMBO, Sept. 11.

Enquiries at the post office here reveal that an offer from Tatas to run a Demonstration Service on December 23 for the carriage of Christmas Airmails from and to Madras has been received and "is under consideration."

It is not possible, however to say when a permanent bi-weekly Air Service connecting Ceylon will be inaugurated.—A. P.

FATAL DOG-SHOOTING ACCIDENT

Woman Succumbs; Girl Wounded In Thigh

JUBBULPORE, September 11.

A Pachmarhi message just received here says that two British soldiers employed by the Cantonment authorities for destroying ownerless dogs, fired at some stray dogs but the bullets going astray seriously injured a middle-aged woman and a young girl.

Enquiries show that the soldiers did not see the woman and the girl passing by the road when they shot at the dogs. The bullets, however, went astray and hit the woman and the girl injuring them on the chest and thigh respectively. The woman became unconscious at once.

Both the injured were removed to hospital by some passers-by where the dying declaration of the woman was recorded by Mr. B. S. Choksey, Magistrate. Police investigation is proceeding.—United Press.

FAMINE RELIEF IN GUJARAT

Provincial Congress Committee's Appeal For Funds

AHMEDABAD, September 11.

The Executive Committee of the Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee, after two days' deliberations, has passed several resolutions on the drought situation in different districts of Gujerat owing to late rains.

The Committee believes that the distress which has been relieved to certain extent owing to late rains, is still prevailing in some parts.

The Committee has decided to open cheap grain and seed shops in the affected areas and distribute grain and seed free wherever the distress is acute.

It opines that 'taccavi' loans should be advanced on individual responsibility without interest.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee, has issued an appeal for funds of Rs. 75,000 for relief measures.—United Press.

Indian Delegation For Malaya

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, September 11.

Official circles maintain reticence about the personnel of the proposed Indian delegation to Malaya to study labour immigration conditions. Talks in the Assembly lobby, however, mention the name of the Right Honourable Srinivasa Sastri as the probable delegate.

It appears also probable that no member of the Assembly may be included in the Delegation. Mr. Sastri is likely to be accompanied by a Government of India officer probably Mr. Bozman who recently proceeded to Zanzibar.

CONGRESS PRESIDENT'S HURRICANE TOUR

Remarkable National Awakening In U. P. Rural Areas

MUZAFFARNAGAR, Sept. 10.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the Indian National Congress, had a most successful tour in the North Western districts of the United Provinces.

This tour will go down in history as one of the most momentous ever made by a Congress President. Keenest enthusiasm was evinced by the villagers who perhaps for the first time in the annals of the Congress history raised funds for engaging an aeroplane for the President to tour. Their efforts, however, could not succeed, there being no proper landing grounds in the whole district. So the representatives of the villagers who had gone to Delhi for the purpose of chartering a 'plane came back disappointed.

Other features of this tour were the large number of purses presented to the President, the larger number of meetings addressed daily, and the largest attendance at meetings addressed by the Congress President. Processions, decorations and illuminations were unprecedented in a general tour like this.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has visited three districts so far, Aligarh, Bulandshahr and Meerut.

The rural areas all over these districts have been in a state of excitement, and wherever he has gone, enormous crowds have gathered, and every attempt to shorten the programme has been defeated by these crowds. Usually, about ten meetings have been held daily, some of these in remote rural areas; but apart from these, all along the roadsides, thousands gathered at each village and he had to stop there for a while and say a few words to them. He said it was impossible not to stop, when they had come from long distances and had waited for many hours by the road sides.

ADDRESSES GALORE.

At the meetings were audiences numbering 20 to 30 thousands, and in order to be heard by them, two sets of microphones have been travelling with him or ahead of him. The enthusiasm everywhere has been extraordinary. Even before his visit, the preparation had roused the countryside. On the first day, he arrived at Aligarh at 8 in the morning, and had a continuous programme. The next day he started at 4-30 a.m. and visited meeting after meeting in the Bulandshahr district late till night. A large number of addresses were presented to him by the various public organisations, local boards, chambers of commerce, bar associations, etc. There were several processions every day, in spite of his desire to avoid them. Even where regular processions were not organised, thousands of people would meet his car at the outskirts of the city or village and form themselves into procession.

The third and fourth days were spent in Meerut district. The programme here was so heavy, that it was impossible to finish it. In particular, a huge meeting at Rasna could not be attended. This was due to the fact that the canal authorities had refused permission for the use of the canal road, the other road to Rasna being very bad. The villagers, however, were so keen on his visiting their place that they actually collected subscription and sent one of their representatives to Delhi to engage an aeroplane. This was not possible, as there was no landing ground available. His inability to visit this village was deeply felt by the vast crowd that had gathered there and a deputation came to him at Meerut to express their sorrow.

Meerut City was in gala attire and was beautifully decorated. In the evening, there were illuminations all over the city, the Municipal buildings and the Clock Tower being ablaze of light. Two huge processions were taken out, one through the Sadar Bazar and the other through the main city. These were followed by a mass meeting of over 20 thousand people. The next morning, the Congress President visited many rural centres, in particular Baraut, where 20 to 30 thousand peasants had gathered. Yesterday evening, he held his last meeting in Meerut District and addressing the audience, he thanked the Congress workers of the district and the people for the truly wonderful reception that they had given him and for the way they had shown their enthusiasm and sympathy with the cause of the Congress and national freedom. He said he would long remember this visit, and he felt sure that the people of Meerut would play a brave part again as they had done in the past in the freedom struggle.

AT MUZAFFARNAGAR.

When the President's car reached the boundary of Muzaffarnagar district, a huge arch of welcome met him and also a deputation from Muzaffarnagar. He had to address several meetings in the villages on the way, and late at night, he reached Muzaffarnagar City which had been illuminated for the occasion. Although it was late, thousands of people met him at the outskirts and carried him in procession. When he reached his destination it was nearing midnight.

PLEDGE TO FREEDOM.

He addressed the crowd, and said that although he had been very tired after the long day's work, their enthusiasm had put an end to his weariness. For the last three days, he had been wandering in the U. P. districts and these three days had been a revelation to him. He knew his comrades of the U. P. well for 20 years. He had been working with them, with the people in the cities as well as with the villagers. In the villages he had seen the wonderful waves of enthusiasm in 1920 and 1921, but what he had seen in these days was something far deeper, far more profound than anything that he had experienced previously in this province. This wonderful display of enthusiasm and spirit and determination to win national freedom and to solve the problem of poverty had been a deep joy to him. He took it as an earnest of their comradeship in the great work ahead. The numerous addresses of welcome that he had received and the great enthusiasm that had met him everywhere were not for him just addresses of personal welcome and appreciation but pledges to stand together and to hold fast in the struggle for independence. To that pledge he would hold them, and he felt assured that they would not fail to honour that pledge.—United Press.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *Mystery Of The "Red Aces"*

THERE IS NO ATLAS REPAIR COMPANY --- BUT THAT STEAMROLLER HAS BEEN THERE FOR A WEEK!
WHAT OF IT?
ATLAS REPAIR CO.
8-14
BUT-- BUT WENTFORD AN' VERITY DISAPPEARED ONLY LAST NIGHT! YOU DON'T THINK---?
WE'LL SOON FIND OUT!
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SOMETIMES THE OBVIOUS PLACE IS THE BEST HIDING-PLACE --- I'LL HANDLE THIS TARPAULIN, MYSELF
LYMAN ANDERSON
FALSE ALARM, WADE -- THERE'S NOTHIN' HERE!
GET A FLASHLIGHT, DONAVAN -- I THINK YOU'RE WRONG!

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